ASKETCH

OF THE

(TURKI LANGUAGE

AS SIGNES IN

EASTERN TURKISTAN.

(Käshghar and larkand)

(R. B. Show m) 1

ROBERT BARKLEY SHAW, F.R.G S.,

of thail Agent, kolo on special doly at Köckybor Pol 1 Nedallor Boyal Crographical Society

VOCABULARY,

WITH LIST OF NAMES OF BIRDS AND PLAYES BY J SCULLY Esq., Surokov, H M Bridgl Army (late on special daty, at Kandylar)

Extra Number to Part I of the Journal, Asiatic Society of Bengul

CALCUTTA

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NOTES FOR GUIDANCE

IN CONSULTING THE VOCABULARY.

Many verbs ending in to met, -la't-met, -la'n met and -la sh met will not be found berg as they are formed at will from other words (often Person or Arable), with a sense that is obvious on inspection. La met gives a simple verbal meaning (generally transitive), la't-mak a caustive one, la n mak a reflective (or simply intransitive) or passive one s'a't-mak a reciprocative or collective one. If g is a to mile or ye (from the "in a), p. sel ay la-mag = to la life, ghand it it mag = to mile ongry (to cause to be angry), millan mak = to become, or mile one self, invetive, rub is mila it mak = to go, or come, or be, opposite, or fring, one another (from rub-rib' "free to lace").

The erdinary final aspirate y which as many Persas words is pursonized metrics a short a for, more correctly, is imperceptible after the feths of the last consonant)—as by some Turks ecohes employed to represent the short towel a even before snother co-count. This is due to the tendency of the Turks to use same visible letter to represent even the short towel sounds a tendency carried even to the extent of employing one and the same letter for the long and the short vowel (after our certaint) for the same letter for the long and the short vowel (after our certaint) fashion of all and an few farm p 15, at bottom) I g should be sufficiently be properly according to Araba methods.

درسك (ma درسور), which are of course pure mis-

The next on $m \in (2)$ is often used to represent the a sound which approaches the sound of f. Thus, m_{f} does does doubt found for m_{f} doubt. To Tark ears the nound a scene nearly to approach the sound of f, $(g_{gen}$ for d(n). Hence in practice at n_{f} and n_{gen} are sometimes interchanged $e g_{gen}$ g_{gen} g_{gen}

JOURNAL

OF THE

ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL.

Part I.-HISTORY, LITERATURE, &c

EXTRA NUMBER

To Part I for 1878

A Vocabulary of the Language of Eastern Turkistan—By R. B. SUAW, Political Agent With two Turki Vocabularies of Birds and Plants by J. Schulx, Esq., Surgeon, H. M. Bengal Army (late on special duty, Kashghar)

Abternations — I signifies Forman dempation A Arabor T Turk Kar Kis K and N signify respectively that the words so marked are used in the Kharlik Kho gand, Kashghar, and Nackand dialects. P T means purily Persons purily Turk, &c. Ris and soil mean respectative and estitetive tr and of the signify one sites and interesting, and and pass schaled for reflective and pass or co o stand for consisting, p g

intransities, reft and pass stand for reflecties and pass to cost stand for counties, p. 2 mills post-position, prd stands for pronouncing, pronouncing post-position, prd stands for pronouncing pronouncing post-position, prd stands for pronouncing post-position, prd stands for pronouncing production produ

dbad che.liq (subs) awell inhabited or cultivated place P T فالله المال المون dbad liq (subs and adj) an inhabited place inhabited, P T abdan (adj) good [cultivated, P T

dbgar (adj) occupied, fall of care, busy أشكار مسرية والمالة المالة ال

abushqa (adj) old advanced in years.

ap, intensitive particle prefixed to aq ' white

الاً apa (subs) elder sister

יו apa (suits) eliter esster [mg] (and a suits) eliter esster (and to cause to take away (from follow and pour maq (v tr) to take away (coutr troun also bermak] (aptab (subs) the sam (for eftab P) [aftaba, P]

aptata (subs) a disk shaped basin for hand washing (for Aptabach) or Abtabach (subs) Basin beaut, the title of a high distribution of the Court of the

a high dignitary at the Court of Liboquad (spelt by the Russians Autobush)

apout (subs) the back part of the boot above the heel

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It B Shaw-A Vocabulary of the Language
                                                     Extra No for
        ച് àt (subs ) name.
        of at (subs.) horse
uhich see اتر for ات-
         Ul atá (subs ) father.
                                                    [san dynasty).
    ati-beg (subs) father king, patriarch (the name of a Per-
    , Flatil atd-dash (adi ) of the same father.
    dt-a'sh-miq (v r.c) to name together, to assign to, to
               entitle so and so to.
                                                       Inick name.
        atigh (suba) renown, high name, sur name, title; also
  ilalisti atigh ta'shering (v cott) to combine to give a name
   ALICI digh-la-miq (v. tr) to give a name, sur-name or nick-
    atigh ly (adj ) called, sur-named,
                                                          Iname.
       atiq (subs ) same as dtiqh آناق
  dliq-la'sh-máq (v. coll ) same as átágh-lash-mak آنادَاشعاق
   dtag.la-mag (v tr ) same as atagh.la-mag
    atin lig (adj ) same as atigh lig
      ati lig (sub) one who is in the place of a father, a guar-
              dian, tutor Title of a high official in Turkistan.
     dt a.mag (v tr ) to give a name to, to name
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الاستن dt a.maq (v tr) to give a name to, to name

dt-a'n-maq (v pars) to be given a name to, to be named,

to be renowned.

[But into large evlinders]

at tur miq (1 caus.) to cause to throm, to cause to beat out cotton (from at maq)

أندان أنطاط (subs. and adj.) name-sake, having the same name at quechi (subs., from atterdy) a thrower, a chooter; or epecually, a thrower or beater out of cotton

di-qur-maq (v caus) the same as di-tur-maq, (but without its special meaning of beating out cotton)

ا فَا لَسْرُونَ أَنْ الْمِرْسَ di lur-may (v caus) the same as at gur may القروبَّ أَنْقُرُونَ أَنْ أَلَّ وَاللَّهُ الْمُعْلِقَ أَنْقُرُونَ أَنَّ أَلَّا لِمَا أَنْ أَلَّا اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ مِنْ مَا اللَّهُ مِنْ مَا اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمَا اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمُنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِيْمُ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِيْمُ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ الللِمُوالِمُنْ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ

1878] of Fastern Tunkist in 3	
عناناً 61 ligh—1, (subs.) a ruler, carelier , 2, (rdj.) named, والمنافق أثلوق filig, the same as at ligh [called المنافق fi inda (v tr.) to throw, propal, project, shoot, also to span منافق fi mish (num.) saxty (for all mish)	
بِينَا ﴿ dtiz (subs) a bed, or portion of land divided off for irro. رَبُونَا الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	
dehir chi liq (subs) famme (1 from ach ar, the con	
tivuatiro of àci.mag) rpm ''.mag (v enus) to enne to be in a dividid stric, to apra ''s mag (s rec) to divide from one another [iliside] apra ''l mag (v pres) to be divided, soprated	
ajra máq (v intr) to bổ in a divided condition	
nyrig (subs) dhub grass (whose roots run along under-	
gu (subs) a black bear [ground]	
ách qu (subs) a key, e e opener (from ach màg)	
deh lig (subs) hunger (from ach)	
ach mág (v tr) to open	
dch mág (v tr) to be hungry	
ريم المرابع المرابع (r adj) open المرابع المر	
ach ssh maq (v rec) to open to one another, or with one another	
ach ish mak (v rec) to be made sour together (see ach)	
achigh (adj) sour, bitter, angry [mak]	
المراح achigh tash (subs) alum المراح المراح achigh lat may (v caus) to cause to become angry المراح المراح achigh lat may (valus) open المراح المراح المر	
acking tash (subs) alum أجدن كاش تصيقا dehig may (v intr) to be hungry	

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1 R B Shaw—A l'ocabulary of the Language [Extra No for تباليم] deh il-mág (r pass) to be opened.

ا الميان عداد المعالم المعا
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באבי alklat (subs) sweepings. ברניים akkur mág (v tr) to shont, to call loudly alfael (rubs) name sake, (more specially) a friend, com

panion (for الأدشي)) a thems, form panion (for الأدشي adash mag (r intr) to lose the way

adra golium (part of rerb) May he remain uncared for [an imprecation] saz

أنسجي للك dam ch.l.l. (subs) humanitr, kindness PT
م ما adir (snbs) uneren broken ground.
م ما daim (subs) a pace, step

م المراقبة (rubs) a pace, step أدمانساق adim la sh móg (r recip) to pace against one another المناقبة 6 dim la-mág (r 10tr) to pace, step

ar [ĕr] (subs and adj) male, masculine, (see ار

I far (subs) the midst, the middle (often used with da adrerbully) Expressions Ara ga tuhmal = to inter vene, ara ga salmaq = to interpose, ára-gha lurmal =

to interfere to intervene

Lij araba (subs) a cart (generally with two wheels and shafts)

ara-cha la mág (v) to separate

iel | ára-da (adv & post p) in the midst

أرال arál (subs) island. (Qu. passive form from ára " middle') أوال أمتاء أوالدمان أوالدمان أوالدمان أوالدمان أوالدمان

ara la maq]

ára lash (adw) middle wards intermixedly, confusedly

5

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ara lash tur maq (v caus) to cause to be mixed, to mix dra lash maq (v mtr) to become intermixed [(trans) ára la mák (v tr) to inspect

dra liq (subs) a bribe, present [to one who intervents dra اراليون

ga " in the midst]

dram almag (v) to take rest, to repose, P T uramadan (subs) a tall tree whose leaves are made into Tea

dran (subs) butter milk

uli aran [prd eren] (adv) nawillingly, reluctantly, with أريا árpa [often prd apá] (subs) barley difficulty

Un drba (subs) cart, waggon (see araba)

arba t mág (v caus) to cause to use incantations (for the purpose of curing wounds, &c)

arba'sh mag (v recip) to say charms in opposition to the supposed causes of ill, to say charms in company

arlá q (subs) a spoken charm for curing snake bites, or procuring fine weather

arlag che (subs) one who uses such charms أواقعي arba mág (v tr) to say charms for curing bites, or pro

curing fine weather art (subs) a low Pass, a water parting or watershed, rising ground Often used in composition, as Kizil

art, Muz art, &c and often pronounced and written at (art may (v tr) to load (a horse, cart, &c) آرتماني

drt mag (v intr) to remain over, to exceed

det tur maq (v caus) 1, to cause to load , 2, to cause to remain over

driugh-raq (adj) more [comparative of artugh, much] آرتوعراق drtugh or drtug (adj) excessive, much, many (From árimág }

artuq luq (subs) quantity, great amount (muchness) drish (subs.) the pencil cedar, "Juniperus excelsa" xii drt sah maq (v coll) to aid one another in loading (from

art mag)

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art-il-maq (v. pass) to be haden (said of the lout) ; (o la man) to be carried hanging on to a horse without sitting on his back.

أرجا drcha (suba) the pencil cedar [see artich]. Archetenal (r. caus) to cause to clear, &c, (see archt.

ditto. (v. refl.) مرا مراد ما ارتينماق

mal). fral). archi-sh-reak (v. recip) to clear in company (see archi-

drchi-mak (v. tr) to clear, to free from obstructions, to ped (as a frmt)

ar: in-chi-liq (subs) cheapness, abundance, P. T. (subs) araha-lig (subs) ditto

arzi-t-mag (v. caus) to cause to please ارزيتماق arzi.sh.maq (v. recip) to please one another, to be agree-

able to one another.

arzi-maq (v. intr.) to please, to be agreeable [gov the person in gha]

arelan (subs) a hon.

argha (subs) remedy, aid, method of action. ارغا

argha-sez (adj) belple-s, unfortunate. arghamchs (subs) rope, cord. (For following)

arghamehen (sabs) do

, steet, arghumág (subs) a large horse, a charger

il árga (subs) the back, the rear árga-si-da (post-pos) behind, after (lit at its back).

drqugh (subs) the woof (of a stuff), the cross-wise threads placed by the shuttle

آبات, J árgug (subs) ditto support.

أَرَدُوْكَاوَ ، drqa la-máq (v) 1 to carry on the back ; 2. to back up,

arga-la'n-mag (v p) to be backed up, supported, de, árgan (subs) rope, KAZ

árgão (subs) the woof, Esz

arka [prd érka] (subs.) a pet child.

. ar [er] Lishs (subs) a male person اركيشي

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arkak (subs ) a male [of ammals as well as mankand]
   ar maq (v tr) to separate, divide
 arman liq (adj ) desirous, troubled with longing, P T
     arman (subs ) a kind of till gras-, a weed
   aru t man (v caus ) to make clean, to clean, to rub clean ,
      arugh (verbal ady ) thun, out of condition (from aru maq)
     aruq (al) ditto ارون
arua che lia (subs ) thomess, went of condition
  aruq liq (subs)
    anu maq (1 intr ) to be tired, fatigued
   áru n mág (v p) to be cleaned أرونماوي
      an (subs ) a wasp أري
      fri-1 (conj) further, moreover, verily , 2 (post p ) beyond
             (sue nari)
                                                          Celern
    arit mag (v tr) to clean [see arit mag] to cause to be
     are may (v intr) to be clean
                                                   Fwater course
        arigh, 1 (adi) clean, (from ari mag), 2 (subs) an artificial
   arigh la't mag (v) to cruse to be cleaned ارتعلانماق
  arigh la sh maq (v reeip) to cleanse together or one
   arigh la maq (v tr) to cause to become clean to cleanse
       arıq [prd eriq] 1 (subs ) the whole 2 (adj ) clenn
       ariq-1 (subs ) a water channel small canal , 2 (adj ) thin
   ( arig la maj (v) 1 [same as arigh la mag] , 2 to become
              thin out of condition
     arıq lıq (sub=) 1 elenness , 2 thinness ، 2 thinness
      fril (subs ) any thing sorted out or selected for its size
    urik la mak (v tr ) to sort out or select for size
     ari'l maq (، pass ) to be cleansed أريامان
     dr il riaq ( pass ) to be suparated, divided (from ar may)
         erim (suba) manguration, any solemnity or customary أرام
              ob ervance at the beginning of any work
   urımchik (salss) cheese
          us or is (adj ) foot-mark, track
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if az (adj and ads) little, small , not much

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                                                   fEstra No for
      اراكة من dzádz (adj) neatly clothed, natty, careful of ope's
              pearance, P
dedr bir mal (comp v ) to scoll, abuse, rebule, uj brail, P T
      Bl, dady (adj used olso suba.) low, a low place, lower
   dz ai'l mag (v. caus ) to cruse to diminish أرايتماق
    dz-di-mdq (v intr ) to diminish, to become less.
  izda mak (v tr ) to search for, (from 12)
  az-dur mak (v tr caus) to cause to break (tr), to make
              some one break or tear
   az dur ridk (v t caus.) to cause to lose the way
     de rag (adj and adv ) smaller, fewer ; less
     de glag (subs ) a person who often loses his way
      Ac de-ahal (sules) an erratic water-cut, a deep channel cut by
             a torrent or inuudation (when the water has left its
             usual bed)
     dz ghan (subs ) a thorn bush or tree
      and adv) ting, little
  az ghur mág (v tr) to cause to lose the way
  az ghu sh mag (v coll) to lose the way in company
     az ohun (subs) some influence which causes men to lose
             their way (a local superstition in the Takla-makan desert)
     13. It azal da (adv ) from eternity, A. T
       (subs ) [see azghal]
     az mág (v ) to lose the way
damal la mág (v tr ) to desire, wish for
       of den (subs.) a back tooth, grander, tush, KAZ
       521 dzugh (subs.) ditto
      (subs أروى غير (subs)
                      ditto
      ázuq (subs ) daily food أروق
dziq tur maq (v caus.) to cause to lose the way.
  d_iq tsh máy (v coll ) to lose the way in company أر غشماق
    azıq máq (v ) to lose the way
   dsan-raq (ad1) easter, P T
   ásán liq (subs ) casiness, caso, P T
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2

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asta [for ahesta, 1 ] (adv ) slowly, quietly.
  usta [ for ustad, A ] (subs ) a master workman
asta rdo (adv ) more slowly, P T
  wim astana (subs ) a grand tomb of some celebrated person,
          (let threshold P)
  , أستنم dstan (adj ) low
astin da (post pos) below beoeath أستير ردة
  , sim! ustin (ad) high, superposed
ustin da (post pos) above, upon
dera i rian (v caus ) to cause to take care of attend to
asra I may (v pass ) to be taken care of, attended to
ara may (v tr ) to take care of, attend to
  de mag (v tr ) to hang, to suspend
 us mak (v tr ) to strike with the horns to butt
us ush mak (v recip) to butt at one another (as the
           Chancse lower orders are said to do in fighting), to
           strike one another with the horns (of animals)
     1831gh
                     (adj ) hot warm
    18310
     ush (subs ) food, [generally pilao] Also the liquid in
            which skins are sorked. P
      Laf asha (adj ) more exceeding
  asha t mag (v caus) to cause to eat to feed
   dsha raq (adj ) [comparative of asha] more
  deha máq (v ) to est to take a mesl E1z
    ash paz (subs ) a cook P
     timi ushta (ady ) bleached washed white
  ushta che (subs) a bleucher أشاجي
    ushlan (subs ) wide trousers, drawers الشنان
  ush-dush (subs ) a meal fellow one who eats from the same
   deh es. (ad) ) without food destitute
                                                       [dish
    ushqar (subs) potash أشقار
    عدالشا عمله (subs ) Lord of the Gate (a title) (see بشك)
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deh la t mag (v caus) to cause to tan (hather), to hake fanned

ısh la t mak (v caus) to cause to work اشلاتماك ash la mág (v tr) to tan leather

ısh la mal (v tr) to work, labour, do ash liq (subs) food, provisions آشلية,

dshmdq. 1 (v tr) to eroes, surmount (a pass) , 2. (v

intr) to remain over or exceed. ash ur may (v caus) I to cause to cross, or surmount , 2

to cause to remain over or exceed

askugh roq (adj) more, more excessive أشرعراق ushuq (subs) sheep s knuckle bones (for playing with)

dihug (adj) much, excessive

ashua tur maq (v caus) to cause to do quickly, to cause

to make haste dehug meig (v intr) to make haste, Ku Kaz

del 19 (adj) much [samo as nehug] أشدق

[dehiq mag [eame as ashug mag] أشيقمان ات ووو آط

اعا مُراه (subs) elder brother, KAZ

zelel aglach (subs) wood, Esz

anla cha (subs) woman, wife

agh dar maq (v caus) to cause to fall, to upset, (spee) to pull one off a horse

agh-dar ush-maq (v recip) to cause one another to fall.

dah dar ul mda (v eaus, pass) to be caused to fall, (or simply) to fall.

(same as ágh dar ush-maq (same) آرش مان agh-dar il máq (came as agh dar ul maq)

(subs) a rope. ازعمچي

aghrs t maq (v caus) to cause to suffer greef or pain, to gneve (tr)

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àghrigh (adj ) ill, suffering أعربع
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aghriq (the same as the last)

aghriq chan (subs) a person who is always ill, an invalid.

dghri maq (v intr) to be ill or suffering, to be in grief. of dahz (subs) mouth Isubside, to faint.

chel dah mag (v intr) to fall on one side (as a horse load), to aghu (subs) a spur or projection of the mountain side

over which the road has to rise in order to cross it jel aghur (subs) a stallion, an entire horse

136 anhur (adj) heavy, large, valuable, important

, sel aghir (ad) [same as last]

anhil (subs) a cattle shed, enclosure for cattle إعساسية أ dah an a t mag (v refl. eaus) to cause to roll

agh an-a-mág (v refl) to roll one s self turn over, roll (as a horse) [Qu from aghmak with the sense of "to fall Fon oneself ' 1

uq (adı) white aq ar 't maq (v caus) to cause to be white, to make white

ag ar mag (v intr) to be white, to become white

ag bash (adj) white headed.

(ii) ágta (ad)) eastrated

agtar 't mag (v crus) to cause to search

dagtar mag (v tr) to search انتار ماق

Aq tash (Prop name) White stone

all ag tagh (comp subs) hit white mountain i e snowy range (as distinguished from mountain ridges on which the snow is not perpetual and which are called Qura tanh) Locally this word is often used as a proper name

applied to the particular snow mountains of the neigh bourhood, but its use in general geography should be supplemented, as in native use, by prefixing the name of the locality as in English we say the Brighton Downs. the Wiltshire Downs, &c The neglect of this causes much confusion, and false geography There is also a place called Ag tagh from the colour of its rocks

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R B Shaw-A Focabulary of the Language [Extra No for
12
ag 11-mag or ag 12 mag (v cause) to cause to flow, to por
     ag.tur mag (r caus ) [the same as last]
     uq tur-maq (v caus ) to cause to understand, to instruct.
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aqaiq (adj) lame آقساق

uq maq (v intr) to understand

ag mag (r intr) to flow آقماق

علا aka (sub=) elder brother

agrū, agrı (adı) erooked, evil-disposed. al (adj) pale red, pink

I ala (adı) variegated, spotted.

ála bula (ad]) of intermixed colours آگنو؟

Alach (Prop name) a comprehensive name given to the tribes of Kazzaks and Karghiz, from some eponymous

als cha (subs) a kind of striped cotton cloth dlar may (v tr) to look with anger upon, to change conn-

tenance with anger ala-shaq-shaq (subs) magpie أَدُشَادُشَاتِهِ

alagan (subs) the hollow of the hand

alaman (subs) a robber, bandit alanggan (subs.) a word used with repetition alanggan (lubs.)

shalanggan, to express a confused mass of things

Alai (Prop name) a high plateau north of the Pamir alban (subs) land tax. [steppes

alban-chi (subs) one who pays land tax.

albasts (subs) a night-mare, an incubus. altao (num. subs) all six, the whole six.

Allas (Pr m) a mountain range south of Siberia, also the fox slans brought thence

altai-lan (com subs.) the whole six.

. النميش alt mush (num.) sixty.

altun (subs.) gold.

dliun-ch: (subs.) gold smith.

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dlin (adi ) low ; altin-da (post-pos ) below [gov. gen.]
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altz'n-chi (num.) sixth.

diju sh-maq (v. reg) to twaddle to one another, use empty talk together.

allu-mag (v. intr.) to twaddle, gossip

alchin (subs.) a measure of length of about 28 inches (Russian arschine)

dida-'f-mag (v. caus) to cause to deceive.

alda-'sh-maq (v. rec.) to deceive one another. Alda-maq (v. tr.) to deceive, play off.

dida-'n-mag (v. pass) to be deceived, &c.

aldi (1 àld) (subs) front, presence.

dlds.da (post-pos. gov. gen.) in front of, in presence of.

didera-'t-mad (v. cause) to cause to do quickly, to basten, to hurry (tr)

diderash (adj) quick, burried (applied to the work not to the agent).

aldera-'sh-tur-mag (v. coll. cans) to cause to make haste in company.

áldera-'sh.máq (v. coll) to make haste, or be busy in company.

aldera.maq (v. intr) to make haste, be busy

(all alga (subs) ear-ring, ear-ornament, KAZ from A

digat (subs.) a small wild plum.

dlqash (subs.) the act of ble-sing, or praying for the welfare of another

dlea.'sh-maq (v rec) to invoke blessing on one another, to invoke blessings together

diqa.maq (v tr) to bless, suvoke blessings on

الما (subs) apple

Almats (Prop name) a place north of Issiqkal, the site of the Russian cantonment of Vierny (called Almati from its groves of apple-trees)

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It B Sham—A Vocabulry of the Language [Extra No for المائية] dimág (v ir) to take, also to overcome in any contect.

Much used in composition c g also belmak "to bring', also kirmak," to take into', also belmak "to take away" ac منافعة المائية ا
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الوان alucia (eabs) "Tarkey red," the cotton stuff dyed th colour and so called ((From A) أو مالو bilu (aubs) plum أو مالو diu bilu (aubs) plum

alu cha (subs) a small plum.

ulugh (adj.) great, large, grand, venerable (referring to

moral qualities or position elices) also elder ulugh la 'sh mág (v recip) to exalt one another

الوعلامات البوعلامات (v tr) to make great, to cralt ألوعلامات البوعلات الب

derivatory water course, where the mater is taken out of the main stream.

al set maq (v recip) to mix (with the hands) (lit to

take together) al in maq (v pass) to be taken

al in il maq (a redoubled passive) to be taken. علم amach (subs) a plough

أموت أ dmut (subs) a large kind of pear, P amurut (subs) the same P امريت amurut (subs) the same P

ال dna (subs) mother ال unak (subs) a mulch cow ال dnt (subs) oath engagement, vow, dnt schmal = to drink an oath s e. to swear

anys (subs) a stack غيف (pron) that much [from an oblique of ul which see]

'acha (term)—fold, e g yūz ancha "a hundred fold "

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lol anda (adv) lit in that, but specially in that place, there

án-dagh (pron. and adv) like that, such also like that, so

an-dagh ray (pron and ndv) more like that an dag [same as an dagh]

الدائية dn-diq cha (pron and adv) lit to an amount similar to

that, such like, so much

in dain [same as andug] EIL.

an din (adv) ht from that , but specially from that Sition · place thence

dag (obsol subs) understanding [only used in compo வி anga [prd. anga] (pron.) to him, her or it [an, the oblique form of ull

ماجة. an ga-cha (adv) to that amount, up to that time.

ang ses (adj and adv) without understanding , also sud dealy, without premeditation.

dag la 't mag (v caus) to cause to understand to instruct ang la- sh mag (v recip) to understand one another

ang la mág (v tr) to understand, to be aware ang lan maq (v pass) to be understood or known, (refl.) to make itself known (of news &c), to come to one's

Lnowledge

" [for ul] (pron) that he, she, it du (subs) sport hunting shooting, also game [? from 1, dwa (unt) yes well, all right. [Persian #1 #7

اراً - آباً قادية (subs) bird s-nest

west (subs) shame, modesty ucut man (v intr) to feel shame or modesty أوالدق

una t mag (v tr) to quiet a child أوانعان

uwaq (subs.) crumbs debris (from uwa maq) آواق dica la sh miq (v recip) to agree together, to consent together, to combine [from awa]

uwa la sh maq (r recip.) to build nests in company (as swallows or rooks)

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لوالاماق للاست la mag (v) L to build nests , 2 to rub, to wring ura.'l mag (v pass) to be crumbled, to fall into débris. uea mag (v tr) to crumble or break up اراماق " dwa n mag (v intr) to be quietly occupied (of a child)

ub, an exclamation u ed in lifting weights أوب

uba (subs) a pestilence, epidemic, from A. waba good (gdg) واربدان

upa (subs) a white powder used by women to improve

their complexions ip tur-mal (v caus) to cause to kiss [used of the person وت اريتواماك

who submits to the operation] opehin (subs) a set of four horse shoes with the nails

öpra t mag (v caus) to cause to crumble to pieces, to break up, crumble (tr)

opra man (v intr) to crumble, to fall to dust, to grow old oprug (adı) crumbled, rumous (from preceding) opru 'l maq (v pass) to be crumbled [also opra 'l-maq] ازبرواماق opla (subs) lungs , wrath, unger, offence

opia-gagmag (v. tr) to beat one s shoulders and back with the fresh lungs of an animal A Turki custom supposed to be a remedy in illness offend.

opla la t mal (r caus.) to cause one to be offended, to opka la sh mak (v recip) to be offended with one another opka la mak (v intr) to be offended, to take offence

op mak (v tr) to kiss to embrace اويماك upup (subs) a kind of bird with a crest, a hoopoo (?)

ορυςλ (subs) a kiss

op ush mak (v recip) to kiss one another ut (subs) gall

et (subs) fire ارت - ارط

ot (subs) grass اوب

uwut (subs) malt sprouting grun used for making a sort أرت of beer KAZ

ota t-maq (v caus) to cause to pluck out weeds (see ota

otá 'sh mug (v recip) to pluch weeds in company otágh (subs) a temporary abode, a Kirghiz tent ciclid otaghat (subs) a plume, a crest of peacock's feather worn

actiol by high dignitures under the Chinese

itak (subs) knee boots worn in Turkistan بارتاك utak che (subs) a bootmaker ارتاكنيوي otá mág (v tr) to pluck up weeds or grass ارتاماتي

otág (same as otagh) أوثاق

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uta mak (v tr) to read or say prayers to recite
    Jul otáo (same as otágh) Kn
    in otra (subs & ad) ) the midst, middle, intermediate, [otra
            en da = in the midst of it] o for uria
                                                       Fmediate
 otrá n ch: (subs & ad) the middle one , middle, inter-
     utru (adv ) opposte, freing ( from ut mak " to meet )
  #iruk (subs ) he, untruth, Kaz ( ? for durogh, P ) أوتروك
iirilk chi (subs ) liar, Kaz
   ot yach (subs) dry shavings &e for lighting a fire
            the bazars of Yarkand and Kashghar these are sold in
            the form of short logs of wood 3 or 4 mches thick, and
            so accurately sheed to the thickness of stout paper, that
            when all the slices are put together and tied in the form
            of the original log, no separation can be detected at first
            sight This is done with a special tool. The ends are
            dipped in sulphur before sile so that they can be used for
            raising a flame from the embers of overnight
 ut q : máq (، enus) [same as following]
 ut que máq (v ems) to emse to sit
                                                         recite
Light it har mak (v caus) to cause to pass over or through, the
ut knz mak (v caus) [the same as the last]
    " atkur (a أو sharp, (siz which passes through) شالم الركاور
ut lur mal (s tr and caus) to sharpen, [also same as üt
             Lar mall
(it and caus) تا اوتكورماك
                                                     do
    ot lig (subs ) a grass [Lice, a meadow, a pasture
      3
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dwu 't mak (v caus) to cause to increase
 ut mak (v tr) to pass, to go over or through, to penetrate,
            to cross, to meet Metaph to go through or accomplish
            any work , to pass over or forgue a fault, &c
    utna (subs ) a temporary loan of any thing
   in (rubs) [the same] وخي
utur (adj ) strught أردور utur (adj ) strught أرواسان utur la máq (v tr) to make strught
 utur maq (r intr) to sit
   utul (subs ) high riding boots, Kn. ((from it mak)
    utun (subs) pardon obtained by some one's intercession
    otun (subs ) fuel, fire wood. (From of ' fire')
     wench (subs ) a handful.
      آري آور (num ) three
      uch (subs ) a fend, a state of cumity
      uch (subs.) an end, a point
     u-ha (subs ) the posteriors, the back
octor queh (compound subs.) a flying bird [from och mag
             = to fly, and quah = a bird]
 öcharlig (subs and ad) a creature that flies , also flying,
            possessed of the power of flight
  uchash (adj ) at fend, immical.
ucha th mal (v recip) to be at feed with one another
            [from an un used verb ucha mal]
    uclágh (subs ) a fire place, cooking place اوجاع
    ucháq (subs ) [the same] ارجاق
   uchal (subs.) entrails Kit اوجاك
     och ao (num. subs ) all three, the three
   och-do lon (num subs) all three
    entrails (sabs ) وچامی
   cch-as-lan (num. subs ) all the three
  cchra f máq (v caus) to cause to meet.
 ochra sh máy (v recip) to meet one another
  ochra-mag (v sntr ) to meet, to encounter on the road [gov
             erns ga]
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öch-qáq (adj) flying about much [from öch-máq].

uch-qun (subs) a spark.

uch-lak (adj) burning badly, becoming extinguished rapidly (of fire-wood, or fire) [from uch-mak].

üchkü (subs.) a goat ارچکو

usuch la sh-maq (v. recip.) to take by bandsful together أرَّجِلاشماق ffrom next1.

witch-la mag (v. tr) to take by bandsful [from wouch].

ijma (subs) mulberry .. uimaq (subs) Herven, the abode of the blessed.

jon joch mag (v intr) to fly. uch.mal. (v. intr) to become extinguished, to go out (as

öchör (subs) news, intelligence, answer [fire) öch ör mág (v caus) to cause to fly.

uch-ur-mak (v. caos) to cause to become extinguished, to extinguish, to put oot.

öch-ösh-maq (v. recip) to fly together. uchuq (adi) open [same as àchiq].

. öch.o-la-s: (num subs) all the three of them أوچولاسي

öch-ö.lan.chi (oum subs) third, Krr. uchun (post-pos) because of, for, oo account of [governs

the genitivel.

öch-ön-chi (mm adj) third أرجوني

with (interi) an exclamation of pain or fatigue, (Cf.

German "ach"). ukh-ra-'sh-mág (v recip) to snort together [of horses].

ukh-ra-mág (v intr) to snort okhsha-'t-maq (v cans) to make like, to equalize ; also, to ، ما الخشاش الخشاش ملك akhahash (adj) like, equal to

[compare. olhsha.'sh.maq (v recip) to be alike, to resemble one another. olheha.mdq (v intr) to be like, to resemble; to be prabable, to be likely, to be fulfilled (a promise).

ukhshu-mag (v. intr.) to retch, vomit.

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ukh-la-'t-mág (v caus ) to cause to sleep
ukh la 'sh miq (v coll ) to go to sleep together
 ukh la maq (r intr) to sleep, to go to sleep
    ölhör (subs ) a manager (for horses) From P
lo a mag (v intr) to sneeze (of a horse) ارحوزاماتي
      ura (ad) standing upright
      Lif ara (suhs ) a hole in the ground for storing grain, a giver,
            a caché
   قرادان قradan (subs ) a colouring matter, madder
     öragh (subs ) a covering, the cloth bound round a package
     orug (subs ) a sickle, Kii Kaz
  oraq eh: (subs ) a reaper, Kii Kaz
   ura lask (adv ) upwards, up hill أورافش
   ora mag (v tr) to wind, wrap
      orau (sub.) a cloth wound round anything (the same as
            bragh], Kaz
     urta (enbs and adj ) middle , urta da (adv ) in the middle
    urtag (subs ) partner , also friend, intimate.
 urlaq la maq (v mtr ) to be in partnership
 arta mak (v tr) to set on fire, to burn (chiefly the dry
            grass of a bill side)
                                                    [enflamed
 urta n mak (v refl ) to burn itself, to burn (intr ), to be
  urtang (subs ) a staging post, a traveller's rest house, a
            stage ( ? from urta, qu half way house)
uriang chi (subs ) a man in charge of a staging post, a
            post master or post rider
                                                   faudience
     urda (subs.) a Poyal residence a Court, a Royal place of
  ordak (subs ) a duck [wild or tame] او داک
 ur dur maq (v caus) to cause to strike
or dor mak (v caus) to cause to braid the hair
 urgha che (subs ) a female (of man or beast), Kaz
   ural an (subs ) a sichle
orga t-mak (v caus ) to cause to learn, s e to teach
    orkach (subs ) a camel s hump
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örgà 'n ish mak (v recip) to learn together اوركانشماك orgá 'n mak (v refl) to instruct oneself, e e to learn orgot (subs) winnowed grain prepared for the mill

or-la 't mak (v caus) to cause to climb

or la mak (v intr) to climb, to rise, to mount up

" or la 'n mak (v refl) to chmb, (cf. "se cramponner)

ur mag (v tr) to strike, to best

ur mág (v tr) to reap, to cut grass اورماق

or mak (s tr) to braid the hair

a mak (subs) a rough loom without treadles for weaving

coarse carpets, &c

uwur mak (v tr) to turn over, to reverse Tuz unurmak = to turn the face, to face round

urma la 'sh mal (v recip) to criwl together اورمالشماك

urma-la mak (v intr) to crawl, to creep

urna 'sh tur maq (v recip caus) to appoint to each his place, to settle each in place

urna 'sh maq (v recip) to be each in his own place, to be respectively settled

urna mag (v intr) to be settled, fixed, (from urun)

ur ueh-tur maq (v caus) to cause to fight

ur ush qdq (ady) given to fighting, quarrelsome إروشقاتها ur ush maq (v recip) lit to strike or beat one another,

r e to fight or osh mak (v recip) to braid one another s hair

urugh (subs) seed , also offspring family, clan

urugh tuqqan (subs) relations family

urugh la t maq (v caus) to cause to get thin, Ac (see urugh la maq)

urugh la sh maq (v recip) to make one another thin, to get thin together [see next word]

Glale, I urugh la maq (v) 1 to get thin, 2 to sow seed, 3 to muster strong in family, to swarm

it ; see urugh , urug (ad)) thm, in bad condition

uruq.la-máq [the same as urugh-la máq].

urul (sub) apricot.

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ur-ul-maq (v. pass) to be struck, to be beaten " ör-öl-mak (v. pres) to be braided [of hair] ازوامك

ueur-ul-mak (v. pass) to be turned, reversed, upset.

weed urun (subs) place, station. [ing).

ur-un-maq (v. reft) to strike one's self against (in pass- . ur-un-ush-maq (v. reft recip) to strike against one another أورونوشماق

jal öz (prot) self. in passing uz (adı) hand-ome, pretty, beantiful.

uza (subs) surface, top ; uza-si-da = on the top of it. uza-'t-maq (v. caus) let. to cause to go far (éloigner) ;

to reach out a thing; to go out to meet, or to escort, a guest

ارزامان usa-mág (v mtr) to go far. (adv) far, (eloigné).

uz la-mal (v tr) to top, or take the top off any thing, to

skim [from uza] uzangu (subs) a stirrup.

Oz.bal (Pro name) a certain tribe of Turki race, the ruling tribe in Bokhári and Khiva.

oz-dur maq (v. caus) to cause to go a-head, to cause to outuz-dur-mal (v eaus) to cause to break by pulling, to cause

to pull in pieces oz ga (adj) lit to itself , : e separate, different

changed (in a bid sense) [e g teh özgacha boldi "affairs have gone to grief"] özqa-r't mak (v caus) to cause to change colour [from

öz ga r-mak] and (v recip) to change colour together اوركارشماك ozga r mak (v mtr) to become different (of colour); to

change colour, to become discoloured. [consciousness oz mág (v intr) to out-run, to get foremost in a race ورمائي الت mak (v tr) to break off by pulling, to pull in pieces, to

[the same as the last] يه اررليك

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Itear away
   uzuq (subs ) food, provisions
   ozok (subs ) a finger ring اوروك
   mall, (ad) frigile, slender
uz ul mak ( pars ) to be broken by pulling, to be torn anay
    thim (subs) a grape
                                              from uz makl
     1) bz om (pron ) I myself, oz omtz = we ourselves
    uzun (ad] ) long, tall
   oz ong (pron ) thou thy-self, oz ong iz = ye yourselves
    col oz s (pron ) he himself, &c
    öz : cha (adv ) of one's self, by one's self
    ussda (adı ) thirsty
     usal (adı ) bad, evil, KII Kaz إرسال
usal.la mág (v mtr) to become bad, to go to the bad.
   ussa maq (v intr) to be thirsty, to thirst
     ustá (subs ) a teacher, an artisan, from P
    lull ustara (subs ) a razor, P
  ustang (subs ) a canalized stream, a trank canal
us tur mak (v caus) to cause to become large, to cause to
            increase, to increase (tr )
     ustun (subs ) pillar, column [ for P " situn ' ]
     astun (adj adv) upper, abovo, astun da upon, (obl pos-
             sessed form of following word for ust in = "the top
             of it ).
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or scoop anything into a bag us mak (v tr) to butt, to strike with the borns ارسماك us mak (v intr) to increase, to grow, to get big

ust : (subs poss) its top, ust : da = on its top ارستى usma (subs) a black dye for the hair. P.

us maq (v tr) to fill up grain, &c into a such, to shovel

يول الموالد (subs) a male child, son, boy [māq] الموالد الموا

ufruk (adj) crumbled, rumous [opruq]

لابران اولوری ufla (subs) lungs, anger [see ōpka]

1875]

ufka la mak (v intr) to take offence [see opka la mak]

uf mak (v tr) to kiss [see opmak]

og (subs) a projectile , an arrow, a bullet , also the pole of

a cart or plough , the beam of an oil press

oga (subs) gold lace (real or imitation)

augat (subs) subsistence, sustenance, maintenance [A with a special meaning acquired] mag] mag] ug tur mag (v caus) to causo to understand [from ug

oqahu maq (v sntr) to retch, vomit ارتشوماق

ogu mag (v tr) to read, to recite ارقوماق

by what (vir) to read, to recite

by what (subs) a younger brother

ים שלאט, ugai (יולן) step og ugai bala, a step son or daughter ugla (aubs) defalcations in the matter of public resence, by which either the prince or the private payers of revenue are cheeted

revenue are chested ultam (adj) same, Kaz

ulcha (subs) the Lernel (in any stone fruit)

4=51 ukcha (subs.) beel

الكسومات المالي المالي

ogot (subs) winnowed grain prepared for the mill [the same as orgot]

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ا لوکورتماک ا برید: المید't-mal (v caus) to cause to bellow. اوکورتماک ugur-'t-mal (v. caus) to cause to turn (tr), to make some

ugur-'l.rai (v. caus) to cause to turn (tr), to make some one turn something

"ulur.mal (v. intr) to bellow.

2G

ugur.mal (v. tr.) to tarn over, to tarn round, to tarn acide ورقورها ك ukur.ush.ras (v. recip) to bellow at one another, to bellow in compray.

ugur-usk-mak (v. recip) to turn over together (tr)-

uluz (subs) an oz, Ku. أوكوز uguz [the same,] Kaz أوكوز

uq.ul.mal (v. pass) to be crumbled

ukun.mal (e. satr.) to regret, to be sorry.

اركوس المعالمة (علامة المعالمة الموسورة) المعالمة الموسورة المعالمة المعال

ul (pren) that, he, she, it (oblique, generally an sometimes ارات alat (subs) pestilence (on man or beast) [see ül-mak]

[un).

distribute. ula-'sh-maq (r recip) to unito with others, [specially] to

catch up a party, du-la-'sh mág (v recip) to hant together [see du].

ulagh (subs) n beast of burthen, a baggage animal والواعلان ulagh (subs) n owner of baggage-animals, (adj)

appertaining to baggage animals,

\(\mathcal{O}^{[j]} \) ulaq [the same as ulaqh]

نام المان ا

from a herd or flock, Kaz ק'עצישוט fulidg-la mág (v untr) to muke private, [used of a place,

not of a person]

ulâq maq (v intr) to stray, to go astray, Kaz du la mag (v tr) to hunt, to shoot, to kill in hunting

1878.7

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ula mag (r tr) to join, unite
     ulang (subs) a horse's garth
        ارتا ulta (ad] ) meorrect, mistaken, wrong
       ultan (subs ) the sole of a boot, KAZ
 اولتورعورمات ultur ghur mag (v caus) to cause to sit, to seat
تا اولتروكروماك قا tur ghuz mak (v redupl enus) to cruse to kill, lit to
             . cause to cause to die (see ul mak)
   ultur mag (v intr) to sit, to be scrited.
  I fur mak (v caus ) to kill, lef, to cause to die
        ulia (subs ) booty, plunder, loot 🗈
   ulia la 'sh-maq (v recip) to loot one another الكالشماة.
    ulja la mag (v tr ) to plunder, to loot ارتحالاماتي
  alcha 'sh mak (v recip) to weigh one another اولجاشماك
     ulcha'l (subs) a balance, scales, any weighing instrument
    ulcha mak (v tr) to weigh اراساماك
    ulgh-ai 't maq (v caus) to causo to become greater to
                                                              [ulugh
                cause to merease
      ulgh as-mag (v intr ) to become greater, to increase [from
        aicical gh: (ul1) the first, the foremost A T
        (the same) a (the same) اراقي
        ulka (subs ) territory, region district أولسكا
        ulkan (adj ) great large Kaz
    ulgur mak (v intr) to come or go forward, to advance ارلكورماك
                 (F for slgar mak)
        awwal ge (ady) the first أولكي
        دولمان (rare probably borrowed from the West) for دولمان
       al mak (v intr) to die أولماك
        ulus (subs ) a tribe, a division of a tribe (chiefly of nomads)
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ul ash don (adv) the day before yesterday, the other day ولوش كون

Almost obsolete

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ulueh (eule) a portion, a share ولوش

nlush mag (v tr) to separate into parties ulugh (ady) great, large, grand; also eldest, el ler

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ulugh rág (a lj) greater أولوعواق

ulugh la mag (v tr) to enlarge, to confer gran lenr ا أوكا ، ا قد (sulm) a deal man or beast, a corper, a carcass

al um (sul s) death , (ady) part, ext tred أوارم

_les unach (subs) a kind of semolina made of flour and eaten

with soup. urrrutga (subs) the lack hone, Kar أومرونقة un (num) ten Also for und, which see

an (subs) a voice a sound.

שות לי ניושון (s erus) to cause to agree una 'sh man (e recip) to agree together (in any matter) والشماق

una man (r tr) to agree, to consent und (eulis) flour

un da (pron and adv) let in that (place or time), s e , there, [crr]

قارداماكي anda mal (r tr) to summon with the voice (mithout outun dur mal (r erus) to cause to sprout أرىدورماكي

ung (adj) right (hand) , also right, proper ungal t mag (v caus) to cause to improve, to cause to

become better (any work, &c) ungal mág (r intr) to improve, to become better أومالماق

unga: (adı) easy اونگای un mal (v intr) to sprout, to shoot out from the ground unut qaq (adj) one who makes frequent mustakes, or

OTHESTORS. unut miq (v tr) to make a mistake, to forget أودوتماق

ق (subs) house, chamber [and met) us 1 (subs) idea, thought , 2 (adj) deep, profound (lift

ين عادي (subs) a bullock, an ox. uja (subs) a nest, or sleeping place of an animal

uyat (subs) shame, modesty اريات shameles (adj) shameles uyat mág (v. intr) to feel shame أوناتمان

uya ! maq (v pass) to be put to shame, to be ashamed

uyer ul mak (v pasa.) to be turned, KAZ

und 'pomág (v mir) to awake إدساق

uyer mal (د tr) (o turn, Kaz for اومرصاک) (which see) اومرصاک uyeru-mal unhn 't may (v caus) to cause to awake, to awaken اويعاتماق uhihaq (ad)) awako ; also wide-awake, sharp, acute

ungha 'mridy (r intr or red) to be awake [? from ui "thought ' thus-wi-gha mdq (if there were such a serb) would be "to be conscious," and the Reflective uigha 'n may would be, hterally, "to be conscious of one's self,

r c to be awake']

ina máq (v intr) to play (Probably for ôgun a máq) و ugu 't m lq (v caus) to cause to curdle

uyu maq (v int-) to curdle, become curdled

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יניבט sign mag (v int) to curdle, become curdled

öyun chi (subs) a player ,

يا € (inter] used in addressing a person) ان قا ﴿ (subs.) moon, month

a: pallu (subs.) a buttle use (? from its crescent shape) an pallu (subs.) a buttle use (? from its crescent shape) and an analysis are another

aydyh (subs) leg, foot " الْأَعْلَمُ الْمُولِيُّ dy 19h la 'sh mdq (r recip) to lie head and feet together

(like herrings in a barrel), to he with all the feet inwards to the fire

dyigh la miq (v tr) to wide (on foot) across a river

Jay ay (subs.) a bowl (of wood or earthen ware, &c)

زداً for ولاآ (subs) a cup bearer, one who fills the howl.

aya mdq (v tr) to withhold, to withdraw (anything), to grudge (anjone anything)

aya 'n-mdq (v refl) to withdraw one s self from, to fluch, to shirt, to shrink from

yak (subs) ehm, Kaz اياك tyak (subs) ehm, Kaz ايدارتماك thar t mak (v eause) to cruse to send

thar t mak (v cause) to cruse to send اينارتما ك thar t tur rak (v cause redupl) to cause to have (some

ליילנענן אי thar 't tur mak (r cause redupl) to cause to have (son thing) sent to eause to cause to send.

that mak (r tr) to send

ادرزی (subs) an eartheaware water jug ایمان *poak* (subs) silk. ایمان *pola ek tur mak* (v recip eaus) to cause to take their

recip eaus) to cause to take theu proper places, to put into the proper order among them selves or mutually

telres or mutoally

spla th mak (v recp) to get into one's proper places, to
arrange one a selves or themselves

المال المال

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ايتاك stak (subs ) a skirt, lower edge
                                                        [dersons (?)
    الكال stalqu (subs) the female of the Shungkar or Falco Hen
ريت تيش ، t tish (subs ) lit dog tooth , a kind of stitch in which the
              needle is passed through alternately from opposite sides
              [? herring bone]
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it mak (v tr) 1 to make, to build , 2 to shut, fasten ait mak (v tr) to speak, to say ايتيلسك إلى المال (v prss) 1 to be made , 2 to be fastened,

and all mak (v pass) to be stud

ich (subs) in ide, interior , sch : da = within

السال (subs) entrails, Kill

ichaî (subs) entruls السيامي

sch 'ra sco schlars

عدر عدم و عدم و عدم عدم عدم العقور عدم عدم العقور عدم عدم العدم ا

tch qs liq (subs) استقبلدة،

toh Lars (adr and p p) mside See Gram , p 65

tchlu (subs.) goat

ıch mal (v tr) to drink

Faaddle

schmak (subs) a saddle pad, a piece of felt going under the tch ur mak (v caus) to cause to drink, to give to drink

المانان aida 't mal (v caus) to cause to drive away aida 'sh mak (r recip) to drive awiy in company alda mak (tr) to drive away [the same as haida mak]

الدي 1 as le corr from ast ts " he said , 2 ads, contr from ards " It was ?

r! or (subs) a male a man, a husband also, a hero, a brave man rag (ad)) far, distant

aran (subs) butter milk

July er-dalar (subs) beroes men of worth [from er and (?)

double Plurd P and T, as a mark of respect] ert mad (r tr) to get the better of to deceive (? for artmag, qu "to come over ' vulg)

erta (subs) morning , (adv) to morrow

erin-g: 1. (subs.) a tale, a history; 2 (adj.) belonging to the morning

arjan-4-máq (r. caus) to cause to grin. ابرجادِتماتی

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iryaī·māq (v. intr) to laugh foolishly, to simper, to grin أبرجابدلي ird: (part of def verb subs) usually contracted to ids أبروي

[which see] "ho wax." "إيرسا (rot l'art, of def. verb subs, prd also 11a) "may bo",

irah tur-mak (v. cous) to cause to arrive up ايرشقروماك ايرشاف الم المراك المرشاف المراك المرشاف المر

irgha-t-mag (v. caus) lit to cause to swing; [usually] to shore, push or shake.

io noner, prain or naster.

io node, prain or naster.

io node, real) to swing or movo one's self.

إرغانماتي highs s. mag (r. cass) to cause to kap over. [lation الرغونماتي الرغونماني rights el-mag (r. coll) to kep together, to kep in emu-

irghu milq (v. tr) to leap over, to jump البرغوماتي irha (adi) pet, favounte

ir.gach (vL.adj) having been (from ir rial).

ingash-tur-mal (v. caus) to cause to follow.

irgash-mal (v. tr) to follow of one's own accord; to join or attach one's self to

ايركاك مادا (adı) male

trla.la-f.mal (v caus.) to cause to favour

irka-la-'sh-mak (v. recip) to favour one another.

rha-la-mak (v. recip) to lavour one another.

rka la 'n mak (v pass) to be petted, or favoured.

ינאלש: ורלים rikan or יוליל rikan (Indef Part of defect verb subs srmal) lit "beng", "having been" Commonly used for the copula "is" Gares a dubtative sense when tought to other verbs. See Grammar

erakta (subs) husband ايركته

erkit (subs) sour butter-milk

ا يركيلماك (r pas.) to be strained [as any watery stuff through a cloth]

itin same as irlan ایکیں irkin or ابرکین irkin (adj) wide, broad, extended ایرکین

rrhin la 'sh mul (v recip) to be reciprocally at ease, to liave room between one another

rkın la mak (v mtr) to be at ease, not tightened for

ור mas (Neg form of srur, the Continuative Part of defective verb subs) pronounced usually smas, "not being,"

ar mdq (v tr) to divide, to separate

rmak (Infinitive of the defective verb substantive, not

irmak (subs) any trifing occupation ايرماك

ermal-la-'sh mal (v recip) to trifle with one another ايرماكاشمال

rmal.la mal (v. intr) to trifle البرماكلاماك

ורענן ir ur (Continuative Part of er-mal, not common) heing,

arun (subs) hp أيرون

الريسا , run mal (v tr) to dislike doing (? to put up one's lip at),

run ueh kak (rdj) procrastinating habitually ايرودوشكاك

ابرونوشماك ابتقاء البرونوشماك المقاء البرونوشماك المردوشماك المردوشماك الماد (الماد) airi (المردون الماد) airi (المردون الماد) المادون الم

re i t mak (v caus) to melt (trans) [lit "to cause to be un a melted state' from ere mak] [mak].

rich tur mal (v caus) to cause to arrive up [from srish. ابردشقرومالث درد mal (v cut) 1 to arrive up, [same as sich mal]

2 to melt together [recip form of rri mak]

ırık la-mak (v tr) to sort out or select the largest snuser" ابرسلاماك دار امراك و المراك و

air-il maq (v pass) to be divided [from air mag]

arr el 12h (vl. subs) divarication, place where writers de separate into several channels or courses

air il ith mor (v pass recip) to be divided from one

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rrs real (v mir) to melt, to become melted إدياك

اربيمياك arimchik (rules) cream-cheese

erin (suba) hip أيرني erin chal (adj.) processitinating, lazy [mul)

ren mak (r intr) to be lazy, to procrastinate (see irun X1 12 (subs) track, trace, foot track

يرعورمات sz ghur maq (v antr) to whistle

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good (the) uper lette الركوليك الركوليك الركوليك الركوليك

a mal (v tr) to track, to follow the traces

isma (ad) talkatire, Kil.

izmal (subs) braid, edging (of robes)

mak (v tr) to rub up in water, to dissolve (tr) ايرماك

ıza (subs) reproof, molestation, P

ızla t mal (enus.) to cause to search

sala 'ak mak (v recip) to scarch in company الرائشاك

salamak (v tr) to search الأماك rz el mal 1 (v pasa) to be dissolved as in water, 2 (v

intr) to gossip, to chatter (see 12ma)

is (subs) smell, aroma, also the nekness &c., drused by rarrity of the zur at high elevations, memory, recollec-

tion, understanding ~ [smoke (us) is (subs.) grime, the dirt formed on walls, &c , by

plant son (ad)) safe well Kaz. Kn sean la sh mal (v recip) to ask mutually after one

another a welfare san lak (subs) safety, welfare انسانليك

nata a mak (v caus) to cause to search. ssta-'sh-mal (r recip) to search together ايستاشماك

esta-mak (v tr) to search for

iska-t mak (v caus) to cause to smell اسكانماك

iska 'sh mak (v recip) to smell (tr) together السكاشماك يسكاك ايسكاك sakaL (subs) a pair of tweezers

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isla mak (v tr) to smell, to snuff ايسكاماك
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(ûs) :s la mag (v tr) to make gramy with smoke

ارساناك المالي المالي

is la mak (v net.) to smell (intr.), to give out an odour

(iis) is la 'n máq (v pass) to be made grimy with smoke,

test ma (subs) fever, feverishness إيسيتما

tes t mag (v caus) to cause to be hot, to heat (From primitive see mak of seeth " bot ')

terrgha (subs) ear ring أيسرعة

ear mal (v intr) to become drunk, tipsy ايسرماك

ايساروك saruk (adj) drunken, tipsy

ıskı (adı) old, worn out, KH , KAz , and thence, "bad (in which meaning chiefly it is used in Eastern Turkistán)

se lik (ad]) intelligent, sharp [from ss]

ısh (subs) work, labour, deed, husiness

the verbal affix of secuprocity "ssh") أنش the verbal affix of secuprocity "ssh")

eshal (subs) donkey, ass

eshak munjaq (sabs) common glass beads [lit "donkey beads,' i e second rate ones. Conf "donkey-engina]

eshan (subs) a title applied in Turkintin to religious teachers [? the P eshan = 'they,' the Pl being used as a mark of respect, or else from following series] يتالي المامية المامية

fidence is felt (crus) to cause to put confidence in, to

cause to beheve

ıshán maq (v tr) to put confi lence in, to believe, Kil , Kaz. ايشانمان shit mal (v tr) to hear

whit tur mal (v caus) to cause to hear, to relate

الشكاف بدا لاها (suls) a paddie [from schmol] الشاف الشاف الشاف

while is the stand (v cause) to cause to work

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ish la mak (v tr) to work [from ish] potasik (euba) potasik ایشقار

ıshqır ish mág (v recap.) to whistle to one another ايشقيرنشماق

uhqır maq (v antr) to whistle ايشقيرما ق يشكالي ايشكالي (subs) a horse hobble

ين اشماك ، h mal (v fr) 1 to twist or plait , 2 to piddle

relation (v tr) to hear ایشیتماک

athil mak (r pars) I to be heard, also 2 [ish il mak] to

be twisted, or to be plaited archur (subs) an entire horse, a stallion

الكا الماد (subs.) a file (instrument for filing) skan (Indefinite Part of defective verb (s(r)mal) " being

or baring been", used as copula " 15"

يكار (num subs) both

الكارلاء staolan (num. subs) both

kailan (num sube) both الكابلال the (nual) two أيكمي

ské din (adv expr) by twos [bir din ské-din = by ones and twosl

1 ski 'nchi (num adj) second , 2 skin chi (subs) a culti

vator [see :kin]

ıkın 1 (part) see than , 2 (subs) a young crop

ıkın bırın (adv espr) by twos and ones ايكا aga (subs) master, owner, also husband

aga chi (sub.) elder sister الكاجيء

gar (subs.) saddle ايكار

saak (subs) a file الكاك

fown الماكس .ga la mak (v tr) to become master of, to rule or govern to nga-la n mak (v refl) to make one s self master of , also

(spec) to frequent, to haunt. 1900 (subs.) a file ايكاو

ıg mal (v tr) to bend ايكباك all igna (subs) a needle

to spin الكيرماك agir mak (v tr) to spin

ایلیز عور (rdj) high, tall , also deep

gin (subs) a young erop [see :Lin]

egin (subs) clothes, clothing.

igin chi (subs) a cultivator [see 1st sgin]

الكيلماك ,q 1 mah (v pass) to be bent

ايل الل 1 (subs) a country (vide Roum elia=The country of Roum), 2 (ad) allied, in alliance

ail (subs) a garth

ala (subs) elder sister , also an old woman

ايلات المان المان المان المان المان المان

tla t mak (v caus) to cause to sift ايلاتماك

la 'sh mak (v recip) to sift in company [also used in Yarkand for ergash mall

sla mak (v tr) 1. to sift, to pass through a sieve, 2 to

mix dough . 3 to tan (leather)

aila-mak (v tr) to make, to do أيلاماك الله (subs) a serpent, a snake

ailan dur mak (v caus) to cause to turn

dilan mak (v intr) to turn (of itself), to be turned

aslan-ush mak (v recip) to turn together

alt mak (v tr) to take away (chiefly used in comp as eltin birmal " to take away and give) "

alt mal (v. intr) to become dizzy through smoking de الليمي : l chi (subs) an Ambassador, a negotiator [from il "allied '] ,

also (prop name) the capital of Khotan

aldom (adv) quickly ايلدام

العالماق algha 'I mada (v caus) to cause to sort

11 ghar (subs) a frontier station of troops, an advanced gurrd, a raid

ılgha 'sh maq (v recip) to sort together ايلعاشاتي

il gha muq (v tr) to sort by hand, to pick out, to search, to investigate, (intr) to advance, to attack, to make a raid

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lala 'n mig (r rell) to sort themselves المعالماتي
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ılgı (subs) a troop of hors.s, n stud اباقي

ala che (sul a) a guardian of a troop of hors a

al-la 'sh tur-mal (v. roup caus) to cause alliance between, to mailiste

il la 'sh mak (r recip) to enter into alliance together [from 11 " allied "]

warm (دامان اللق

. . Klyl al gars (adv and p p) in front, formerly, also, before (governs negative)

al mak (v tr) to hang up (as on a peg), to hitch into

alma (suba) a particular stitch, "chain stitch" الليك alik (subs) 1 a hand [unusual in Yarkand] , 2 marrow

to go security (comp verb) to go security والمائد.

(" hand " المالية الم

el en mak (v pass) to be bung up الليساك

inas (part of defective verb sabs.) " is not' [for ir mas] . aimag (subs) a tribe, the demendants of a particular person .

also (prop n) a tribe near Herát sman mak (v intr) to be respectful, to show respect

amchak (subs) a woman's breast المصاف a foster brother or sister [lit brast

companion

im ch: (subs) an empirie a quack النجي tm ds (conj) now

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em gal (terb subs) excessive labour and werriness con ايمكاك sequent thereon, trouble, difficulty [from obs prim amga makl

am ga'n mak (v refl) to be weared with excessive labour اسكانماك

of any kind im la-t mal (v crus) to cause to treat empirically.

ım la sh-mak (v recip) to make signals to one another [doctor by no lding or winking

im la mak (tr) to trest empirically, to act as a quick

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of Lastern Turkistan
im la mak (v tr ) to make signs by nodding or winking to
           any-one
  im mak (v tr ) to suck [tho breact, as an infant]
uk dask (subs ) a foster brother or sister يموكداش
ım ız mak (v caus) to cause to such, to give an infant
                                                      [infant
            the breast
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m iz ul (subs.) a contrivance for artificially feeding an

" t understood to be " إيميش amish [part of defective verb subs] " it is understood to be m 12h mal (v recip) to suck together from the same

· breast [of foster brothers, &c] in (subs) wadth, breadth.

ina (subs) mother, Kaz

ana (subs) needle, Kaz nag (subs) a confidential servant أيعاق

gral (subs) a cow

(subs) a nurse (of children) nan mag (v intr) to believe, to trust [governs gha] بناناة،

المحمير (suhs) a pearl

النحيا (ad) fine (as opposed to course)

I lamilated anda 'sh mak (v recop) to becken to one another

uda mak (v tr) to becken, to summon Jul ainal (subs) eye glass, spectacles, P

ابنگاك برومد (subs.) ebm

שלים (subs) a female camel

dinu-t maq (v caus) 1 to cause to fade, &c , 2 to cause

to become sober

ainu 'eh maq (v recip) 1 to fade, &e together, 2 to

become sober together dinu mdg (v intr) to fade, to lose colour or flavour

ainu-máq (v mtr) to become sober يدى (subs) a younger brother Kn

aucan (subs) a veranda, a colonnade, P باً áyu (subs) a bear, haz

ayigh ayig (eubs) a bear أينع أينوي

iyil (eubs) a distati.

المات بالمات المعالم (v. intr) to become soft, to relax (as a man's writh, or the udders of a cow when the calf is put to her previous to milking) Kaz.

. .

U4 2424 (subs) father, or grandfather (used in the former sense chiefly by children, like our "papa").

dur," P.].

35 V batuq (subs and adj) ground where the feet sink, a quag-

mire (applied also to deep sand).

بَا الْمُونَاءُ (subs) the bushand of one's mifo's sister. بالمُعادِد بالمُ

لخشاماتي bakheh-la-miq (e. tr) to give, to grunt, to forgive, P. T. . فخشاماتي bakhehi (suls) a strolling minstrel, an inspired bard (pto-

tending to receive inspiration from supernatural beings); also a hunter.

july bir prd generally bi (auls.) existence, being, presence, (cf Germ dasem); also that which exists; (ad.) ex-

Not bir prd generally bâ (auls.) existence, being, presence, (cf Germ dasem); also that which exists; (ad.) existent, being, present When apparently used as a cerb st may be translated "there is" (Germ. es gibt). Thus hâken bâr = "there is a Governor" (a Governor exists), whereas hâkem dur or hâkem têm would be "(he) is Governor." Bâr is mattribute in itself, dur or têm.

[•] There is the same distinction in the Tabetan and Burnoses languages. In the former point or dupy means "to exast," "to be found at a place," while on poss the mere means of connecting the attribute with its subject [Teschhe's Thetan Grain § 39]. Again in Burnose thi-th! is the ret werb substantive denoting connection existence, while "pytic)-th is a copular denoting connection of some sort between a subject and attribute this mysic th!-th! = "(ii) is a borise"

is the mere means of connecting a subject with an attribute | [Bar is never really n verb, although it might appear so from certain uses of it E g at bir would be translated "there is a horse, ' but in reality this is a phrase in the common Turki form, like at chang " the horse (18) bue"-where the copula is wanting Thus at bar is literally " the horse (14) existent " Bar is never a copula, being steelf an attribute. And it does not contun the copula, any more than any other adjective used in a similar way. The copula is some. entendu. The use of bar for our verh "to have" is another case of the above, e g maning at iri bar = "my horse (is) existent," : e I have a horse Here "my barse" is the sulject and "existence" is the attribute, and there is no verb expressed. The subject and attribute are merely connected by collocation as in other cases Even with pronouns and seeming auxiliary verbs, bar is merely an adjective e g bar man " I (am) existent" is like kichik man " I (am) small", shelh bar sas " a shikh'was existent" is like shelh pir ads "the shekh was old" (in the Past tense the copula of that tense is introduced, in both cases) Thus it is merely as a memoria technica that har can be said to correspond with the English "there is ' It really corresponds better with the "there" of that expression Its use as an unroustakable substantive or adjective requires no explanation e g bur i ni tutti " whatthere was of his he took, all im bar us "the house where my wife is present (an elliptical expression)

These remarks may be generalised What bar still is, all Turks verbs seem formerly to have been, and even now are in their essence. Linkle bar they are affected by certain agglutinated syllables which make of them separate substantives or adjectives connected with different, tenses or modes of action &c But hhe bar 42

R. B. Shaw-A Pocabulary of the Language [Extra No for ther all require a copula to be understood. It might almost be sail paradox as it seems, that there are no verl s in Turks, only substantives and a licetives. At any rate in external form there is no difference between the application of a noun of action (or suffering, or condition) and any other attribute. Take as an example any verb-tense (so called) e g gelar man This, as it stands, is "continuously doing I," where a copula, men tally supplied, is necessary to make this signify "I (am) continuously doing" So with other tenses But it may be thought that the auxiliaries which are sometimes used as copulæ, must be true verbs. On the contrary dur is an adjective meaning " continuously standing", skon is an adjective, " indefinitely being", sear is a substantive or adjective "continuously doing". ards is a substantive in the possessed form of the Bd pers. sing (ard am, and ang, and a are as regular substantive formations as at im, at ing, at i "my horse," "thy horse", "his horse", and mean literally "my nast-being ', "thy past being ', " his past being') In no part of the so-called verb do we find an expression which is itself a statement without requiring a copula to be mentally supplied, and no where do we find such a cornla to supply in the last instance. It does not exist Collocation is the pnly true copula in Turki A socalled verb as only an attribute attached to a subject under the rules applicable to substantives and adjectives The fact of its being an attribute of action, or suffering, or condition, makes ats form of application differ in no was from that of any other substantive or adjective Urup man 'I (bave) struck (having completed striking

I)" does not differ in form from Lichil man "I (am) small', nor qelghum bar 'I have to do (future-doing of mine existent)' from at im bar "I have a borse

(horse of mine existent)]

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لاجة ليد dar chah (adv and pron) wholly, also all, the whole (Lat 'to the amount of what there is' from bar wh s, and chah ' extent)

bars (subs) an ounce, "white kepard ' (so called)

barghag (subs) a receipt or discharge in full given by the officials for Government demands which have been paid (in kind)

bar hq (subs) existence, being , (also adj) possessing pro perty, [from bar, see above]

Bur man (v intr) to go

barmag (subs) a finger دارماق

1878]

básh barmag 'the head finger,' 'the thumb' (also bash mallag), eshal gol, ht 'donkey hand,' the 1st finger, otra gol, lit, middle hand, 'the middle finger,' yan gol, lit side hand, 'the ring finger,' chimchilal 'the little

finger ' basturma (subs) a shed باستورما

bas tur-mág (v tr) to cause to tread [see bas mág]

bastur uq (verb subs) a pole tied across a loose load to keep it together by pressure [from bas tur maq]

basgan (subs) a sledge hammer اسقال [press)

basque (subs) a night mare, (connected with basmag to basma (adj) impressed stamped printed (subs) printed calico print

bas mag (v tr) to press, impress, print stamp, also to tread to tread out (as corn)

basuruq (subs) an instrument for using pressure [see basturuq] a press

bas uq (verh adj) oppressed humble, meek, quiet basiq-the same فاسدور

bash (subs) head, also chief also the first

and bisla (subs) a sparrow hawk

báshaq (subs) the mon point of an arrow

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R B Show-A Tocabulary of the Language [Fatra No for
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dish biq (subs) the halter for tying up a cow de , [from bish and bigh la mis 1 [break

blish tukhi (eubs) let, first cock, s e cock crow, daybuh chi (subs.) a leader or guide

tati bushna (ad)) separate other

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deh la t mag (s eaus) to cause to precede, guide الشلاتماق bash la mag (v tr) to procede, guide , also to renew

bast lan mág (v refl) to guide one's self

l'ishliglin (adv) lea ling first عاشاعير , bush mald og (subs.) the thumb, the chief unger

bis/ ug same as bashag

Lish fused in comp to mean "a chief, originally the possessed form 3rd person from bileh, e g guz bilshe for yuz ning back s, lit the head of a hundred?

FL bagh (subs) a garden, P , also a bundle of hay (or straw) Act bagh clah (subs) a little garden, P T

banh la 't may (r caus) to cause to bind اعلاماة،

to bind one-another, or to bind one-another, or to bind الماتية

in company لعلاملية للمرابع المرابع المر

. lake bugh la mág (v tr) to bind. لعلدق لفرية المورد لله المورد لله المورد ال

is bound. bighir (subs) liver (of an animal)

ميدن كفيه (subs.) a point or articulation. laghish la maq (v tr) to give, to grant, to forgive [corr

from bakhsh, P] 30 bág the same as bágh

bb bága (subs) a frog

" baga chanaq (subs) a tortoise [lit " a frog in a hole العالمان] from chanag = a hole]

baqqal (subs) a grocer, green grocer, seller of uncooked provisions A.

bagalchag (suhs) the pretern bones of a cow or sheep ban tur man (caus) to cause to look, to show

bagcha (subs) the same as bagh cha ماقييا

bdg mag (v tr) to look, to inspect, to look after or take care of , to perceive with any of the senses

bag ush mag (v recip) to look at one another, to look at or

after (in company) bigin (ad) being fattened [corr. from baggan " which is

looked after" used of a sheep, &c , also dependent (of a man)

bakiul (subs) a cook کاول

Dala (subs) a child, or the young of an animal bala barga (subs) children, family (including the women

of a household) Cf Hand bal bacha

bálag (subs.) the lower part (below the knee) of trousers. bála la man (v tr) to hring forth young والاماق

balchig (subs) mud ماجنة،

islall baldan (subs) a mace or truncheon with a wrist strap.

لقا bálga (subs) a hammer

Hall balder (adv) before, first, formerly

baï (subs and adj) a rich man, a merchant, also rich, wealthy

ليا كمين (adv) just now, lately

اراعي báyagh، عاراعي báyagh، عاراعي للعام المراعي المراعي المراع المراع

bai bachah (suhs) the son of a rich man, a person of independent means, T P

لي الما لكي الما Ldi bichah (subs) the chief wife, the first wife, Kaz baital (subs) a mare over four years of age which has not had a foal

bairak (subs) the standard of a yuzbash; or centurion

bairs (subs) a square of any stuff, (piece goods were formerly sold by the squares of their width)

barr (adj) old, of long service (said of domesticated anımals).

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            R B Shaw-A Vocabulary of the Language [Fxtra No. for
       baï queh (subs) an owl [as if "the neh or respectable
                 bird ' (quel = bird) l. Kaz
         bai giz (suba) the same as last
    الشاكال لوة اله 'el mal (v recip) the same ne baghlashmak, Kaz.
     للماك bai la mal (r tr) same as baglilamak, Kiz
        di luq (rabs.) rich ness , also Kaz for bagh hq فايلوق
      bai ut mdq (v caus.) to enrich, Kaz
       bai u mdg (v mtr) to become rich Kar
  bahil la'l real (v cause) to cause to remut or forgive, A. T
 bahilla'sh mal (v recip) to remit to oce-another, A T
   Lalle bahil la mal (v tr) to remit or forgive, A. T
     bahil liq (sabs ) forgiveness سيلليق
            bir (num.) one الر
          birar (adv ) singly, one by one
          birao (subs.) a snagle one (as 'a pair' is said of two)
           burroo (subs.) a gemlet, Kaz
         biraolan (subs ) a single one, Kaz
        birailan (subs ) a single one حواللان
      bir bolmaq (v intr) to become of one accord lit ta مرتولماوي
                 become one
                                                            [ lace]
           bir gd (adv) together [probably from P gdh = time or
           birla (post-pos ) with (see birlan)
      bir la t mak (v caus) to cause to become one to unite
          birlan (post pos ) with also by through (a line or locality)
                 e g Kashqar yol. birlan = by the Kashghar road scho
                 birlan utup = having passed through the interior of it.
                 Also used as a conjunction for and e g , at birlan at
                 lik = horse and rider alahr birlan tagh ning ara at da
                 = between the town and the bill, lit in the middle (or
                 interval) of the town and (with) the hill. (Probably
                 contr from bir ailan = a single one, and so 'in one'
                 'together' See Gram p 70 NB)
        bir lanch: (num ad1) first foremo t Kaz
      ber la ch mak (v recip) to become of one accord, together وراشما ك
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bir in jl (num adj) first, foremost

tor ele

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dir it tur mak (v caus) to cause to unite
 bir ik ish mak (v recip) to unite together
   bir et mak (v intr) to become joined, to unite
   , Pr. Fr bir in bir in (adv ) by ones angly
  by ones and twos ورا الكتر ، الكتر ، الكتر ،
          P biz (pron ) wo
      or for اشارت or for سارع ( P for b) سارت or for سارع ) دشارت
               revelation or command conveyed in a vision
     bagh la mag (v tr ) to bind دامار
        tor for legs
          bulla or billa (adv ) together, in one
       bulazol (subs ) a wrist [derived from bulal, fore arm, and
               otok = ring or hoop?
        الله كالمال (subs) fore arm
          balán or bilán, eee birlan نان
       ماليدى balchiq see مليدق
       سلبای bulmak see سلباک
         is ba nagah (adv and conj) suddenly, unawares, P but used
                for if perchance
            bu (pron ) this (short form of bul)
            búa (subs ) an old man
           لوما (subs ) tle same
         bubak (subs ) father grandfather
          bub. (subs ) a lady [for bibi] واي
         lubicha (subs ) the same [antiquated] ولتية
            bota (subs) a young camel نونا
            butta (subs ) a small plant
           budana (subs) a quail نودنه
       budushqaq (subs) a burr (which sticks in sheep s fleeces
                  or woollen clothes)
             bur (subs ) plaster haz
             born (subs.) matting made of platted reeds , also woollen
                   sacking from P
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R B Shaw-A Tocabulary of the Language [Extra No. for مراتمانی burn t rang (، caux) to cause (a person) to emell. المعانى المع
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المان المناق ال

43

Cyp bural (subs) kulner

to smell (used of the person who per cerves the edour) و الماني فوراماني وراماني وراماني فوراماني فوراماني وراماني

born may (v intr) to blow or rage (as a storm)

boran (subs) a storm.

turdig: (adj.) fattened, fed up ورواقي فررك عدمة (subs.) a small cap

burka ak mak (v recip) to cover or veil one anoti er haz وركاشماك وركاشماك burka-mak (v tr) to veil, to muffle, to cover with a cloth,

Kaz کرگاهاک نورگاهاک durka n mal (v refl.) to veil one a self کراهاک کورووز (vubs.) a flea (poses)

burgut (subs.) the golden eagle [used for sporting pur לתלפים burna (adr) anciently

burnaghs } (ady) old, ancient

burnags) (adj) old, ancien وردادي) burnags) burnags كورد

durush mak (v recip.) to pucker to gather (together) فرورشاک

[intr] From an imaginary or obsolete primitive bur
mal or buru-mal [K12]
Guruq (subs) the root of a kind of reed sometimes eat n

ליקונט buruq (subs) command order (corr from buyuruq) ליקונט buru i (subs) a pueker a gather

לינולט ש buruk mak (v tr) to blow water out of the mouth (vtr) burum (rabs) nose [preceding]
שיי burum (post post before previous to (See the next

burun (subs) a surety bad. دوروں bors (subs) a wolf

bortá (subs) reed matting P بورای

(subs) a calf (2 conn with buz la mig)

boz (adı) grey (used of animals, also of distance or dawn) boza (subs) a weak intoxicating liquor made from various

boz bugha (subs) ginger, Kaz سور بوعا boz buga, the same, KAZ

grains Kir buzagh موراغ buzag حوراق

كالتعال موراك Jugao Cucao

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boz chi (subs ) a weaver ورجي
  buzghunj (subo) a gall nut found on the pistachio tree,
           used in dyeing, as a mordant
                                                  (cuncle &c)
 buz-la sh maq (v recip) to bellow in company (young
  buz la mág ( antr ) to bellow (as a young camel &c )
   buz maq (v tr ) to rum, to destroy, to lay waste, to snoil
    buz uq (v adj) deserted, rumous, also abandoned or
           wicked
  bur uq luq (subs ) rumousness, abandonment , also a desert دورقلوق
           place
  buz ul maq (r piss) to be rained, to be laid waste, to
            come to grief
    bus (subs ) steam also fog or mist
   bosaghah (subs ) a threshold (for bosa gah دوساعة
                                                  the place of
            kissing P)
 bos mak (v tr) 1 to burst, 2 to shovel along earth, &c
            with the hands
 bos ur riaq (v tr ) to weight, to put a weight on anything
            to keep at down
  bos ur uq (subs ) anything use I for weighting down روسو ورق
bes of real (v pass ) to be burst or split
    bosh (adj ) empty also useless van (our "bosh')
  bosh-a t mdq (v erus) to cause to be empty, to empty
 bosh a sh maq (v recip) to empty together, also to 'dis
            charge a laborious task
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buncha (subs) a bundle, any cloth used for wrapping up
       a bundle
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bug ning (v mtr) to be concealed behind anything, to he ın ambush

שני buqu (subs) the wooden framework of a plough buq ush may (v recip) to concert one celf one from

another

buq un maq (v refl) to conceal oneself موقودماق buk (subs) a cap [contr from burk]

brkurai-mak (r intr) to stoop, to bend دوكوايماك

bulur mal (v intr) to moo is a cow

المال كا كالمال كا كالمال كا كالمال بوكماك لاكماك وكماك

لوكماك Bul mak (v tr) to hem, to sew the edge

" bu gon (adr) to day [from bu " this ' and Lon ' day] "

this (pron) this حول freconcile bol ash tur miq (v recip caus) to make peace between, to

tol ash mag (v recip) to be reconciled to one another (? reciprocal form of bol mag, see bolushmag)

لولاك كيدا al (ad)) separate, other , (suba) a division, a detachment [from bul mak]

bil at la '! mak (caus) to cause to separate لولالشماك bul ak la eh mak (v recup) to go asunder, to separate

from one another bal at la mat (v tr) to divide to separate, to disunite, to

parcel out bulaq (subs) a spring of witer

bula mij (v tr) to stir up to mix also to rob دواماق

بولياكي وي بولاماك fabout" bul imig (subs) grael thick soup made with flour, "sting

balın (v subs) robben pillage

bulr n che (sube) a robber دوودي bulan nak (v reft) to separate one off also to support

one elf, to rest upon (the ulugh tugh gla bulanip dur miz = We ret upon two mighty mountains)

bul u (subs) a whet stone and touch stone for gold &c

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R B Shaw-A Tocabulary of the Language [Extra No for
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bullur (ads) last year, during last year

bultur ghi (adj) belonging to last year

(ملحاء bulyaq (subs) a rendezvous, a station for troops (tee الحاد) bol dur máq (s erus) to cruse to become, spec to red ice

a horse to bul condition مواتعان كا كا كالم كا كا كالم كا كالمال مواتعان

bulgha 'sh may (r recip) to stir one another والماشمات bulgha raig (v tr) to stir round (as with a spoon), to spoil

(an affair) bolga («ub») a small hammer بولقا

لواماق bol mag (r untr) to become, to be, also to be done or com pleted, or conr to have effected ones purpose (of a hore) to be done up, [in the fature tenses] to suffice to subserve, to do, to be good, a g bola-dur, "tt will do"

bul mak (v tr) to divide, to partition to parcel out

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tulul (subs) a cloud مولوت bulul (subs) a cloud مولوشتورمات bol-ush tur mag (r recip caus) to cause to be reconciled

to one another

Lol-us mag (1 recip) to be reconciled to one another, lift to become (one) with one another

to become (one) wi'n one another bul us! mak (r recip) to divide amongst one another bulum (sabs) strength, firmness, (adj) strong firm.

bulung (subs.) a corner of any enclosed space

tolun mag (paes form of bol mág) To understand such an impossible word as bolun mag to be becomed it must be taken merely as the impossional form (eee Gram p SO Syntax § 14) like the French on est devenu Thus kitab m ogur bolund; would be one became

(on est d renn) about to read the book (the book was about to be read) من (sabs.) height stature, talloess Eguro also length (as of a river) also edge margin, (sometimes used for

the river or water course it elf) دوياتماق boya t-mán (v caus) to cause to dye

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boya 'sh-maq ( recip ) to dyo one mother يوياشياق
   boya'gh (subs and ad] ) dye , also dyed [from boya maq] وياع
  boya'q, the same موياق
boya'q ch: (subs ) ، dyer دو يافتيري
 boya mag (r tr) to dye وياماق
 boïdák (subs and adj) bachelor, unmarried, childless,
            also (of a mare) not having fooled
    boira (subs ) a reed matting, P
 burnk (subs ) kidneys, Kit
 laring (v tr ) to measure height, to go over head an l ويقماق
            ears into , also to move along the length of any thing,
            " longer" Fn (from boi)
  boi luk (adj ) tall, long مويلوق
     buyan (subs ) neck نوس
  bunur mag (v tr.) to command, to order, also used
            respectfully instead of gelmaq " to do ' in compounds
            Also (the optative buyur sun lar) in inviting any one to
             at down, or to begin anything, like the Italian "favo
             risca "
  buyur uq (subs ) a command, a " firmán '
   bu/un (subs ) neck وجور
buyun-tur uq (subs ) a yoke, a horse collar, [from buyun,
             and verbal subs (form f, see Gram page 53) of yerly
             tur mág]
     bóy: (the definite or posses ed form of bó: which see)
      Bi (subs ) a head man among the Kirghiz
      لانة (subs ) a lady a woman (married) دع في
      be ks (subs ) Incerne grass (having purple flowers)
     ليدار (adj) barren (used of women and marcs) , also of
             mixed breed
      i der (num ) one
      birar (adv ) singly, in one يوار
 or فراتشماك or عراشماك or عدراشماك or عراشماك
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unite in giving beraq (subs.) a small flag or standard

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R B Shaw-A Focobulary of the Lenguage [Extra No for
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birco (kul 4) a singlobe دعراد birli (p. p.) with

5.1

ir la lenak (v ca is) to cross to become of our arcord, to reconst or lines tog ther

to reconst or sing tog ther to the in ere accord

ابرال birlan (p. p.) with See برال birk (adi) firm strong fast

الما مركساك birk it rink (v comp tr) to fad n to make fad المركساك birk it mak (v case) to case to be consental

birk?! mak (r resp.) to rance to be reasered الموريدات المرايدات المرايدات

المركباناك Birl il riak (ت pass) to be male fact بركباناك birl in rial (ت refl) to concerl one s self

ליינים שני שני און ליינים אור sour insk [I der real] (r tr) to give, [ilso much used in composition with other verbs, as loyaplar ink 'to give over' to burning, r e to burn, Ci Iliml pale

dens With the Present Partiei la of another verl it implies beginning e.g. junal bir i "ha begin to go to junal" bir i (alt) on this ade, on the lither is le المراحية للسابق للسابق للسابق للسابق للسابق للسابق للسابق السابق السابق السابق السابق المسابق السابق ا

الدر (pron) we بنا الدر (pron) ac (specially as found in ment)

biz (sul's) a gland (especially as found in ment be ak (subs) adornment finery

be at to n-mat (r reft) to adom one aff معرافلاساک be at to mat (r tr) to adom, to be rutify

bez dur mak (caus) to cause to become wild

bez dur mak (1 eaus) to cause to become will bezark (subs) ferer and ague

respectful plural pronoun bit (we) used of a single

* person]

* person | to be some well to const frequenting (3)

bes mal (s intr) to become will to cease frequenting (a يش beek (num) five

المنافع المنا

R B Show-A Vocabulary of the Language (Extra No for مناقبانات bilailda t mág (r caus) to cause to quale

bilgilda 'sh mag (v recip) to quake together براقياداشماق لا مانيقليد الماراطة may (v intr) to quale [as a bog or a moss] bilaildaq (sul s.) a quaking bog, also a kind of red com وبالقياداق

position used for rings, buttons, &c., which gives to th touch

participle of bil mak! while bil mak (v tr) to know, to understand, also to think.

billah (adr) together, in company سلا

ليلك كيا الم (The sube) knowledge, also wisdom, [from bil mak]

mall ليبوك ليبول (adj) high, elevated, KH Kaz

biyak (subs) a mare which has n fool

بابي paps (subs) a deformed dwarf whose head and trunk are of natural size

pát (adr) quelle [al o fat]

pataq: (subs) a perenssion cap, P pat rag (adr) more quickly patqua (subs and ad) a quagmire, also muddy, miry

palman (subs) a weight of 61 charaka patingan (subs) a vegetable, the bringal '

patul patul (subs and adj) a quagmire, miry جمعتان واللور

pacha (subs) the leg below the kace باجا prchag (subs) the leg of an ammal.

pachaq (subs and adj) a dent in a metal kettle or sauce pan , also dented.

palhta (subs.) cotton wool (cleaned of seeds)

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pakhtal (subs ) a dove, from P باحتک
    para (subs ) a bribe, P
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para birmak (v comp) to bribe

pára yemak (v comp) to be bribed, lit to est bribes

and parcha (subs) a piece, P

parcha la t mag (v tr) to cause to put in pieces

parcha la 'sh mág (v recip) to sub divide together بارجالاشمان parcha la-mag (v tr) to put in pieces, to sub divide

UL paga (subs) a frog (see baka)

paga chanaq (subs) a tortoise (see baga chanaq)

pagalchag, the same as bagalchag

who pagen, the same as pakhta

يان pàk (ad1) clean, P

pal la 'n mal (v refl) to clean one's self, P T elusti pal la mal (v tr) to clean, P. T

paks (subs) a razor باكى

pal: pichaq, (subs) a pen Linfe باكتي بينجاق

palas (subs) woollen matting

palán (subs) a pack saddle, P

palao (subs) a dish of nee and meat "pilaw, P

(subs) an axe, a batchet paldu

palvan (subs) a strong man, an athlete a wrestler, also a good sportsman , [from pablwan P]

paï la t mog (v caus) to cause to keep watch, to cause to

mount guard.

pas lash mog (v recip) to mount guard together pai la maq (v tr) to mount guard

paila: (subs) a leather gauntlet for carrying hawks, &c ain, palhta, see pllbtr.

ais pulhta (adj) experienced, careful, P

partal (subs) a horse laden with personal necessaries, (? P)

R. B Shaw—A Vocabulary of the Language [Extra No for past, low, inferior,

بس; pas (adv) behind, also (adj) for past, low, inferio mean, base, P منته pula (subs) a pistachio nat

pista (subs) a terrier, a small Chinese pug, any small dog.
مستني pista (subs) a terrier, a small Chinese pug, any small dog.

pas kanak (adj) little and mean, base, dirty [past, wi diminutive affix kana or ghina], P T مراكب pas kunah, the same as pis kanah

pas la mal (v tr) to abate, to diminish, P T. pupul (sabs) a tassel

pupuk chi (subs.) a tassel maker بو بركتي

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put (subs) leg, foot [also fut] بوتاق putag (subs) a branch, a twig

إبراق putaq (subs) a branch, a twig [write put lär mak (v caus) to cause to trust, 2, to cause to put mak (v tr) to trust, to beheve, 2 to finish, to accom

plish , 3 also for pit mal (which see)
pitt üth mal (v recip) to trust one another , 2 to write to
one another

وتوماك بوتوماك pūtū mak (v tr) to write [for pit mak] بوتوماك pūtūn (ad]) complete, entire

بوح puch (ady) empty, without kernel, stupid, empty headed. توجاق puch iq (subs) the rind (of a fruit) بوجاك pūchāk (ady) empty, without kernel (used of nuts, do)

puchqaa (subs) the leg skin of a fox, wolf, &c, of which fur robes are made

puchuq (subs, and adj) a noseless man, noseless, snub

nosed pulhra t mag (v caus) to cause to sneeze [used of flies

teasing a horse of nose] pukhra th may (r recip) to sneeze together, [when the

pukhra th maq (v recip) to sneeze together, [when the horses of a Kazzak expedition do this it is considered a bad omen]

برحراماق pukkra-mdq (v intr) to sneeze (used of a horse or camel) بور pur (adj) rotten, unsound. برد purdaq (subs.) fat, I

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purkhura t mág, see pukkrat mág
purkhura sh mág, see pukhrash mag
 purkhura-mag, see pukhra mag
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1878]

postal (subs) a fur mat, P T

purchaq (subs) peas پواچاق

postin (subs) a fur robe, P بوستير,

pos dumba (subs) the fat of the "dumba" sheep s tail

together with its skin (which is all eaten) [corr from post s-dumba, Pl

posk posk (inter) used in clearing the road for a great man [? from poshidan ' to hide '] P

pushang (subs) a lever [especially one used for raising a mill stone]

push maq (v intr) to be melancholy or disturbed in mind push.mak (v intr) to become cooked, to mpen

push ur mag (v caus) to cause to become melancholy, to

ver push ur mak (v caus) to cause to become cooked, to cook (tr) , to cause to ripen

push un maq (v reil) to vex one s self

pul (subs) excrement, dung

puga (subs) a gostre

pul (ad) hellow, empty (used of fr ut &c)

بركياداتماك pukilla t mak (v caus) to cause to sound hollow (by tapping or stamping &c)

pulilia-mal (v mtr) to sound hollow, to give a hollow sound

> Jr! pul (subs) a copper com [the fiftieth part of a tanga which = 5 pence about] also money in general P

pul luq (ady) costing money, dear, expensive , tossessed of money rich P T

with pullah (subs) a cup also only used for glass as pidlah aina, looking glass P

pit (subs) a louse

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pit Lu chi (v subs) a writer (used only of the manual labour of writing)

pit mak (v fr) to write pit tur-mak (v caus.) to cause to write

cò

writing

nichaq (subs.) a Lmfe (rl. subs from pich mal) pichal (subs) a creeper, a plant which runs up trees and

dies down in winter nichan (subs) hay, any dried fodder

pich tur-mak (v caus) to cause to cut out

pich-ith mak (v recip) to cut out in company

pich-mal (v tr) to cut out any stuff to make a garment, &c , to carre

pis (subs and ad]) epotted with leprosy, also of animals with a similar appearance, Kin

peak (subs and ady) The same

pega or pega (subs) a horse-race (generally over many miles of distance)

piltah (subs) the match of a match lock gun, the cotton wick of a candle or lamp, P

pilla (subs) a cocoon (of the silk worm)

عليك pilik (subs) a candle wick

paiman (subs) a bushel, a measured (not weighed) quanti ty of grain, &c [see next]

paimanah (subs.) a bushel, a measure of capacity (varying in size). P

Uf faba (subs.) a flat iron pan for cooking, P ر زمانة (subs) a dish, A.

كايال tapan (subs.) the sole of the foot

tap tur maq (v caus) to cause to find, to cause to produce tap 13h maq (v recip) to find one-another, to meet, to marry one another without the intervention of friends or agents

البشريماتي to pat under aux-ono's charge

tâp-qu ch: (subs) a finder ئاپقوچى

ולנטוט tab la 't-mag (v tr) to cause to twist (cloth or rope), to

tab la 'th mag (v recip) to trust ropes in company
[takes four men, three at one end to twist the strands,
and one man at the other end to twist the united rope]

ind one man at the other end to twist the united

top mag (v intr) to find, to meet with, to receive, to

tàp ush (v subs) findings, earnings, gain [from tàp màq] tàp uq (v subs) winnings (at play) [from tap-màq)

tāpu'n māg (v rofl) to worship [P from obsoleto tapu māg "to serve"] guas to serve by one's own life

italiala mad (v tr) to scatch or tear with the nails or

claws
List tat ligh
(adj) tasty, savoury, sweet
tat lig

tat mag (v tr) for tart m lq (which see)

tat : t mag (v caus) to cause to taste تاتينياق tat : t mag (v caus) to taste together

tat : may (v tr) to taste تاتیماق

tat: mag (v tr) to taste تابيستي tat: mag (v tr) to taste الايستي حوارار tay: khurdz (subs) lit a cock's comb the name of a plant, (? "Prince's feather"), core P

الميك Tüjik (pr name) the existing original Arian (Iranian) population of Western Central Asia, and their language, (opposed to Turk as 'Arab is to 'Ajam)

tiali talhta (subs) a plank, a board, a shelf, P

باز المن (بطني) الموالي بالمعدر بالمعدر بالمعدد المعدد ال

الأساق tara 'sh màg (v recip) 1 For tarqa 'sh màg, KAZ
2 To comb one's hair together, or for one another.

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taràshah (subs) a chip, a shaving, also a broad piece of wood used for punishing people by the Chinese, P

taraq (sube) a comb

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tara 'I mag (v pass) For targa 'I mag, KAZ

nito many (subs) a divineation, or branching off of one stream into many (as in a broad flat bed or in a delta) [? The name Tarim gol for the fiver of Eastern Turkistan may be derived from this word, as it would express the characteristic of that Tirer better than the word terus

= cultivated] و cultivated] tara mag (v tr) 1 Fbr farqa mag, Kaz 2 To

taran (subs) a root used in faming

tara nche (subs) 1 a cultivator, 2 also the proper name applied to the Turki colonists in the country of Ila

(Kulja), [from tars mag]

tar bughuz (subs) a gorge, the entrance to a ravine, let "narrow throat (see the words)

tarpı (subs) carrion الري tart ish-maq (v recip) to pall against one another (to " play

French and English')

French and English')

tart-maq (v tr) to draw, to pull, also to draw lines or

figures to draw out, to lead out (an army), to weigh.

**arting (tubs) fribute the yearly offerings made by a local
governor, &c to his superior chief (so called because
drawn out, as it were from the country)

tar raq (adj comp) narrower, more tight تاراق

tarqa t maq (v caus) to cause to disperse

torgo sh map (v recep) to scatter one swelves apart, to depart from one another

targa 'I maq (v pars) to be scattered.

tarqu maq (v mtr) to disperse, to scatter قارقاماق

tar lig (subs) narrowness, tightness

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tars, KAZ تاری tarigh تاری millet تاریق tarig
tarı 'l gu (v adı ) cultivable ثار للك
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tarım (ady) cultivated, that has been cultivated

tars mag (v tr) to cultivate قاريماة,

Ju taz (subs) scald head, 'Impetigo capitis'

1,5 taza (adj) fresh, new, in good condition, strong, P

taxa la 't mag (v caus) to cause to renew, &c

faze la 'sh mag (v recip) to renew or mend, or clean, in company

taza la man (v tr) to renew, to mend, to strengthen tazghun (subs) a stream, a flood [Specially applied as

the proper name of a River and district 14 miles south of Kêshghar 1

tan (subs) a greyhound, P

الله المراج tash (subs) a stone, (also a stone used for weighing), a mile. stone [the distance indicated is also called song (=stone, P) or farealh, A and is nominally 12,000 paces or about 5 miles 1

tash (subs and ad]) the outside, outside

tasha yurt (comp subs) foreign country, lit out-ide الشايورت country

رماقشان tash q are (adv) outside [See Gram p 65 and ff.]

tash qun (subs) a flood in a stream تاشقون

tash la 't mag (v caus) to cause to throw الثلاثماق

tash la sh maq (v recip) to throw at one another, to throw together to stone

tash la mag (v tr) 1 to throw, to throw away, met to abandon to reject (qu from tash, a stone as a missile) 2 to put outside, vi., to hne, to cover

tash liq (adı) etony تاشليور

at law tash lag (subs) the outer covering of a cap, or of a fur robe, or of a mattrass, &c

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tash maq (v intr) to overflow the brim, to boil over, to surge over.

الش باني tash yans [short for tash ning yān-ī] (subs) the outside الشيق tāsh ig (tī subs) an overflow, a boiling over, a flood الشيق tashs nāg (v tr) to transport by repeated efforts, (as ants

carrying away graia) $\frac{\ddot{c}^{2}}{\dot{c}^{2}}\frac{\dot{c}^{2}\dot{d}}{\dot{c}^{2}}\left\{ (\text{subs})\text{ a mountain, a mountain chain.} \right.$

Gu tagha (subs) a relation by the mother's side

taghar (subs.) a bag, a sack

tag (subs) a single one, an odd number (opposed to juft,
P "pair" or "even")

P "pair" or "even")

Ui taga (subs) a horse shoe, an odd article (out of pair)

it taga 'shomda (r recip) to strike or press against one

another (qu. for toquest-maq which see), to oppress any one with much talking, to hore

tagta (subs) For takhta.

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tag tur mag (v caus) to cause to hang anything on to a person or animal

tag cla (subs) a shelf formed by a recess in a wall tag mag (v tr) to hang anything on to a person or animal,

(as a charm or a locket) tagur (subs) a desert whose soil is hird and smooth KAZ تاثور tag'ush maq (v recip) to hang things on to one another s

person اک ták (subs) a vme. Kn

Ku taka (subs) a buck goat, a buck antelope

horse s tail, or of fringe)

tál (subs) 1 a willow, Km., 2 a vinc, 3 (? for tar P)

a single time of any long objects, a. g در ناك موري 'a single hair, نايا الله 'a single hair, نايال الله 'a single hair, a single hair a single hai

וצנו talada (adv) out of doors

الكال tal-fal (adj) bushy, full (used of a woman s hair, or a

```
tala 't maq (v caus) to cause to pillage الا تماق
tala 'sh tur maq (v recip caus ) to set a fighting (of dogs)
   tala sh maq (v recip) lit to rob one another, to fight
               together (of dogs, &c)
     tala maq (v tr ) to pillage, to rob , to fight (of animals)
       talan (subs ) pillage, a pillaging تالن
     tala 'n maq (v pass) to be pillaged.
        talao (subs ) a fatal illness of horses KAZ
   talpun mag (v mtr) to flutter, to struggle تاليوساق
      talgen (subs ) parehed grain ground into flour Hindi,
               sattu?
         tam (subs ) २ wall الأم
      tamag (subs ) the throat , also food (ready for eating)
      (subs) trousers drawers, P
      ا tamban تاميل
     tam chi (subs ) drippings, water cozing through the roof
               and falling by drops
     tam ch: (subs ) a wall builder, a mason, [from tam mag]
   tam dur mag (v caus) to cause to drip, to pour out by
      tamghan (subs) a branding tron تامعال
      tam maq (v intr ) to drip, to fall by drops
        famur (subs ) the pulse
       tamugh (subs) hell. تاموع tariug
     tam it may (v caus) to cause to drip The same as tam
                dur mak
         UU tana (subs ) a herfer or young bull (a calf in the second
                year)
     fin dur mag (v esus ) to cause to deny مالدورماق
      tuneng (sal s ) a longing a desire
   jansuq /s maq (v tr ) to long for
        lung (subs ) dawn, daybreak تادك
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táng (interi) anexelamation implying astonishment , "you don t say so l" or "mdeed"

tung-at mag (v comp antr) to dawn, to break (said of the day) [from tang "dawn," and at mag "to shoot,"

with reference to the rays of light?

GG

tang dur mag (v caus) to cause to bind تانك درزماتي tangeng (subs) The same as tansug

'tang gha gal mag (v comp intr) to remain in astonich' ment, to be amazed

MGU tangla (subs) to morrow the morrow . C a large wooden vessel for washing clothes, and mixing dough in ting la 't mag (r caus) to cause to select, to offer to the

choice tung la 'sh mag (v recip) 1 to select in company, 2 to

be astomshed.

tung la maq (v tr) to choose out, to select الكالماتي tana-maa (v tr) to bind a bundle, or any manimite tlings, also n broken hmb. [thing denied]

tan mag (v. intr) to give demal to [takes ga after the tanul (v subs) recognition

tanuq luq (v adj) recognised (from following)

tanu mag (v tr) to recognise تادما،

tanu sh mag (v recip) to recognise one another تابشاق

tan seh-maq (v recip) to deny one another, or to one another

tan igh lig (v adi) demed

tans mag (v tr) The same as tanu-mag

U tão (subs) The same as tagh, KAZ 1,0 tdwa (subs) a shallow pan for cooking in

tawa-la 't mag (v caus) to cause to err out tawa la sh maq (v recip) to clamour or scold at one

another

taua la mag (v intr) to clamour, to cry out

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taushgan (subs ) a hare تارشقار
   tấug (subs ) a fowl
tau la 't mag (v caus ) The same as tab la 't mag
tau la 'sh maq (v rec ) Same as tab la 'sh maq
الأماة للماة tâu la mag (v tr) Same as tab la mag
    , st tat (subs ) a young borse in the second year
  נוֹט נוֹט toyn taya (pres part ) shipping and shiding [pron. tai maq]
    tây âq (subs ) a walking stick
 tai thar (subs ) a young donkey, T P
   tai ghak (adj ) slij pery , also given to slipping
   ta: ghan (subs ) a greyhound, تابعال
   will tai las (subs ) a young camel (in the 2nd year)
   tas mag (v intr) to slip, to slide
   tai ncha (subs ) a heifer in the 2nd year, Kaz
 tau ueh maq (v recip ) to slide together, to amuse oneself by
            sliding on ice, or by sliding down a kind of " Montigue
            Russe"
 tibra 't mak (v eaus) to cause to shake, to cause to re تداتماك
             move itself
tibra 'sh mat (v recip) to shake together تدواشماك
  tibra mak (v intr) to shake, to move
  tibra 'n mak (v recip) to move, or shake oneself تعراساك
    tubit [pron tibit] (subs ) the down of the shawl goat. Fof
             which the finest in the world comes from Turfan]
  titra 't mak (v caus ) to tremble تقراتماك
  titra 'sh mak (v recip ) to tremble together تقرأشماك
   tilra mal (v intr ) to tremble, to quake, to shiver
      talks (conj ) moreover further, agun
      tural (prom trel (subs ) a prop, a support تراث
    fursal [pron tireal] (subs) the elbow
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turik [pron tril] (adj.) alivo دريك turik lik (subs) life ترنك ليك

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          R B Shaw-A Focabulary of the Language [Extra No for
           tũz (pron tız) (subs ) knee
           i, ta-a (subs ) Lnce
     tosa la 'l mal (v caus) to cause to kneel براتهاك
     taza la 'ek mak (v recip ) to kneel of posite one another تراكشاك
     taza la mak (v intr ) to kneel.
      toza-la'n mak (v refl) to sent one's self in a kneeling
                 position (sitting back on one s heals, the usual Turki
                 sitting posture)
      taz mal (v tr ) to Tange (things) in line
          ا tas or tis (adv ) with difficulty, hardly تسر
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tush [pron tisk] (subs) tooth,

tush a 't mal (v caus) to cause to renew the teetle, sp cially to file the teeth of a saw

tush-a mak (r mtr) to change the teeth, to cut a fre-h set of teeth (both of men and animals)

tashtak (subs.) an earthen vercel Kasnonan.

tageir (inter;) ht fault "culpa mea ' A , but used as a term of respect to a great man, equivalent to "lour Excellency," "Your Highness (as if to excu-e one s

self beforehand for addressing a person of such dignity) tage (adv) moreover The same as talks

tulan [tilan] (subs) a thora

tul fur mal [til tur mal] (v caus) to cause to sew, &c tul la- t mak (v caus.) to cause to set upright

tul la sh mak (v recip) to join together in setting up-

nght JUNG ful la mal (v tr) to raise any long object into a vertical

position, to set upright [see fillamal] tul il-an-mal (v pass refi) [from tul il mal] to stare

at (gaverus ala) tul mal [fil mal] (v tr) to sew, to fasten, to fix, to plant, to stake (at play)

tul seh mal [tel seh mal] (r recep) to sew together, &c.

tuk il mak [tik il mak] (v pass) to be sewn, &c, also to have one's eyes fixed on any thing, to stare [cf "fixer," I']

tag (subs) bottom [tag tda " beneath"]

1878]

tul [til] (subs) tongue , also language

tül [til] la 't mak (v caus) to cause to vituperate

tul [til] la-'sh mak (v recip) to scold or abuse one another

tulak [t.lak] (v subs) an carnest desire, a prayer, [from tilamak]

tolag (subs) the supra renal capsule [a gland situated above the kidneys]

tul [til]-la mak (v tr) to scold or abuse, to "give the rough side of one's tongue" [from tul]

tula mal [fila mal] (v tr) to desire, to wish for , also to request, to ask for

tilpal (subs) a fur cap, with a covering of cloth or silk, and fur edging round the head

tilful (subs) The same as tilpal

tumak (subs) a fur cap extending down over the ears

tuman (num) ten thousand

tamghaq (subs) the fur of the throat of a lynx, for, &c [being fine, robes are made of a collection of such furs]

tamgha (subs) a branding iron

tunj [tinj] (ad]) happy, at ease tünyi liq [tiny liq] happiness تعتمى ليق

tandah (subs) a long thread prepared for the warp of a stuff to be woven. P

tandur (subs) an oven, P ندور

tana lar (subs) boras, P

tang (eubs.) a guth, P ننگ

tangri (subs.) God [Lattle used in Yarkand, &c]

Livilia jang la mal (v tr) to present, to office, I

alis tangah (subs) a money of account used in Turkistin,

R B. Shuw-A Tocabulary of the Language [Extra No. for 70 consisting of 25 small copper "cash" (of Chiuese make

> with square holes though them) called dahchan, each of which is worth two pul (imaginary coin). The value of the tanaah varies constantly in the bazárs according to the number of tangah that may be given for a Lurs (a Chinese silver ingot weighing about 2 lbs , and worth about 170 Runees). Sometimes the number reaches 1100 and sometimes falls as low as 800. The Amir of Kåshghar has lately supplied the lack of small silver coinage, by issuing silver coins worth a tangah each, and called ak-tangah (white tangahs) after the model of the Khokand and Bokhara coins so-called, but in the name of the Sultan of Turkey, they are current at a small premium. The Khosan tangah consists of +50 copper shu-chan, which are only slightly smaller than the Yarkand dah.chan. Consequently a Khosan tangah is

worth nearly twice as much as a Yarkand or Kashghar

The word tangah is also used for the 'scales' of a քե-հ tanur (subs) an oven, P.

tanidah (subs) Same as tandah, P. tuwa (subs) a two-humped camel [the sort more usual in

one

East Turkistini, Kinoniz.

tuwag (subs) a lid, cover of a saucepan.

turda (subs) a boof [same as tuyaq]

tub (subs) a root (used also in counting trees, as och tub daralht "three trees"), also the bottom of anything [Used as a comp post-pos , e g , lazan ning tüb-s da " in the bottom of the saucepan] "

: tilian (subs) a low place [chiefly, as a post-pas in comp ; e q, din tuban or ning tuban-i-da " below," also as an adv absolutely].

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tüban rik (adv) more below Also (post pos) din
         tuban ral "lower than "
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اللثم إلا المتاه إلا المتاه المتاه تواللثم المتاه Jeciling of a room

tuburul [tubrul] (subs) a pillar or prop supporting the tuburuk (subs) The same as tubruk

top (subs) a cannon

ton (subs) a definite quantity (of anything), e g, a 'mece' of cloth, a 'herd of cattle, &c

رب المين و دون (subs) a ball used by children for playing

topa (subs) earth, dust

tobaq (subs) the cover of a saucepan

topa la 't mak (v caus) to cause to heap up

topa la 'sh mal (v recip) to herp up together توبالاشماك

topa la mal (v tr) to heap up (as grain in a measure) تريالماكي topolity (adj) long necked like a Turkman hores (used of

horses

top ch: (subs) an ertillery man, a gunner أرزي top che (subs) a row of buttons on the brenat of a robe توجيعي tupah (subs) the top, also height [used as a comp post pos , e q, tagh ning tupa si da on the top of the mountain]

tupur mak (v tr) to spit, to spit out توبورها ك tupurul (subs) spittle saliva

top: (subs) a skull cap توبي tut (subs) mulberry, P

tut ash (adj) touching contiguous توماش

tut ask tur may (v recip eaus) to cruse to ignite ومات المات الما

tut ash maq (v recip) to lay hold of to kindle, to ignite [used only of fire, and governs ghi]

tut am (subs) a measure of length, the length covered by the clenched hand a hand.

tul am la- i mag (v tr) to cause to measure by noting the successive lengths covered by the hand grasping the object

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tut am la 'sh-maq (v. recip) to compare measurements thus talen

tut am la man (v tr) to measure by grasping in the fist tut oun (subs) captivity بَوتَعْوان

tut lug mag (v intr) to stutter

tut-mag (v tr) to grasp, to seize, to take tut-ush tur may (v ree cans) to cause to grasp one an.

other . ar to cause to wrestle

tut ush man (v recip) to grasp one another, to wrestle بدوها الم tut ul man (v pass) to be seized, also to be eclipsed (of the sun and moon)

tutun (subs) emoke

tut un may (v refl.) to be seized with astonishment توتردماق

tot: (subs) a pony, a small baggage horse ترتي

tots (subs) a parrot, P دُولَع ،

tuch (sabs) brass

tuch kur't mak (v cans) to cause to sneeze

tuchlur ush mal (v recip) to sneeze together توهكو وشماك

tuchkur-mal (v intr) to sneeze بحكورماك tuchkur uk (v subs) a «necze

tokhta-'t may (v caus) to cause to stop ترحقاتماق

tokhta 'sh-may (v recip) to stop together توحقاشماق

tokhta maq (v intr) to stop, to halt توحناما,

tokhmaq (subs) a mallet Tor toqmaq on tokhu (subs) a fowl

tolhum (subs) an egg a seed أوخوم

tokhumak (subs) a seed used in dreing (yellow and red) برحوماك

tokh (subs) a fowl

net P (subs) a net P قور

fur (subs) the place of honour (in a company, &c)

tura (subs) a Chief (among the Kalmake), a Prince, a descendant of an independent sovereign, or of the 1878

Prophet (sometimes) Amir Timur in his Autobiography applies the term to the descendants of Chingiz Khan, the then sovereign house The family, which almost exclusively emove the title in Eastern Turkistan, is that derived from Malhdum A'zim, an eminent Sayad and saint of Western Turkistan who, in the 16th century of our era, married a Kashgharian lady, a descen dant of Satua Bughra Khan [one of the early kings of Kashghar said to be of the race of Afrasiab, and whose descendants ruled till they were displaced by the Kara Khatai power of the Gurkhan] The family of Makh. dum A'zım held sway ın East Turkı chiefir by virtue of the religious veneration felt for them, till they were ousted by the Chinese in the middle of last century, and have since made many attempts to regain it (They are also termed "Khwaja" (pron Khoja) which is the term applied to the offspring between a Sivad and a woman of any other family who are not Savads) (Pro

tura 'I mal (v pres) to be born, to be increased in num bers [said of the generations of men or animals]

bably of Movgor derivation ?

tura mak fv intr) to increase in numbers [said of the progenitor?

turbs (subs.) a nose bag [for feeding horses] (for tobra) دُو ما

t et (num) four تورت

tort-ao (suba) n four

tort do lan (subs) a four, KAZ

tort-au (subs) a four Kaz tort-aslan (subs) a four

tort lanch: (ady) fourth, Kaz

tort unche (adj) fourth

turt mak (v tr) to poke, to prod (as a sleeping man, to awaken lum)

turt ush mak (v recip) to poke at one another

turl un-mak (v refl) to poke at one's self [used of the Russians crossing themselves], Kaz

tur dur mal (v erus) to cause to wind up, [from turmak] tursug (subs) a leather water bottle, Kaz

turghas (subs) a lark

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tur ghuz maq (v caus) to cause to stand up, to arouse fur glun (ad]) tame [from tur maq " to remain ']

" turga (adj) silken (used for the stuff of a kind of sieve) tur la mag (v tr) to net (stitch) , also to catch in a net

tur la-mal (v tr) to change appearance, attributes or accompaniments A T

tur la 'n mal (v refl) to change one s own appearance or attributes or accompaniments. A T

tur luk (adj) various, diverse, [probably from taur, A.] tur mag (r intr) to stand, to nee on to one s feet, to remain, to stay (from the Continuative Participle of this verb a corrupted form, dur, is in use as an auxiliary which has acquired the simple meaning of "is. ' Sec Gram 1

tur mak (v tr) to wind up, to roll up, Kin.

turna (subs) a large bird with a long neck (? a crane), KII KAZ

fur ush maq (v recip) to stand together, to rise up together

tur ush-mak (v recip) to wind up together قروشماك

יפר א turugh { (adj) bay [the colour of a horse]

tur ul mak (v pa-s) to be wound or rolled up دورولماك turum (subs) an axle and socket (of a wheel), a door socket

turumtas (sube) a sparrow hawk

tur un may (v refl.) to fix one s self [not in common usc, but the probable origin of the name " Tungani, quasi

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turun gan " one who fixes hunself," corrected to trungan
and Lungan " a settler or colonist ], from tur maq " to
stand "
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turah (subs) The same as tural أورة tuz (ad) straight, direct, right

tuz (subs) salt تور

toz (subs) the thin sheets of bark of the mountain birch tree, used as paper

tuz a't tur mal (v cans) to cause to make right

ty: a't ish mal (recip) to make right together مراتشماک

tuz a't mal (tr) to make right, to mend

tiz a l mal (v pass) to be made right, to become right تررالمات tuzág (subs) ع springe, a horse hair loop for catching

tozan (subs) dust in the air

to: dur mag (v caus) to raise the dust

toz dur maq (v caus) to wear out (clothes)

tuz dur ral (v caus) to caus to make strught

tozghaq (suhs) the cotton like seed pods of a certain reed

taz liq (adj) salt, tasting salt

tuz It (subs) straightness

for mag (v satr) to rise in clouds (said of dust)

toz maq (v intr) to werr out to become old قررمان نفت maq (v intr) to be enduring, to be patient [governs

gha] tü= mak (v tr) to straighten to make straight

tāz āl (subs and aly) urrangement, order, institution, straight, arranged, orderly, correct [Cf the ' T .ul.

Timura so called]

fis (sabs) appearance

or fos (sabs) the thin sheets of bark of the mountain birch

tree See for

tostaghan (subs) a small wooden cup, Kaz

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tos tur may (v caus) to cause to arrest, to get (any one) stopped stopped of the may (v tr) to stop, to arrest ترساق tos may (v tr) to stop, to arrest الله المناقب ا
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tosh gar mag } (v caus) to fill, (to cause to be full) ترشقارماق tosh gaz mag

taushqan (subs) a hare توشقان

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tush la n mak (v refl) to cat the mid day meal with any one

tush luq (cubs and ad]) equivalent

tash tuk (subs) the mid-day meal. توصُّلُون tāsh mak (v intr) to descend, to come down, to get off,

nam max (' int') to descend, to come count, to get any to settle down [joined with other words to indicate various meanings, of which tšish-mak supplies the element "down." Thus ât-din tāish mak "to dismount," tāsh up ul turmaq "to sit down, yaqiip tāish mak "to fall down, tush up qdl māq "to remain fallen' s.c., "to have fallen off!"

titch ür mal. (r caus.) to cause to descend, &c., [takes the place of tuch mak in transitive compounds, as titchur up salmag "to throw down]

tushuk (subs) a hole, an aperture

tush uk (subs.) a loss at play, losings (from t ish-mak) دوشوماق toshu maq (See tashi maq)

tugh (subs.) a yak s tail fastened at the top of a long stick

and used as the standard of a military officer of rank (not below that of Pansad or chief of five hundred), also to mark the graves of saintly personages

togha (subs) a D shaped buckle (without pin) attached to sureingles and girths

toghach: (suba) a head man, chief of an encampment or village, KAZ

togha nag (subs) a wooden square huckle used in fasten ing on a camel s load, KAZ

toghá: (subs) a plam covered with reeds

tugh dur mag (v caus.) to beget توعدورماتي

toghra 't mag (r caus) to cause to cut up small, to cause to mince

toghra-'sh mag (v recip) to cut up together

toghraghts (subs) a juice exiding from the toghrag tree, and used as leaven in baking

toghrag (subs) a kind of Poplar tree توعراق

toghra m (verbal subs.) a morsel. توعوام toghra maq (v tr) to cut up small, to mince

togher (ad1) straight

tugh gan [pron tug gan] (sube) a relation, a relative, [bir tugh gan applies to brothers and sisters (of one generation), sas fuga our applies to first counts, a e. born of parents who were brothers or sisters (lit two generations), and so on. This may be translated "related in the first, second third, &c , degree '7

tugh lug (ad)) possessed of the tugh : e, entitled to carry the insigma of military rank [Several Turkish Princes bave horne this title as, Tughluq Timur Khan &c]

tugh-ma (subs) a slave bred in the house, the child of slave parents

tugh nag (v intr) to give birth to to bear [takes the object merely profixed without the mark of the accu

sative as, ughul tugh de " she bore a son]

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توغوت tuqhut (subs ) child bearing, labour,
     tuf (subs ) sahra
     tif (subs ) For top
       tufa (subs ). For tuna
       tofa (subs ) For topa
    tofrog (subs ) dust, earth, Ku
   tufurul (subs ) sahra
       (10 ton (ad) ) satisfied, safed
       toga (subs ) The same as togha.
     togách (subs ) a small Lescuit
     togal (subs.) the numer wife , also a hornless cow, KAZ
     tooat (subs ) The same as toghai
  tonta't man (r caus ) The same as tolktotman
 . togta 'sh mag (v recip) The same as tolktashmag.
  togta man (v. intr) The same as tokhta mag
   لوتسانا tog saba (subs) The title of civil official of rank [necord-
            ing to Prof Vambers, densed from tunh + sahibl
    " togsan (num ) ninety [qu. togos "nine," + un "ten] "
toqsan inchi (num ady) ninetieth.
   tug gan (subs ) The same as tugh-gan
   togmag (subs.) a mallet
 toqmaq che (subs ) a man who uses a mallet, or who males
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them مراد them togmag la mag (v tr) to strike with a mallet or with any beavy object

togu t maq (v caus) to cause to weave فروتوناتي togo (mm) une مروتور aclan (uum subs) د مروتور aclan (uum subs) د nune, Kiz المراول togo aclan (num subs) a nune وروزالل togo unchi (num. ad)) muth.

tog ush mag (v recip) to strike or brush against one auother [qu from an obsolete verb tog-mag "to strike," which has survived in the Osmanlı dialect] toque'sh may (v remp) to weave in company. togum (subs) a felt put under the saddle

togu mag (r tr) to weave توقوماق

tuk (subs) hair on men or animals' bodies (exclusive of beard, hair of the head, mine, tail, &c , which bave separate names)

المراز tokar (adj) Inme

اركاي دوراع، (eules) leggings reaching up to the thighs, CHIL ful tur mak (v caus) to cause to empty by pouring out.

tul-mal (v tr) to empty by throwing out the contents tuk ur mak (v tr) to spit

tukuruk (subs) salıva توكوروك

tuga (subs) a camel, [the variety is specified by profixes as aire tuga the double humned camel, and nar tuga the single humped camel?

tuga 't mak (v caus) to cause to come to an end, to con clude, to finish (tr)

tugaral (subs and ad)) circuit, circular توكاراك

tuga 'sh mak (v recip) to come to a conclusion mutually, to come to terms together

tuga I mak (v pass) to be finished [the sense of the Pass. taken from the Causative?

tuga mak (v intr) to come to an end

tuga 'n mak (v refl) to finish itself or one s self, (prac tically almost equivalent to the passive]

lugma (sabs) a buttou تركما ing mal (v tr) to tie in a knot توكماك

(گول fügun (subs) a knot (not a bow)

tugun chak (subs) a knot enclosing any small object [as when money is tied up inside a knot in the turben or Idera

tul (subs) the total of the lambs produced in each year from a flock of sheep, the year a mercase of the flock

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tul (adj) widowed تول

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tola (ad: and adv) many, much, very

tola 't tur mak (v caus redupt) to cruse to compensate tola 't mak (v caus) to cause to compensate

tola 'sh mak (v secip) to compensate one another tola mak (r ir) to compensate, to make up for a loss of

property tol dur man (v caus) to fill تولدورماتي

tolgha 't may (v caus) to cause to twist

tolaha 'a (11 sule.) labour fof a woman with child? tolgha mag (v tr) to twist, to twirl [generally applied to

things which resist the process and require force, where as tau la mag applies to materials which yield easily?

tolgka 'n mag (v refl) to tweet one s self, to writhe تولعالماق toloun (subs) a wave, a breaker تولقون

tolqun la maq (v natr) to break unto waves, to surge up تراقبرالماق tulks (subs) a large yellow variety of fox

tol mag (v satr) to be full

tulum (subs) a goat skin taken off entire freed of hair and otherwise prepared, used for holding grun or flour

tolun de (comp subs) the full moon تولوي آي

for tom (ad) thick, substantial fused almost exclusively in application to spices and medicinal roots?

tumar (subs) a written charm Kaz

tumar (subs) a root of a tree dug up for fuel, also a log of drift wood. (beal)

tumagha (subs) a bood (put on a bawk or hawking-engle s توماعة tumag (subs) a far cap with three lappets, one for the pape of the neek and one for each ear

tumán (subs) a fog

tuman (subs) For tuban تومان

tumtea (subs) a short story, a fable a parable

tumshuq (subs) a beak, an animal's nose, a projection (of mountain)

tum ut mag (caus) For tamitmag (which see)

tumuz (subs) the dog days, the height of summer, A (?)

tum uz maq (v cans) For tamızmaq (which see)

tun (suhs) night تون

(3) tûn (subs) a robe reaching to the calf [the usual outer garment of Central Asiatics]

tun a gön (ndv) yesterday [from tun "night" and gon (hon) "day", qu 'the day belonging to last night']

tung (subs) a wooden barrel for holding water, [fastened together with twisted wooden bands instead of hoops]

tong (adj) lard frozen [used chiefly of earth, mud, &c, not of water]

tongghuz (sabs) a pig تونگعور

tong köz (adı) foreign, stringe [said to be derived from tong and koz, (lit 'frozen eyes) because a stranger recognises no one, and preserves a cold aspect]

tong la't maq (v caus) to causo to freeze وَبِكَلَّامِاتِي tong la'sh maq (v recip) to freeze together, or, all at

tong la mag (v intr) to become frozen, to freeze, also to barden with the cold. as butter

tong luq (subs) a hard frozen field [distinguished from the rest of the country where no water having been artificially let in the ground remains loos, and frable through the reverest frost, such is the dryness of the climite?

tungluk (subs) a chumney (that part of it which projects absect the early also a hold in the coof, whother for the except of smoke (from a Kirgluz tent) or for the ad mission of light also the filt sheet with which it is closed at night [9 derived from (utim * smoke]]

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funu't may (r caus) For fanu't may (which see)
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tunu 'sh maq (v recip) For tanu 'sh maq (which sec) تونوشماق tunula (subs) sheet fron, thin iron

tun u-gon (adr) yesterday, [see tunagon] tunu maq (v tr) For tanumaq, (which set) تونوماق

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tuwng (subs) a hoof

toi (subs) a feast [either on the occasion of the circumci sion of a boy, or of a marriage?

tuya (subs) a camel, har Kaz

ترياجي tūya ehı (subs) a guardıan or attendant of camels.

tuyaq (subs) a boof, KH. Kaz.

to dur may (r caus) to cause to be satisfed, to satisfe tai dur mag (r caus) to make (any one) aware of, to divulge

tur-dur mak (r caus) to cause to pound up-

toi lun (subs) preparations for a wedding feast, the bride's توطوق Ipcased, to be sated. 'corbeille de marriage '

toi mag (r intr) to be satisfed, to have one's hunger aptas mag (v tr) to become aware of, to find out (a secret)

tal mal (v tr) to pound, to reduce to powder by pounding tipa (subs) a small beight, a mound frestricted meaning of the word tupal

tip tur mal (v caus) to cause to kack

tip mak (v tr) to kick تنيماك

tip in mak (v refl) to stamp on the ground, also to kick one s horse a flanks with one s heels, " piquer des deux," Fr

tip ush mak (v recip) to kick one another تيبوشماك

Tibat (subs) the country of Tibet (our so-called Thi bet), also an inhabitant of that country [the name is restricted to the districts on the upper Indus from Baltis tân upwards, and is not extended to Eastern Tibet or Lhassa7

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tiban (subs ) a packing needle تينان
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tibra 't mak (v cans) See tabratak تيمانيان

tibra 'th mak (v recip) See tabrashak تيداشماك tibra 'th mak (v recip)

tibra mak (v intr) See tabramak

tıbra 'n mak (v reft) See tabranak تيدانماك

tubilghu (subs) a mountain bush of whose wood the handles of riding whips are made

tui tibanah (subs) a packing needle See tiban

tir (subs) perspiration

לינן tirk (subs) skin (of men or animals)

tira 't mak (v caus) to cause to prop up

tira-'sh mak (v recip) to prop up in company تيراشماك

tira 'l (vl subs) a prop, a support (written also tarak)

ifrak (subs) a variety of poplar grown in cultivated land نبراك tira mak (v tr) to prop up, to support (by artificial

means) tir daimag (comp v tr) to perspire, also, to be ashamed

[lit "perspiration oppresses (him)], (fir is the nominative, and the English subject takes the accusative form)

לאַנְעַכּטְ tirtiq (adj.) having the skin drawn up by a wound or burn [properly "tartiq"] Also, (subs.) a sear

tir dur mak (v caus) to cause to gather up

tirsal (subs) elbow تيرساك

terg üz mak (v caus) to cause to live, to give life, [for tirik guzmak]

tur la t mal (v caus) to cause to perspire, to cause to sweat

ter la 'sh mal (v recip) to perspire together, to work hard in company

ter la mak (v intr) to perspire

tirma q (v subs) a finger nail, a claw, a talon (the points or nails of the same) [from tirma mag]

tir-mal (v tr) to gather up, to collect, to pick up (many small objects one by one)

small objects one by one)

tirma la-1797 (v tr) to cover seed up with cirth after

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sowing (ly hand)

tirnia man (r tr) to scratch, to fear with the nails or class

trin (tans. and say) contrated read, contrated fire say (r tr) to cultivate, to sow [for tarimag] أيراناق اده (ad] and adr) quick, fast, also, quickly, P

tez (subs) an instrument used for straightening or bend ing rods of tents, &c [It consists of a strong piece of wood laid horizontally with a gap in its upper side to receive the object which requires to be straightened or

bent] Kaz tiza (subs.) a knee [the same as ter]

tızak (subs) horse dung تيراك

te- raq (adj and adv) quicker, more quickly

tızgın (suhs) reins bridle تيرگيس

tiz la-'n-mal (v refl) to rest on one s knee-, to lucel تيرانها ك tiz mal (v tr) to arrange in rows, or in line

tish (subs) tooth تيش

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tish-a't-mak (v caus ) to cause to file the teeth of a saw
 s إنشاما و tish a mak (v tr ) to file the teeth of a saw
tish-tur mak (v caus ) to cause to make holes تيشتي ما د .
  tish q'arı (adv ) outside [for tashqari] نيشقاري
 tish la-'t mak ( caus.) to cause to bite
* tish la 'sh mak (v recip) to bite one another تيشاشماك
 tish la mak (v tr ) to bite [from tish "tooth']
  tish mak (v tr ) to perforate, to make a hole in
    tish al (v) subs ) a hole, a perforation
  Ash ul mak (v. pass ) to be perforated, to be pierced with a
              hole
       that (subs) an adre, a cutting tool with its edge set at
              right angles to the stock, and its inner surface at an
               acute angle with the same
      tieks (adj.) female تيشي
     tish ık (vl subs) a perforation [from tish mak] تستگ
        tifa (subs ) For tipa
     tif mak (v tr) For tipmak تيمياك
   tiq tur maq (v caus) to cause to ram in
    tig ish maq (v recip) to ram in in company قيقشماق
      tiq maq (v tr) to press anything into a receptacle, to
               ram in
        tel (adj and subs ) vertical, upright, steep, difficult, also,
                a steep place
        tıkan (subs) a thorn تيكا.
    tik la 't mak (v caus) to cause to set upright
   tik la sh mak (v recip ) to set upright together
     tık la mak (v tr ) to set upright
     tik mak (v tr ) to sew, [see takmak]
       tilis (sd1) smooth تيكيس
  tilis la 't mak (v caus) to cause to make smooth
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tilis la sh mal (v recip) to make smooth together تیکیسلاشماك tilis la mak (v tr) to make smooth

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tikis la-'n mak (v pass or refl) to be made smooth, to become smooth

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tikah tikah (adr) in pieces [tikah tikah geldi "he put (it) in pieces"]

ilg ush tur mal (r recip caus) to cause to exchange الميكشورك الو ush-mal (r recip) to change anything against another, to exchange (from tormal)

ing mak (r intr) to touch, to attain, to reach [governs gha] الميادي tig Gr-mak (r caus) to cause to touch, to cause to attain (a mark), to hit fin the sense of realing the object aimed at 1

tigürman (subs) a mill [Qu from tigür mak ' to cause to touch]

tig az mak (v caus) The same as tigürmel. تیگورمالت figir (subs) the absence of a price (paid), figin ga" gratis;

' for nothing,' Kaz الم دار (subs) tongue , also, language

tila 't mak (v caus.) to cause to desire تيلانماك

tila 'sh mak (v recip) to desire of one another, to desire together

tila & (vl subs) an earnest petition

tila-mak (v tr) to desire, to ask for تيلاماك

tıla n chi (subs) a beggar يالتجي

tilpak (subs) a fur cap تعلیک

tille (ad) idiotie foolish

tilba.lik (subs) sdiocy, foolishness

til chi (subs) a spy, a news collector

til dur mal (v caus) to cause to split to cause to cut anything lengthwise

Jalu til fak (subs) For tispak

tilla-t mak (v caus) to cause to abuse to cause to scold

tel la 'sh mak (v recip) to scold at one another تيللاشماك

til la mak (v tr) to abuse, to scold, to 'give the rough side of one's tangue' [from til' tongue'']

تيلماك til mal. (v tr) to split, to ent anything into strips lengthwise [from til, qu to make into strips like tongues],

tilmur 't mal (v caus) to cause to dance attendance بالمورنداك tilmur 'mal (v intr) to be in a state of humble expectancy,
to dance attendance

" timur ush mal (v recip) to dance attendance together فيلمورشماك til il (vl subs) a slit or cut lengthwise [from til mal "to slit"]

til im (vl. subs) a strip or tongue (what remains between slits)

tamao (subs) a cold, rheum تيمار

timratku (subs) an itching red spot on the skin. أيموالكو timur (subs) iron

نيمورجي tımur-chi (subs) a blacksmith, an ironsmith

tintak (adj) mad, insane [Qu for tintrak from tintr

tintra 'f mak (v caus) to cause to totter, or warer ليغفرانساك tintra 'in mak (v recip) to totter or waver together المعفرات tintra mak (v intr) to totter, also, to vacillate, to waver tinch (all) at ease, happy, well [qu. from tin mak]

تنا خین tinch lik (subs) ease, happiness

tın dur maq (v caus) to make quet, &c &c و tin ul-maq (v recip) to be quet together, &c &c

ting (ad]) of equal height

ting la 't mag (v caus) to eauso to listen المنافعة

ינגליאול ting la't mak (v caus) to cause to make equal in height ting la-ih mdq (v recip) to listen to one another or together

ting la 'sh mak (v recip) to make equal together والمائية ting la mag (v tr) to listen

ting la mal (v tr) to make equal (in height) also, to compare heights.

tingia (subs) a lurge lake, a sea

in mag (r intr) 1, to be quiet (said e g of a chill),
to witte (as moddy water), to be filled in and made livel
(as of an old well). 2, to sigh.

, musi tin ish (subs) a sich

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tin 19 (ad)) clear, not muddy, lit settled.

tura (subs) a camel.

τ

عال jaban (subs) a range of shelves (in a slop, de) jabdu maq (v tr) to prepare, to make ready (for an ex-

pedition)

jabdu / (th. subs.) the complete accountement of a horse

(either for riding or for draught or carriage), also,

the material preparations for a journey

ر (subs) the high tank of a river [properly ydr] عار (subs) the crying of articles, de in the bizdr a pro-

ارا jara (subs) a wound [for jarāhat, P] محاراتگلاماق jarang la t mag (v caus) to cause to tinkh to ring (a bell &c)

jarang la sh maq (v recip) to tinkle together حارانگلشماق مارنگلشمان jarang la maq (v intr) to tinkle, to resound, to ring

(intr) الم عادي (subs) a town ener [from jar] الم عام علم (subs) a metal or wooden cup, P

Jaman (adj) bad [for yaman]

jamghur (subs.) rain [for yamghur]

Lila jang (subs) a cold.

jany 11 (subs) a tumult, a row, a quarrel, P

janjûl la 'sh mag (v recip) to quarrel with one another, to have a row

jansuz (subs) a spy, a tell tale [for jasus, P] عالميت عالمين عامية إغامة jan liq (subs) sheep or gorts (considered en masse without reference to age or sex) [lit living creature, P T, spe cialized to refer to the flocks which are the principal possessions of a nomad people, as "birds," with English sportsmen, have come to mean specially partridges]

Jaica (subs) a sack made of coarse goat's hair

John jaunn (subs) For jaban

عاي (subs) ع place, P

jai la t mag (v caus) to cause to put in the proper ; lace, to cause to set in order

al la 'sh mag (v recip) to place in proper order mutually, or relatively to one unother. Iplace, P P يلمان Jds la mag (v tr) to place in order, to put in the proper

self in the proper place

jadal ch: (subs) a quarrelsome person, a disputer P T recip cause to quariel (r recip caus) to cause to quariel with one another

adal la 'sh mak (v recip) to quarrel with one another [from a supposed sample verb jadalla-mak which is not in use, because "it takes two to make a quarrel]

الم jaranah (subs) interest (on money lent) usury azail (subs) a short gua carried on a camel. P مرالحي jazail chi (subs) a man who serves the jazail, P

__lalab (subs) a barlot

dela julghah (subs) a valley a gorge a ravine

da. juma h (subs.) Friday the day of assembly, A.

and jumah (inter;) do you hear?

iandah (subs) a beggar s gaberdine [a robe with little tufts of thread eads sticking out every here and there?

ting la mal (t tr) to make equal (in height), also, to commare heights.

tingia (subs) a large lake a جدع

tin mag (s untr) 1, to be quiet (and e g of a chill),
to extile (as muddy water), to be filled in and made b vel
(as of an old well), 2, to sigh

شيدية (m 14% (subs) a sich.

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tin iq (adj) clear, not muddy, lit settled المائية النائية ا

ε

مال jalan (subs) a range of sheltes (in a shop, &c) مادرماتي jaldu-riag (v tr) to prepare, to male ready (for an ex-

pulition)
publag (vi. subs) the complete accontrement of a horee
(cether for riding or for draught or carriage), also,

the material preparations for a journey

مار (subs) the high bank of a river [properly yár] عار عار (subs) the crying of articles, &c in the bazár, n proclamation.

la jara (subs) a wound [for jar that, P]

الماتياتي Jarang la-Is-mag (v caus) to cause to tinkle, to ring (a bell, &c)

الكلاشمان jarang la-sh maq (v recip) to tinkle together حارائلاشمان jarang la-maq (v intr) to tinkle, to resound, to ring

arang la-mag (v intr) to tinkle, to resound, to i (intr)
(intr)
پوهن مار دارچي ar chi (subs) a town ener [from jar]

ين إن المنافعة إلى المنافعة إلى المنافعة إلى المنافعة ال

aman (adj) bad [for yaman] عامان

رامعور amghur (subs) ram [for yamghur] عامعور عامعور (subs) a cold

عالتال عالمال عالمال

janjal la 'sh mag (v recip) to quarrel with one another, to have a row

jansiiz (subs) a spy, a tell tale [for jasds, P] an liq (subs) sheep or goats (considered en masse without reference to age or sex) [lif living creature, P T, spe cialized to refer to the flocks which are the principal possessions of a nomad people, as "birds with English

sportsmen, have come to mean specially partridges] jaica (subs) a sack mide of coarse goat's hair

Jaman (subs) For jaban

da (subs) a place, P

ai la 't maq (v caus) to cause to put in the proper place, to cause to set in order

de la 'sh mag (v recip) to place in proper order mutually, or relatively to one another Iplace, P T

de la 'n mag (v pass and refl) to be put or to put one's self in the proper place

adal che (subs) s quarrelsome person, a disputer, P T gadal la 'sh tur mak (v recip caus) to cruse to quariel with one another

jadal la 'sh mak (v recip) to quarrel with one mother ffrom a supposed sample verb jadalla mak which is not in use, because ' it takes two to make a quarrel]

מבעוע בתוע jazanah (subs) interest (on money lent), usury jazail (subs) a short gun curred on a camel P jazail-chi (subs) a man who serves the sazail. P

ر الله jalab (subs) a harlot

tela julghah (subs) a valley a gorge a ravine

Axon juma h (subs.) Friday the day of assembly, 4

saa jumah (miery) do you heur ?

andah (subs) a beggars gaberdine [a robe with little tufts of thread ends sticking out every here and there]

simin janistah (suls) a small stone fruit of the jlum kind

Jing (subs) a weight (equal to about 1275 lbs)

1- 16a (subs) a fur robe, a "posteen" For 14ba

permission of any kind, P

jaunib la 'sh tur maq (v recip caus) to cause to make retorts

janub la 'sh may (v recip) to answer back again, to notert, also, to discuss, dispute

jawit may (v caus) to cause to be occupied in anything, to amuse (said with reference to children) For yuwatma'a

عواددان عرادان عور عواددان jaca-'n mag (v refl) to occupy or amuse one's self For

yuwanmaq ly~ juba (subs) a fur robe, P.

yuja (subs) a chick حوحة

juf (subs) a paur [For juft, P]

י או juf la 'sh tur-mak (v recip caus) to cause to pur og juf la 'sh mak (v recip) to match together, to be similar,

also, to be joined together smoothly

guf la mak (v tr) to match or pair (two objects), to render

similar or equal, also, to join together smoothly

jugan (subs) a horeg s headstell and lat.

ul (subs) a horse blanket, P

Juna t mak (v caus) to cause to start ورانماک juna sh mak (v recip) to start together

juna sh mal (v recip) to start togeth

مِیات _{jtak} (subs) an edging or binding (of any garment, on the outer side, such as a tape sown round)

ي الاتماك jiak la 't mak (r caus) to cause to put an edging (to a garment)

المار حياكلشماك (v recip) to put an edging on in company

ral la mal (v tr) to put an edging or binding on a garment

- 12 (subs) thread (of cotton)

uran (subs and ad) an antelope or gazelle (Suga Tart : rica), also, chesnut (the colour of a horse)

jiq (adv) much, many حنق

يالدة jikda (subs) the Trebizond date tree and fruit اله عيل عيل عيل عيل عيل عيل

rilag (subs) a thin rope attached to the horse's bit on one

side, and used for fastening him up on dismounting. Its loose end is carried noosed to the pummel of the saddle

glue (eubs) glue حيليم וות (subs) a sort of Demon, A word (sales) elbow

T داع chaba (subs) sweepings, refuse For chabar

chabag (subs) a species of lish

chapat (subs) a pat, a slap also, a thin cake made by pat ting the dough between the hands. [Cf. chapatta, H]

chapaq (subs) gumminess in the eyes جاياق

chap a ghan (subs) a rapid expedition چاپاعال

chapalaq (subs) the flat of the hand (as used for giving a slap), a slap [Also written shapalag]

chapan (subs) a robe or gown reaching nearly to the ancles [the ordinary outer garment of Central Asia].

chapáo (subs) a plundering

chapdul (subs) a plundering raid also a charge of cavalry chap tur maq (v caus) 1 to cause to gallop , 2, to cause

to strike with the sword or any cutting instrument

chep-qu (sub=) a bound for chopping on

جابقرانساتي chap.gu.la.'t.mag (v. caus) to cause to chop. جابقرانساتي chap.gu.la.'eh.mag (v. recip) to chop at one nnother, or

in company. د جابئولاماق chap.-qu-la-raaq (v. tr.) to strike repeatedly with a sharp instrument, to chop.

הואד chap-qu'n (subs.) a snowstorm accompanied by a cutting

chop.mag (r. intr) to gallop جايماتي

 Ω ?

chap.mag (v. tr) to strike with a cutting instrument.

chapi (subs.) a shampooing.

دمور (rl. subs) a cut, a wound [so called even after berling].

الماني دامور (subs) the angle at the junction of two streams [ueed

elast (subs) the angle at the junction of two streams [ueed elewhere for angles formed by other things].

chat-sth-mag (v. recip.) to tie many herses two by two chat-mag (v. tr.) to tie two horses together, the head of each to the crupper of the other [this is the common way of securing caratan horses in the open plains and

treeless mountains of Central Asia].
رَّ اللهِ دَامِرِةِ وَ اللهِ المَا المِلْمُلِي اللهِ

chat-iq (subs.) a couple of hores thus fastened together also, the fastening of them so.

channal (subs) a jacket with long eleeres. جاجماک chack (subs) the hair of the head.

chachaq (subs.) a fringe, a tassel.

chach-maq (v tr) to scatter seed, to sow.

chachira-maq (v. intr) to splash, to be splashed (of water)

chara (subs) a large wooden bowl or vessel

chara la 't maq (v enus) to cause to remedy جارالنماق chara la 't maq (v recip) to remedy حارالانماق chara-la 'eh maq (v recip) to remedy together

châra la mag (v tr) to remedy جاراً لامان

charat (subs) a certain weight [There are three distinct charats in Eastern Turlistan One used for raw silk, certain colouring materials, spices, tea, &c , it is equal to 4 jings, or 5 lbs The second is used for all minner of "goods, and is called ashing tash "food weight," also tortash "four weights", it weighs 12; jings or nearly 10 lbs This is distinguished from the third sort recently introduced by the Amr which is called best tash "frow weights" and weighs 10 ings or 20 lbs 1

ה char la 't mag (r caus) to cause to reconnecte בא (الآمان char la 'sh mag (r. recip) to reconnecte one another, to reconnecte in compun

بالاتي دامة مالاتي دامة بالاتي دامة بالاتي

charma (subs) quadrupeds, crittle, P

chârica dar (subs) an owner of cattle, sheep or other qua drupeds

charozak (subs) a small carpet the length of a bed

خالات charge (subs.) a rough boot of untanned leather formed like a mocasun with the lower leather drawn up round the foot, worn by the Kirghiz mountaineers, and by caravan men for sourneve

chârs (subs.) grun with the busk on

chaza turh (subs.) rude stone obtained from the quarries in the mountains Distinguished from as tush "water-stone," which is rade found in the form of rolled pebbles in the streams In this state it is free from flaws.

Ω£

which have all been found out by the hard usage it has received, so that what remains is solid. This gives it a grader vilue for carving, whereas in cirring a piece of chara tash, the risk is incurred of finding many days of thour spoilt, by a hidden flaw or crack.

chash (subs) a heap of grain piled up after thrashing and winnowing Also for chast (which see), P

cha that (subs) light bed clothes for the summer [? for

chash ghalber (subs) an open sievo for saparating the chaff

chiah g1 (comp subs) the hour half way between sun nse and midday, (at which a meal is often caten). P

chash la 'I-mag (v caus) to cause to beap up grain واشلانات ماها ماها والمعالم chash la 'ch mag (v recip) to beap up grain togethor ماها ماها المعالم chash la mag (v tr) to beap up cleaned grain

also, number, also, time epoch (any fixed time)

Ohoghatai (uubs) (Pr name) A son of Chinghiz Khau, his descendants or family, the tribes over which they ruled, the country ruled by them (in some books this includes the whole patrimony of Chaghatai, but usually only that which was left after the separation of the Khaus of the Meghuls viz, Western Turkratan), the language spoken

in Western Turkist'in [The term is now dying out

except in talking of the past] مامل chaghan (subs) a winter festival of Chinese origin باحداث و chagh la t mag (v caus) to cause to conjecture جاحداث chagh la 'sh mag (v recip) to form conjectures together chagh la mag (v tr) to conjecture, to surmise, to reckon (arvhing that is expressed in numbers)

chagh luk (adj) conjectural [from chagh] جاعلوق دام claq The same as clagh

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جانا دhaqa (subs) a copper coin, Kn جانان دhaqan (ada) light coloured (applied to eyes)
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chaq gan (vl. adj) fiery, sparkish, excitable

chaq la maq (v tr) The same as chagh la maq

chaq ta maq (v tr) to buto or sting (with venom), to slinder,

chaq maq (v intr) to sparkle, to give forth sparks, also,

(v tr) to crack

chaquaq (subs) a steel for striking a light on flint کرد به دانهای chaquaq (subs) a had of resun extracted from the birch tree and also from firs

دات دمات د chagir 't mag (v caus) to cause to call.

chaqır 'ek maq (v recip) to call in company ביונית האוני chaqır maq (v tr) to call, to summon

eñag ish tur mag (v recip caus) to cause to sting or slander one another

chag ssh-mag (r recip) to sting one another to slander one another

د دامان جاليامان دامو و rass) to be slandered, 2, to be cracked باليامان دامو و دامور به mag (v reß) to sparkle, to lighten of itself (of the lightning)

ehdi (adj.) partly black and partly white (of the bair, or beard) Kin

Me chála (ad]) unfinished, incomplete

choláb (subs) a drink made by mixing water with curds

chalbar (subs) wide outer trowsers made of leather (into which the robes are tucked for work in which they would be in the way) P (shalicas)

בילונין chalber ga t mag (v caus) to cause to seedd chalberga ah mag (v recip) to seedd one another chalberge mag (v untr) to seedd to upbraud to ribuse chalberge mag (v untr) to seedd to upbraud to ribuse chalberge mag (v untr) to seedd to upbraud to ribuse chalberge (subs) a time caire of bread cocked in oil

chalpaī maq (v mtr) to sink down exhausted, to be pros trated (by weakness)

chalchiq (subs.) a boggy or miry spot, (permauent)

chal ish tur mag (v recip caus) to cause to wrestle châl ish mag (v recip) to twist one another, to wrestle

chalga (subs and adv) on one's back, face upwards, also, chalga si-da, &c

chalga at mag (r cans) to cause to he face upwards, to turn any one over on to his back

chalga : mag (\ mtr) to he on one's back جالقابماق ehalqı maq (v mir) to surge (of water) يالقيماق

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chalma (subs) a lump of hard earth, a piece of sun-dried

chal mag (r tr) to twist over, specially 1, to trip up, 2, to braid, to tat, to crochet . 3, to stir up (of liquids).

4, to beat a roll on a drum, to sound a call on the trumpet chil in mag (v pass and refl) to be twisted, &c , to twist

one s self. &c châma (subs) a conjecture, Kaz

ehama la 't mag (r caus) to cruse to conjecture

châma la 'sh maq (recip) to conjecture together حامالاشماق

chama la mag (v tr) to conjecturo جامالاماق chaman (ad1) slow, sluggish, Kaz

brick

champan (subs) a branded malefactor, CHIN [Cf chop (?)] chamghur (subs) turnip, Y

والماقي و Kana t mag (v caus) to cause to cut with an are

chana sh maq (v recip) to cut with axes together, or one another

chanag (sub=) a funnel shaped feeder of a mill chana maq (v tr) to cut with an axe جاناماق chang (subs) dust flying in the air

changal (subs) a group of hooks to which butchers hing their meat

changal (subs) a claw, a talon

changga 'th mag (v recip) to be thirsty in company مالكة الماتي changga-mag (v intr) to be thirsty

chaurah (subs) curcuit, circumference

which the water is boiled)

[child

chankan (subs) a young woman who has not borno a chan our (subs) a tea pot (used also for the vessel in

chal (subs) tea

chayan (subs) scorpion چاياں

chis josh (subs) a tea-pot [that in which the water is boled is called "kara (or black) chis josh", that from which the ten is poured into the cup is called "ak (or white) chis josh" for obvious reasons, P

ن مانگانی دالما و 't mag (r caus) to cause to ruse out المانگانی دالمانی دانگانی دالمانی دارد المانی در ا

دايقامان châs ga mag (v tr) to runso out (either cups &c , or clothes

chaina 't mal (v caus) to cause to masticate والمائث chaina 'sh mal (v recip) to marticate together جاداثداث chaina mal (v tr) to musicate to munch.

chap (adj) left [hand], P

A chappa (subs) sewing cotton

chakh (subs) a spinning wheel, a water wheel [For charkh P]

ply: chiragh (subs) a lamp P

chiras (subs) countenance, appearance [? For chehrah, P]

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       chiral-siz (ad) ) ugly, ill favoured, جرايسير
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chiral siz lig (subs) ngliness عرايسيرليق

chimi-liq (subs and adj) beruty, handsomeness, also, well favoured, good looking, P T

- racharkh (subs) a wheel, a grand stone, spanning wheel, &c , P charlh la mag (v tr) to grind (on a turning grind stone)

| another chirk (adj) rotten جرك chirla 'sh may (v recip) to call one another, to mvite one

chirla maq (v tr) to call, to invite, to summon chiq ar 't mag (v redup caus) to cause to take out chig ar 'sh mag (v caus recip) to take out together chie ar-mag (v caus) to cause to go out, ; e, to take out,

to send out, to expel.

chiq-mag (v intr) to go out جقماق chal-man (subs) coarse woollen or cotton stuff

chalan (subs) embroidery, P

chea il mal (v pass) to be knotted حكلياك

chiq mak (v tr) to knot, to tie in a knot

chique-gal (ad) given to backing (of a horse) chigin mak (v intr) to back (of n horse), to retire, to

- chchu, (inter) used for making n horse move forward 22 Chu (prop name) a river running from near the Is ik kul

(Lake) north of the Kara Tagh Range -, chub (subs) sweepings Kaz

retreat

chubuq (subs) a rod [? P chabuq], also, the piece of cloth let m to the side of the skirt of a robe to give it fullness

chopolal (subs) a storp, a tale, Kaa chupchuq (suhs) a sparrow, KAZ chupur (subs) goat s hair chot (subs) a small adze, Kaz

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chota عوتار (subs) coarse white cotton cloth
     chôtur (adj ) marked with small pox جوتور
     جرها (subs) a chicken, a chick
   chuchal (subs) a story, a tale
     ومحقا chochad (subs ) a pag, Kaz
   chuchul (adj ) savoury, nice tasting, not sour
     chortan (subs) a sort of fish with a snout resembling a
              duck's bill
churgul 't mak (r eaus) to eause to go round جوركولتماك
churqui 'sh mak (v recip ) to go round together جرزگراشماک
 churgui mal (v intr) to go round, to revolve, to rotate
  جوز chaurah (adj) round, disk like Same as cháurah جوزة churu 't mak (v eaus) to cause to rot
      chorug (subs ) The same as charge
     churu'h (adi ) rotten جروك
   churu-mak (v intr) to rot, to become corrupt چورماک
      (subs ) a female slave
      chughul (ad) slandering, making mischief
  chughul luq (subs ) slander, mischief making
        choq (subs ) a tassel, Kaz
        rice chor (adj and adv) many, much, also very
        choq (subs ) a hot ember
         the choga (subs ) the back of the head
      choquaq (subs ) a mace a weapon formed of a handle with
                a heavy bead attached to it rigidly
     choqu t maq (v caus ) to cause to peck جوقوتماق
       chuqur (subs ) a pit, a depression جوقور
        ) choque (adj ) marked or putted with small pox
    choqu sh maq (v recip) to peck one another
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the choke (subs) chop-streks for eating Chinese fashion

choqu maq (v tr) to peck جوقومات

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chul ar 't mak (r cans rednp) to cruse to make (a camel)
to he down, to order (a camel) to be made to he down

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chul ar 'th mal (v caus recip) to cause (cimels) to he down in company, to make a number of camels he down

chul-ar mal (v caus) to cause to sink, to cause (camels) to lie down

cholan (subs) a Joung woman who has not borne a child Same as chaulan

chul tur mal (v crus) The same as chul ar mal بوكتور ماكب دالله mal (v rutr) to sink (in water), to be down (of a camel)

chul ur mal (r caus) The same as chul ar mak chul ar mak chul ar mak chul (subs and ad]) an and place, and chuldo (ad] and subs) manned, mutilated, armless hand

less, a man who has lost a hand or arm, &c

chulan (subs) cooked rations

جوانان cholpan (subs) the morning star (seen in summer) جائات. chulqha 't maq (v caus) to cause to wind.

chulgha 'sh mag (v recip) to wind in company چولعاشماتی chulgha-mag (v tr) to wind, to roll up, to entwine

chulgha mag (v tr) to wind, to roll up, to entwine chulgha 'n mag (v rell) to twine itself

chul-la t mak (v caus) to cause to be thirsty, &c ورالاماكي chul-la sh mak (v recip) to be thirsty together, &c

جودالأماك جدالأماك chul.la sh mak (v recip) to be thirsty together, &c والأماك chul la-mak (v rutr) to be thirsty, to hecome thirsty, to dry up, to talk one s self hourse (or dry) [from chul],

Ku

جوم chom (subs) a camel s pack saddle Kaz chomaq (subs) a mace [See choq maq] جومائي chumalı (subs) an ant جومائي chumathaq (vubs) a sparrow

chum dur mdq (v crus) to cause to duck, to make (יונים cone) take a dip (by word or gesture)

chum mag (v intr) to duck (one s self under water) to take a dip, to dive

جومور مان chumuch (subs) a wooden ladle, P
chum ur mbg (r caus) to cause to duck, to dip to duck
(actively)

chum ul maq (v pass with refi sense) [literally, to be ducked], specially, to bathe, to dip one's self

chundy (adj and subs) having lost an ear, one who has

lost an ear chunal (subs) a farrow for irrigation separating the se

veral bods in a garden

chuntal (suhs) a pocket in the skirt of a robe

chung (adj) great, large, big

جرىكاللمات ، دامات د معروبا و دامات مركالمات بالمات مات د ماتمات د ماتمات

chunggas sh mag (v recip) to squat together

chungga: maq (r intr) to squat (with the knees near tho face, like the natives of India) -

el fincar t mak (v caus) to cause to invert

chiwar mal (v tr) to throw over, to invert, to reverse, to turn over (entirely), to turn round (on to the opposite direction)

chawar ush mak (v recip) to invert together چوررزشماک درورزشماک د

دلان جولان chuyan (subs) pig iron also east iron

chal an affix implying extent or amount also, fashion

[See Gram under adverbs and post positions and
formation of adjectives Also see under chin below]

chian (subs) a scorpion Same as ol âyan

chibar (adj) skilled skilfni Kaz جنتار chibiq (subs) a rod a wind [See clubuq]

of this (subs) a fly a house fly

chibilduq (subs) a curtain stretched across a room, di viding it into ti o

chep (subs) an intrenchment, an earth work (to protect guns or troops)

chit (subs) a border, an edge, a frontier.

chitan (subs) a rough paling made of crossed sticks chitt (subs) a thorn fence, thorns stuck on the top of a

wall

chitt (subs) printed calico, chintz tale chicha (subs) mother, Kaz

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chichal (subs) a flower, also, small pox

chicken (adj) eloquent persuasive, Kaza دلياً chiel an lik (subs) eloquence, Kaz

chida 't mag (v caus) to cause to last چيداتماق

chida 'sh may (v recip) to last together حيداشمان

chida mag (v intr) to last, to endure حدامات

chida'm-ei- (adj) not lasting, unenduring, impitient chida'm liq (adj) enduring lasting patient عددارلدق chiran mak (v intr) to make an effort (physical), to strain

at any task, to grown or grunt over a hard task, to sit back in the saddle with one a feet well forward.

chirai-lüq (adı) handsome, good looking چدراللرق

ehirkin (adı) dirty, Kar جدوكني

chirla 't mag (v caus) to cause to call

chirla 'sh may (v recip) to call one another حير الشماق

chirla maq (v tr) to call, to summon-

chirma t-mag (v caus) to cause to wind, to cause to twine ehirmash (adj) entangled چيوماش

chirma sh tur maq (v recip caus.) to cause to be en tangled, to entangle, to intertwine

chirma sh ish maq (v recip redup) to be entangled to gether to be intertwined

, chirma sh mag (v recip) to wind or twine in compant , to be entangled. chirma I may (v pass) to be wound, to be twined

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chirma maq (v tr) to wind (irregularly), to twine chirma uq (subs) a creeper which winds itself round trees

(dying down in winter)

chiru 't mak (v caus) to cause to rot جدروتماك chirii mak (v intr) to rot جيرماك

Chiral (subs) an army, a force

chiril lan't mag (v caus) to cause to chirp

chiril la 'sh-mag (v recip) to chirp or chirrup in chorus عدر للاشعاق chiril la mag (v intr) to chirp, to chirrup, to twitter (like _voung birds)

ha chiza (subs) a measure of length (two spans of fore finger and thumb) [now identified with the half of the alchin (Russian "arschine") which is about 28 inches]

chiz dur mag (v caus) to cause to draw lines حيردواساق

chiz sah maq (v recip) to draw lines in company chiz mag (v tr) to draw a line or lines, to score

chiz iq (vl subs) a lino, a score

chigh (subs) a reed used for making baskets and mats , also a chick (Indian screen)

chigharimaq (subs) a coarse kind of grass growing in bunches which grazing animals will not touch

chigharia (subs) a machine for cleaning cotton of its seeds. by passing it between two rollers one of iron and one of Doore

chighin (subs) expense, KAZ

chiq (subs) dew چاق

chig-ar 't maq (v caus redup) to cause to make to go out, to cause to take out

chiq-or 'sh maq (v crus recip) to cruse to go out in company

chiq-ar mag (v caus) to cause to go out, to take out, to

chigan (subs.) a red eruption on the body

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chiq mag (v intr) to go out chiqim (subs) expense, expenditure

chila (subs) the temple (of the head) . Kin chilan (suls) embroidery

chik mak (v tr) to embroider.

chik mak (v tr) to smoke جيكما

chilman (subs) coarse cloth The same as chalman chiga (subs) vegetable fibre, a kind of wild hemp, also, s

rone made of the same Lildy chiny mak (v tr) to knot to tie in a line

Ki, Lis chiqortha (subs) a locust, a grasshopper chigit (subs) cotton seed.

chiqued (sub.) the refuse of fat left after boiling chilan (subs) a brown berry with a stone in it, not unlike the Indian ber

chilbur (rubs) a picketing rein, attached to a horse a headetall. chilpulla 's maq (v caus) to cause to sound by splashing

chilpul la 'sh mag (r recip) to sound of splashing in several directions at once

chilpul la mag (v intr) said of the sound of the splashing of water . to make a sound of splashing

chilpio (subs.) weakness and running of the eyes

chiltak (subs) a fancy edging to a garment chilim (subs) a hookah, a hubble-bubble [made of a hol

lowed gourd to contain the water, in Eastern Turkıstân]

chim (subs) a sod, a turf chimchiq (subs) a sparrow

chimche la t maq (v caus) to cause to pinch

chimch: la sh mag (v recip) to pinch one another

chimchilag (saba) the little finger , chimchilag ana-si 'the ring finger literally little finger's mother '

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chimchi la may (v tr) to pinch (with the fingers, re-
            peatedly)
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chimche maq (v tr) to pinch (once), to give a pinch

chin (adj) true, trustworthy چير

1878]

chin (suba) amount, extent, measure [the probable origin of the affix chal (which see) This latter is pronounced by the Kazzaks chain (as tiz ga chain for tiz ga chah) .

this forms a link to connect the two?

istale chin a 't mag (v crus) to cause to tighten chin a 1 mak (v caus) to cause to measure

china 'sh mag (v recip) to tighten in company.

chin a 'sh mak (r recip) to measure in company جيداشماك

china may (v tr) to tighten, to brice up

chin a mal (v tr) to measure to estimate, to reckon (size or extent) [distinguished from chagh la mag which refers to numbers]

ching (adj) strong firm, tight, hard چينگ

ching go mag (v tr) to tighten, to brace up Sime as china maa

chinggar-'t mag (v caus) to cause to scream جينگار تماؤر

chinggar mag (v intr) to seream, to squall جيناقرماق

ching la '! niag (v caus) to cause to sharpen by hammer-

ching la 'sh mag (v recip) to sharpen together by hammer

ching la maq (v tr) to sharpen by hammering (cold) [as a horse shoe nail before shoeing)

chin la 't maq (v caus) to cause to speak truth جنى لاثماق

chin la 'sh mag (v remp) to speak truth to one another, to become in exmest with one another

chin la may (v intr) to speak truth, to speak in earnest, to get angry

chini (suba) chini, porceluin, specially a china cup 14

chiyan (subs) a acorpion The same as chayar

τ

hait (subs) a festival, Eed [Corr A]

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ا المنا الدك loit lik (subs) things prepared for the celebration of the festival, also, presents given at the festival.

1

اترى Ahdiun (sub») a woman, a wife, P (2) اماد Ahdda (subs) a long stake or post الماد Ahdrkhashah (subs) bother, worry.

Lhasah (subs) calico, shirtings

للكا كا Ahdeah lek (adj.) particular, special, P T

Lia lidfd (ad) annoyed, displeased, troubled [Corr P]

د الآمان د háfa la't mag (v caus) to cause to annoy مالاتمان Lháfa la 'th mag (v recip) to annoy one another

Classic Aldfu la mag (v. tr) to annoy, to vex

Na Ahdla (subs) a maternal aunt, P.

المان المان

للم المعلق المع

لماق Ahd la maq (v tr) to de ire, to wish for, P T [114 for

Alla (subs) a bag P

Addm (ad) Jumpe raw (mail senses), crode, antishamed unlaboared, P hence (subs) cloth made of course single threads of cotton

Idea Aldrian (subs) a threshing floor or ground (where corn is trodden out), resped corn collected for threshing P [for Ahirman]

kham la t maq (v caus) to cause to unravel (tr)

Alan la shang (v recip) to unravel in company المامل ما المامل مامل مام

, alala tham lug (subs) immaturity, rawness

لله عال Lhite (subs) Ling prince also used in Kashgi ar as an ending for the names of women (not of men as in India) as A. Khun (moon princess), Mairam Khan (Lily Mary)

Khán arıq (prop name) a cınal some fourteen miles south of Kashghar derived from the Tazghun River, also a district and town urigated by it [Literally the Klais canal 1

Alabar (subs) news, intell gence, information P

كمرانساك كhabar la t mak (v caus) to cruse to inform

الماك Ahabar la mak (v tr) to give news to inform [with the

person in ga, and the news in the accusative), P 1 Lhabar la n nal (v pass and rell) to be informed to

1) ar lkar (ad1) marticulate indistinct in utterance

inform one a self اب المرراب Llarrat (subs) a carpenter

Lhurral (subs) a snore ffloor P Ahirman (subs) corn collected for threshing a threshing لمرى khars (subs) the main beam of a (flat) roof [on which the I seer cross beams from either wall rest on their ends] (Cf Hind Larrs - beam)

لم المال عواحة khwdja (subs.) a title applied to the offspring of a Sixxl It a woman of any other family also to their descendants Also u ed as a mere term of honour for alde sing a s sperior like Sir generally pronounced Lhoja

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المعرقوك Ahutul (subs) a young ass

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בפרנט Ahutun (subs) For Ahatun (which see)

Ana lhoja (subs) Por lhudja (which see)

ال حراحين khurjin (subs) a saldle big (double, so as to fit on each side of the horse's bick). P

ا المحروليتي المنان Lhur lig (sdj) bas, contemptible [From Lhucar, P] حروليتي المنان المنان

العالم العالم (العالم العالم

Ahush (adj and adv) happy, well, P حرش

Lhush-anat (subs) sycopl ancy, obsequenusnees, P

المال حوشلامات Lhush la I mag (cans) to caus to make happy

ג hush la 'sh maq (v recip) to plane one another, to please several people, to wish one another friewell

لمولاماتي كالمدال له المدال ا

please one a self

Akush yaq maa (adj) unwilling lazy

Akush yaq maa (adj) unwilling lazy

Akush yaq maa (v intr) to be agreeable (of an action), to

Lhush yaq 11aq (v intr) to be agreeable (of an action), to
be willing (of the ageot) [Lattle used in Eastern Tur
kistån]

موم Lhum (subs) a large earthenware vessel

Ahumár (subs) illness or mal-ause resulting from the giving up of stimulants or narcotics, also, headache after drinking

دوماري Ahumars (ad) ill from giving up drink or drugs, or from the excessive use of them

مون مالله عرب Ahun (subs) blood money, satisfaction for the death of any one [from Ahun == blood, P]

klungan (sub*) a eucumber حونگان

Ahrra (adj) dim lozi lhira = dim eyed i e short sighted.

Ahrra la maq (v intr) to speak indistinctly or hoarsely

(as from the effect of a govire)

Lina (subs) the dye called 'henna' [Corr A]

IP T

là da (post pos) at, in (used where motion is not implied)

also dats (participle) For drp "liaving said", from de mak

also dats (subs) a spring forwards, [only used in composition,
as dats birmal to spring forwards, to dart forwards]

bla data (subs) For datas

| ald dada (subs) father Ugas dada = step father

dar (subs) a gallows, a clothes have (for drying clothes), P

ar (subs) a ganows, a clothes time (for drying clothes) daru (subs) medicine, drugs, spices, gunpowder

ald dagh (subs) grief, sorrow, also P, an indelible mark

Les dagl & (subs) deception, cheating, P

Alle dagl 4 baz (ada) decentful, cheating, P

dagh la 't mag (v caus) to eause to brand داعلاماق

dagh la sh maq (v recip) to brand together

dagh la mag (v tr) to mark indelibly, to brand, to tattoo, اعلامات dagh la 'n mag (v pass and refl.) to be branded, to brand

adal (advl affix) For dil

Jis dalon (subs) an inner gateway [dividing the outer premises to which men have access from the inner court yard in which are the women spartments. It is formed of a kind of hall or pussage with two doors, not opposite one another so that no one can see into the inner yard, even when the doors are open.

dalu (subs) a shoulder blade the shoulder

dang (subs) a serai frequented by the poorer class of tra

دانگ dang (subs) renown

ala dao (subs) For diwa

Ja dao (subs) a stake laid by a looker on at a game

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ble dana (subs ) a claim, a lawsuit (Corr A)
      ble dará (subs) medi ine (Corr A)
     (over mountains) a pass (over mountains) داران
 dara-'I may (r caus ) to eause to mumic داو اتماق
daura-'sh may (r refl ) to mimic one another دارراشماق
 daura mag (r tr) to mack, to mimie, to imitate
    ارزي dourug (subs ) a clamour, a hullaballoo
   ald dauch (sub= ) nor-e
ddush la 'I mag (r cans ) to cause to make a noise وثالثماني
dansh la 'ch may (r recip) to make a noise together, or
             to one another
المائة المائة daush la mag (v. tr) to make a nore
     ald das (adrl affir) For dal or dil. KAZ
    رياع dugin (adrl. affix) For dal or dil, Kit
   all all adr hel (adr) at once, on the spot, P (literally, in the
             condition of affairs)
     dar rao (adr ) while in the act, immediately, P
    darak (subs) cognizance, perception (concrete), darak tip
             tim "I have become aware." P
                                                         [work]
    الركار dar lar (ady) necessary, required, P (literally, in the
  الية, dar Lar leg (subs ) a moussary, a requisite, P. T
Julia darak la 'l mal (v caus) to cau e to inquire
darak la sh mak (v recip) to inquire of one another, or,
             together
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darak la mak (v tr) to inquire, to endeavour, to become cognizant

And dazmal (subs) a flat gron (for smoothening linen) dastar khan (subs) a table-cloth (spread on the floor for eating) also, what is placed thereupon, a spread, a feast [The daster Abda is quite an institution in Turkistin, hospitality requiring that one should be put before a guest on every possible occasion quite regardless of regular meal times. First bread, fruit and sweetmeats

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are put on the cloth, afterwards meat entries of different kinds, then huge dishes of pilao, and then cups full of soup] (For dastar khuan), P

dastar khán che (subs) the chief servant who lays tho cloth and puts the dishes on it, one by one, taking them from the hands of the other attendants Also, an officer at the Court of Khokand who enjoys the revenues of a certain district subject to the duty of providing the requisites for the Khan a guests

dastal (subs) a written order of any one in authority, P dast mal (subs) a handkerchief, a towel, P

dastur khan (subs) For dastar khan

dailab (subs) beginning, commencement

dasmal (subs) For dast mal P

dasmdya (subs) capital (of money) [for dast maya], P [As rigid Musalmans consider it wrong to receive interest on their capital, they arrange as follows they advance a certain sum to the borrower who is considered their trading agent of the profit that accrues (after deduction and repayment of the capital) two thirds go to the capitalist and one third to the borrower (the latter having deducted his own cost of maintenance meanwhile out of the undivided profit) Another ar rungement is that the capitalist takes only half the profits, but the agent or borrower bears his own ex penses Losses are borne on the second plan by both in the proportion of 2 to 1 and on the first plan by the capitalist ?

#3 dam (subs) breath, steam, P

dam dl dur mag (v caus) to cruse to take breath dam al ish maq (v recip) to take breath or rest, together .

or in turns

dam al maq (v intr) to take breath, to rest, P T

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را dambura (subs.) a two etringed guitar, Kiz
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dam la 't mal (v caus) to cause to cook hy steam دمانماک

الماك dam la 'sh mal (v recip) to steam together, also, dam-al ush mal, in the sense of rest by turns in any task, to work 'in tie,' to carry by turns

Challe dam la mal (v tr) to steam, to cook in steam [by shut ting the top of the vessel, as with a tea kettle, or by placing the pastry. &c to be cooked, on a wooden grating fixed some distance above the surface of boiling water in the inside of a large closed vessel]

, od dan (post pos) from than

دىيا dunya (subs) the world , also, realth riches, A

dunya dar (adj) wealthy, nich A P

Las duba (subs) a mound, a hillock Same as tapah

dutar (subs) a two-stringed lute [du tur as distinguished from as tor = 'three struged a gustur', P

350 dur Present auxiliary tense (see Grammar under ' Verbs) Probably a corruption of turur (which often occurs in its place in old writings) the Present Future of fur mak " to stand "

1 5 10 daury (subs) rule reign, the time of any hing's rule P dusta (suhs) a board for chopping meat on

Jed dul (ad) hump-backed.

Dolan (prop name) the plains of the Yarkand River from two marches east of larkand to within some seven

marches of Alsu also their inhabitants. They are great reverers of the saintly family of the hashghar Khojas

daulat (subs) For daulat (which see)

dol (subs) the funnel shaped feeder of a mill.

dols (sube) the shoulder blade the shoulder [for d du] dumb ia (subs) a drum.

وري dascan (subs) a pass over a mountain range [for dascán] dunan (adı) two year old وونان

dunbul (adj) unripe (of corn) دوددول Im Central Asia) درسه dunba (subs) a broad cheep's tail (of the sort common dung (subs) riving ground درنگ

عنا deb [pronounced dep] (part) having stid, saying [This closes almost every quotation or even statement of what passed in the mind of any one, answering nearly to our "that" at the beginning E g bards dip kupts "he arose that he might go" (hterally "let me go, so saying, he arose"), shubu dip tunudim " I recognised that it (was) he" (hterally "he, so saying, I recognised ')]

dipsa 't mak (v caus) to cruse to tread down dipea'sh mag (r recip) to tread down together.

dipea mak (v. tr) to tread down, to tread in

from pit mak "to write')

ويدا ك dedal (subs) a female slave

ال عنورماك dé dur mak (v caus) to cause to say. ريساكيون désak chi (subs) a might watchman.

dil (adil and advl affix) like , similarly to [This is affixed to words or even subordinate sentences, governing generally the genitive of pronouns, the future participle of verbs, but the simple radical of other words] (? Verbal form from dé mak " to say", dek " what is spoken", quast " so to speak ," as patit " what is written",

يارچى de gu-ch: (subs) a speaker, one who says [from the fut. part of de mak].

اليماك dé-mak (v tr) to say

din (post pos) from, than [cant, a dervesh, a beggar, P. ניבלוט diwana (adj and subs) mad, a madman, also, a mendi-

rabat (subs) a rest house

راناق rabaq (subs) a palace, the private dwelling of a Ruler, [for rawaq, A]

الس المعناق (for rast, P و المعناق ا

rås la 'sā-māq (v recip) to discharge together راسلاها ق راسلاها براسلاها المسلام (v tr) to complete a number, to di charge a payment, to set right, to set in order (°) P T

رسال rambal (subs) a soothsajer, P

rang la 't mak (v erus.) to cause to dye رئالشماك rang la 'sh mak (v recip) to dye together

rang to 'sh mak (v recip) to dye together رئاماك , rang la mak (v tr) to colour, to dye, P T

rang la 'n mal (v pass and refl.) to be, or, become colour ed. to assume a colour

ed, to assume a colour رگلامیشاک rang la 'n 12h mal (v refl recip) to become coloured in company, to paint their faces in company (of women)

rang hi (all) coloured bright coloured, handsome, P T

rudah pas (subs) a persistent, or, importunate persoa, an incubus, an old man of the sea, P

3.5) rozah (subs) a fast, the month Ramazân P

"face and malidan "to wipe 'P]

ניטט ruyan (subs) madder (a dye) Kn P

i

ا عن (subs) trouble, annoyance [for tza, A] عن راع zágh (subs) o jackdaw

د علي عقوم علي المعلق عقوم عقوم المعلق المع

راعون عراعون zaghun (subs) mustard [only used for extracting oil] يرى gamaruq (subs) a root eaten cooked in milk [in Wakhan]

Badakhshan &c] عصر aaghir (subs) lineeed flax (grown only for the oil)

zarıburak (subs) a gun, a piece of artillery رمدرك

zanyıı (subs) a chaın, P رتحير

zangir la 'l mal (v erus) to cause to put in chains

zanjir la 'ek mak (v recip) to chain together رحيرالشماك

zanpır la mak (v tr) to chun, to put in chuns, to chun

رات , zangir la 'n mal (v pres) to be enchained رات , zang (sube) rust

راكبرل , zangbar 1k (subs) The same as zamburak

رگاهای zang la 'i-mal (، cans) to cause to rust, to allow to rust رگاهای zang la mal (، intr) to rust, to become rusty

1) zur (subs) strength, force, violence, 1'

zor la't m 19 (r eaus) to eause to use force, or, violence ورالشمائی zor la'sh may (v recip) to use force together, to exert themselves together, or, a z inst one another

يت la máq (x tr) to use force to, to use violence to, P T. يترافعي يت la máq (x tr) to use force to, to use violence to, P T. يرزافون يت يتراما (subs and adj.) force, violence, strong, violent درائي يتراما (subs) fotters

genth tur mak (y caus) to cause to be weared, to enuse transcentification of the cause to be weared, to enuse

zerık ısık mak (v recup) to be meatic l (of anything) to gether

zerik riak (v mtr) to be wearied, to feel (anything) irk

, zighir (suls) The same as zaghir (suls). The same as zaghir (suls) Zilchig (trop namo) a smill river or canal a few unles south of lathand

and, zitchah (sabs) a long pilo carpet, a Furkey carpet

sapaq (subs) the eye of a button (formed of wire) apag la mag (v tr) to make an eve to a button sap man (v tr) to thread (a needle) to string (beads) anpun (subs) sorp, A and tur may (v caus) to cause to sell ant ish mag (r recip) to sell together adt mag (r tr) to sell to give in barter alt mag (v tr) to buy. [hterally, to take by purebase] bloegu ([ba lv] zis pi sas migamı,

alt : و الله الا) ودا الله ساييقادي

to be soll will need (r pass) to be soll

anch (subs) a starting ساج each (subs) hair of the head, Kn

sachag (subs) a tassel [For chachag]

, land sachoan (subs.) a rat, a mouse Also, the name of one of the years of the Turks eyele

such tur may (v caus) to cause to sow (seed)

sach seh mag (v recip) to sow in company

sach-mag (v tr) to sow (seed) The same as clacky ag sach il maa (v prss) to be sown

alra f man (v caus) to cause to sing (as a bird)

sam sh man (v recip) to sing together (as birds)

saragh (vl. subs) a bird s sone

afra maq (v intr) to sing [said only of birds] For saira

sarana (adı) mad ınsane سارانگ

saras (subs) a caravansaras, a place in a town where traders with their cattle put up P

Sart (prop name) a term applied by the nomads (Kirghiz Kazzaks, &c) to dwellers in settled habitations whether Turks or Tunks, s e, whether Turamans or Iranians

anigh.ar-mag (v intr) to become yellow سازعارمان earigh aī 't mag (v caus) to cause to become yellow سازعایشمان earigh aī 'th mag (v recip) to become yellow togother سازعایشمان earigh a: mag (v intr) to become yellow.

sarghu (adj) deaf

arr، (advl affix) as, in the measure of [after the Inde

adrigh (adj.) yellow ساريج عاليق علام

Sqrigh-ôt (prop name) literally 'yellow grass' The name of a plain near the Karakoram

سارح أيعور Songà Aighur (prop name) a place mentioned in the Tawarikh : Rashldt as in the direction of Lake Lob There is at the present day a hill new Karssbahr called Aighur Taghi This seems to have hen the home of Unghurs [Aighur means "a stallion"]

Sarigh Chopan (prop name) a stage on the road botween Sarigol and Wakhan (nearest the latter) Mentioned in the Tawarikh i Rashidi, and by modern travellers

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Sariqia (prop name) literally, 'yellow slant' Name of a
                part of the Qaragash Valley
         edz (subs ) a marsh
         saz (subs ) any musical instrument, P
         saza (subs ) punishment, P
        . Ilim sazan (subs ) a species of fish, Kaz
    adz la 't maq (v caus ) to cau-e to tnne سار لاتماة.
   adz la-'sh-mag (v recip ) to tune up together ساز لشماق
    saz la maq (v tr ) to tune, to bring into tune, P T
      saz liq (subs.) harmony (chiefly used metaphorically), P T.
   cause to be putrid.
  sis: 'sh mag (v recip ) to be putrid together
      sand sangh (vi adj ) putrid, stinking
   . assor lin (rl subs ) patridity, stinkingness
    eder man (v intr ) to putrefy, to be putrid, to stink ساسيماة,
        sagh (suhs ) wellness, happiness ساغ
     glacin sagidag (subs ) a bow
     el,el eaghraghu (adj ) deaf
     adghrs (subs ) a leather prepared from horse skin (from the
               back of the borse) [ 2 shagreen]
       anghez (subs ) fine clay
    eaghizghan (subs ) a magpie ساعرعان
     eagl Isq (subs) a ewe ساعلية,
       eachim (subs ) mirage distorted and magnified objects as
              seen through the heated atmosphere near the ground
     aghmaq (v tr) to milk ساعماق
      sanhu (subs ) a wooden butt or pail
     و ومراده (adj ) giving milk, 'milch
anghen sel-mag (r reesp ) to rearn for one another ساعينيشماق
  anhin-mag (v tr ) to yearn for (a person)
      sofil (ali ) of earthenware سافال
      enfing For sapal (which see)
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afilg la maq Por sapaglamag مساداللامالي saf maq Por sapmag Por sagh الله سنالي سنالي saga (subs) a playing marble
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هنال عنورة (subs) a beard

sagalduruq (subs) the throat strap of a horse's head stall ساتالدرون eaq at t maq (v eaus) to cause to be well or happy

ai mag (v intr) to be well or happy ساقايماتي

engle 't mag (v caus) to cause to be taken care of, to

angla 'sh-mag (v recip) to take care of one another angle mag (v tr) to take care of , also, to wait for the same as eald

adsan (num) eighty [From ealiz "eight' and un" "teu"]

soksaul (subs) a sort of heary wood which burns without wasting, retriumg its shape until after it has become a glowing mass all through

sakız (num) eight

taki. ailan (num suba) a group of eight

ankız ınckı (num. adı) eighth ساكدرنجي

salbira 't mag (v caus) to cause to dangle, to cau to be of uneven length

ot unever sought to dangle together to be of unever length together unever length together

albira maq (v mtr) to dangle (as a rope) to be of uneven length (as stirrups or the two sides of a robe)

ail dur and (v caus) to cause to throw together all the star (v recy) to throw together all glass (subs) a sling, a throwing instrument all the salgin (ail) tool, temperate, incidentally warm

aardar (subs) a high officer charged with some particular employ. P

sur dur mak (v caus) to cause to purge (as a draught)

שתא sırka (subs) vinegar, P arkar (subs) an official (of great or small degree) charged with the duty of collecting and re distributing or ac counting for the revenues in kind of a large or small district or village under the orders of its governor of head man, also with all the works of making up or repair of moveable Government property, such as cloth

ing furniture &c . P ar kardah (subs) a high official entrusted with any par سركري ticular function, P

surgs (subs) a purging draught سرگي

sür mak (v intr) to be purged (in consequence of a draught)

anfal (suhs) a fortification, a battlement

sagal (suhs) a beard.

sug tur mdq (v caus) to cause to squeeze

suq ssh maq (v recip) to squeeze in company, to squeeze one another (by the throat) aug mag [prond almost sig mag] (v tr) to squeeze to

express (Imce, &c) aakra t mak (v eaus) to cause to jump close-footed سكراتماك

sakra sh mak (v recip) to jump together سكراشماك

akra mak (v intr) to jump close footed, to hop ankız (num) eight سكر

agroup of eight مكرالان aakiz-ailan (num. subs) a group of sakız ınchı (num. adı) eiglith سكرنجي

salsan (num.) eighty [sale. eight and un' ten]

يمالة عمالة (subs) a turban.

san (pron) thou.

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sun [prond almost ein] trial, experience
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sun a 't mag (v caus) to cause to try

sun-a 'th mag (r recip) to try one another, or in com

Gilelim sun n'gh-lig (il ad]) tried, proved Inans

enn a mag (v tr) to try, to prove, to make experiment

sun chi (subs) a trier, an examiner

eun dur't mag (v cans redupl) to cause to break (tr) to cause to make broken

sunder may (r caus) to cause to become broken, to break (tr) [Also sun dur ush maq, &e]

sun la mag (v tr) to try, to prove [same as sun a mag]

sun maq (v intr) to break, to become broken , [also sun ush mad Se I

sün sq (vl adı) broken, ın a broken state

24 (subs) water, a stream [the latter sense in composition chiefly, as al au " white stream or water, Lizil au red stream or water '1

su a & mag (v caus) to cruse to anoint

su a sh mag (v recip) to amount together, to anount one

maq (v pass) to be anounted Janother st al mag (v mtr) to run dry (said of a cow in milk) سوالمان

sh a maq (v tr) to spread any liquid or semi liquid over a surface, to amount to smear, to plaster

a n maq (v refl) to amount one s self سوادماق

sh ba maq The same as shamaq [also subatriag subash sult (subs) milk سوت [mag &c]

suchuk (ad]) sweet (not butter or sour)

sû chs (subs) ع water carrier fr T saudagar chi leq (subs) the profession of a merchant,

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         adlma (cubs ) drift wood.
       all maq (v tr ) to throw (gently) to throw off (as clothes),
                 to pour, to put in, to lay out (as a wall, &c )
     alinchaq (sub*) any thing put ou as an ornament, e g,
                 a necklace. Ac
      samawar (subs ) a tea urn , Russiau samovar
       samsa (subs ) a small baked meat dumpling
       sameu (subs ) a glazed cofton stuff, [now made in Khotan,
                 but formerly imported from Chinal, Cit
          san (subs ) total, amount , used by the Kazaks for ten
                krors (10,00,00,000)
          هار عقم (subs ) the thigh.
     san-a 's mag (v caus) to cause to count
        aanach (subs ) an entire goat shinused as a bag for flour, &c
     shall san-a 'sh-mag (v recip) to count together
       sandgh (subs.) account, number.
     an-a '! mag (v pass) to be counted
      san-a-mag (v tr) to count, to reckon.
                                                      [following]
      sanged (subs.) an acute pain in the stomach [from the
   sange mak (v tr ) to stab, to prich, to pierce, to spear
       anddl (subs ) an anvil عادداا ,
      P صدوق anduq (sabe) a box. For صادوق
      san sız (adj ) countless, uncounted , also, of no account.
     angraghu (ad1) deaf.
      , lolu sangrau (adı ) deaf, Kaz
  angul la mal (v intr) to dangle, to hang loose سائلولاماك
     eaur t-mag (v caus ) to esuse to winnow ساورتماق
   saur ush maq (v recip) to winnow in company سار وشماق
     saur maq (v tr ) to winnow (grain) ساورماتی
     sauru-mag The same
      aughat (subs ) a present a Leepsake, P سارعات
       sabq (ad1) cold, [in form derived from sab-mag]
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saốt luq (subs) cold, coldness سارتليق

ead 'i mag (v caus) to cause to be cold, to cool (tr)

sab-'sh mag (v recip) to be cold together سارشماتي

sas mag (v intr) to be cold, to become cold, to cool (intr)

" ade (subs) a desert plain , ade Lal " a desert gazelle "

عالى عالم (subs) a gorge, a ravine, a river bed, KAZ sayin (subs.) a mare which will not consort with the herd,

Kaz Also, the name of a Kirghiz tribe

alirlag (ad) desert, barren

saida 't-mag (v cans) to cruse to select

aaï la 'sh maq (v recip) to select together سايلاشمان

earla mag (v tr) to select, to pick out

eas in 'n may (v pass) to be chosen, or selected

adi maq (v tr) For sanjimak, Kningiz

anhag (eubs) instruction (Corr A) ساق

سایاتی sapaq (subs) The same as سیاتی

sipati (subs) a soldier For sipati, P

sipur-'t mak (v caus) to cruse to sweep

Super mak (v tr) to sweep

eipur ge (eube) a broom, a brush سپورکی

Jum sapil (subs) a fortification, a battlement Tor safil

ant (adj) ugly

eut mag (v tr) [prond almost sit mag] to extrude the con tents of an egg, the bram, &c

ut il maq (v pass) to be extruded, to goze out

aachul (adj) sweet-toned سيبوك

earas (subs.) a rest bouse for travellers in a town, P

ar baz (subs) an infantry soldier [hiterally "one who stakes his head,"] P

sarpaī (subs) a full dress of honour (including turban or cap, robe and boots) For sar o-pas, P sur che [prond almost esrchi] (subs) a punter and gulder,

a Jamter of patterns on a wall

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sura i mmg (v cans) to cause to ask

"the mag (v recep) to ask one another, or in company

"التاني stra" in (aubs) inquiry into the rights of a matter,

"التاني stra" in (aubs) harrow

[justice

"العادة عندالمانية على عليه الموامنية ال

jurisdiction عنوراماک aüra mak (v tr) to drag

aure tur mak (v erus) to cause to wipe مورتقورماک aure mak (v tr) to wipe Kii , to smerr Y

auri mak (v tr) to wipe kin , to sme'r i swe'r ush mak (v recip) to wipe in company

surgu (subs) a purging draught سوزگو surgu (subs) a purging draught war māq (v tr) to asl. The same as sura maq

sar mak (v tr) to drive together (sheep &c)

sur ush mak (v recip) to drive together in company to drive one another alternately backwards and forwards (as cattle fighting)

suruk (subs) a flock a herd [from surmal]

eurun (subs) a Royal assembly, a Ling a Court

sur un clak (adj) stumbling given to stumbling given to stumbling given to stumbling given to stumble gu to drive ones self

together]

soz (subs) a word, a speech also any written matter مسورا دراك so_aq (subs) venered disease

suz-dur mak (v caus) to cause to strain (through a cloth (c)) عدوره کس suz qu (subs) a strainer a cullender

su guch (subs) a small toothed comb (with a rib in the middle)

soz la 'l mak (v caus) to cause to speak

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soz la 'sh mak (v recip ) to speak together سورالشماك
soz la mak (v tr ) to speak, to say, to talk
oz la n mak (v refl ) to talk to one's self سورالانماك
  su= mak (v tr) to strain, to filter, to remove solids from
              a saucepan
 anz iil mak (v pass) to be strained, or filtered سورولماك
 sh ghar 't mag (v eaus) to cause to water سوعارتماق
sû ghar 'sh mag (v recip) to water in compin
  sighar maq (v tr ) to water (the ground or a horse) سرعازماق
     ,=, w sil ghu (subs ) a water pul
  ed ghu chaq (subs) a small pail, also the name of a tank
              in the city of Yarkand
 sughur 't maq (v caus) to cause to draw out
  sughur mag (v tr ) to draw out (any long object as a sword سوعوماق
               from the scabbard, or a stick from a faggot)
 sughur ush mdq (v recip) to draw out in company, to draw
               (swords) on both sides
     sughoq (adı ) cold سوعوق
      alf (subs ) fine linen or cotton cloth.
        was sufa (subs ) a raised platform for sitting on origin of our
                'sofa,' P
       sufi (subs ) a recluse, a religious man, A
        auq (subs ) the stroke of the evil eye
        sogta (subs.) black puddings (the blood of munals filled
                into sausages, used in feeding dogs) Kaz
   ang tur mag (v caus) to cause to strike سوقتورماق
      soq maq (v tr ) to strike سوقماق
      suq maq (r tr ) to sheathe, to press any long object into a
                receptacle
        solur (adı ) blind Kaz
       soquak (v suba) a fight, a striking [from soqmaq] سردرش
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soq ush maq (v neip) to strike one mother, to fight

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soq ul-maq (v pass) to be beaten

sogun: (subs) a fat ox سرقوم

sul (subs) millet cleaned of its husk

K, w suka (subs) an ear ring

sulsul (subs) a tree used for fuel The same as salsaul

aul mal (v tr) to cold, or vituperate سركماك

eul-mal (v. tr) to mado a seam.

aukush (subs) abase, vituperation سوكية .

sul ush mak (v recip) to scold or abuse one another eul ush mal (v recip) to undo a seam tegether سوكوشماك

suk ul mak (r pass) to be scolded. سوكولماك

aul ul-mal (r pass) to be and one (of a seam)

augat (subs) a willow tree Also the name of a place (where there trees grow) and of a Pass, in the Knen Lua (near Shahid ullah)

يريال, w sunal (subs) a wart

. ... sol (adi) left [hand]

eol aghaï (adj) left handed سولاعاي

sy lag (sube) a watering place for cattle

"," sula'a (subs) a hoase in which cattle or sheep are kept sulagas (ad)) The same as solaghai

sula 'q maq (v mtr) to be enclosed, or shut up (in any

ulacel aula maq (v tr) to enclose, to shut up

su la maq (v tr) to water (either cattle or the ground)

sulu (subs) breath, Kaz

suluq (sub») a bit (horse s) سولوق

eu luq (subs) a waterproof, or garment to ward off the

sulu q ush maq (v recip) to be enclosed together or at the same time

ulu q maq (v intr) to be enclosed سولوقمان suliq For suluq (both senses) سولدق

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sum (adj) thick, massive سرم sum ur't mal (v ergs) to crues to become fat, to fit-
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ten (tr)
sum ur mak (v intr) to become fat

sum ur ush mak (v recip) to become fat together ستوموررشماك

ahsolutely as an adverb, haz, Ku

Elym sungach (subs) the or coccygue

eungag (subs) a bone سرنگاق

sungalchaq (subs) the beel bone سونكالتياق

sung piāz (subs) a leek, Cu P.

eung ro (post pos and adv) The same as eung, Kaz, Ku

eung ghs (ady) hinder, aftermost, following

sunguch (suh) a culvert, a hole for the escape of water, Y
بوناروی sungur (subs) a tendon

[to digest

to mgest of cause y a reduce y to cause to absorb, to cause to absorb, to cause on a metal of cause of the mat. (v caus) to absorb, to digest fliterally, to

cause to be absorbed or digested] See singurmal.

(۳ caus recip) to absorb or digest together

was to reach (by stretching out a limb) sun up yet-

ann ush maq (v recip) to stretch (limbs) towards one another, or together

sucu't mag (r caus) to eause to be or become cold, to

aucu sh maq (v recip) to become cold together, to cool (intr) together

uneu q (vl adı) cold, cool שورق

suwn maq (v intr) to become cold, to cool

at ya f mak (v caus) to cruse to support or prop up

(sabs) oil [literally 'water fat'] (sabs) oil [literally 'water fat']

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süyak (subs) a bone, Kaz سوماك süyak (subs) n wart, Kaz

suya.'I mak (v pass) to be supported or propped (as a sick man)

מעטיק sūyam (subs.) n measure (the span between the foreinger and thumb)

aiya mak (v tr) to support or prop up (as a sick man), also, to prop up, or cause to lean, any object againstsome firmer tiling, also metaphorically, to support the credit of any ono

and forefinger (against with the thumb

suya 'n.mak (r refl) to support one's self by, to lean support one's self by, to lean against one another عبدالمالية عبد

ي بريكانشماك ağııka 'n ısh mah (v red recip) to rub or brush against one another (as men in a crowded street)

a iso, to rub one s self , also, to rub one s self (as an animal against a post)

mdq (v tr) to hill by cutting the throat, also to skin sii mak (v tr) to love, to like, to kiss, to caress au unk luk (vl. adj) beloved

suy un chi (subs) a rewird for pleasure given, a (substan tial) mark of gratitude

suy un mak (v refl) to be pleased or happy (hterally, to like one s self, 'to fancy one s self)

suy un-uch (subs) pleasure, happiness

sipa t mag (v caus) to cause to stroke

sipa la maq (v tr) to stroke continuously also specially, to feel about for any thing, to search with the fingers or band. " tálonner" يالمان n mdq (v refl) to stroke one's self, to plame itself (af a bird) to arrange one's hair, de

sipack (subs) a turbin of white cloth.

asp mak'(v tr) to strew, to sprinkle, to scatter [by dre

sitdr (subs) a guntar [seh "three ', tdr "string '], P

attarch: (subs) a player on the guitar, P T

sikk (subs) a spot a shewer, P

ביל surr (subs) the colour vermilion, empabri, also colour in general

Sirr (prop name) the River Jaxartes or Suhun

zerp: 'I mak (v prss) to be moved forward in a wave serp: mak (v tr) to move (a fluid or semi fluid) forward in

erpı 'm.mal (v refl) to move (itself) forward in a wave, to surge

sergura 't mag (v caus) to cause sharp pain in any parti cular spot of the body

هدرقر إمان sergura.mag (v intr) to feel sharp local pain مدرقر إمان err la 't mag (v cans) to cause to paint

err la-tah-mag (v recip) to paint together

arr la maq (v tr) to paint, to lay on colour سيرامان

sirr liq (adj) painted, coloared مدرلتن

siyir maq (v tr) to tell one s beads (of a rosary)

rr: 't suag (v caus) to cause to quilt و دين ميرنماتي ديد الماق (v pass) to be quilted

sers maq (v tr) to quilt, to ornament a garment &c by

sız (pron) you, [used respectfully to a single person as in English]

siz (post pos) without, deprived of, also, as a privative affix to adjectives &c, [e g, khush siz' un happ) or ' dis pleased

sez-dur-mak (v. caus) to cause (involuntarily), to diecover سيزدروماك or become aware, to let out (a secret)

sizqhur.maq (v. intr.) to whistle. sizlaq (adj) unwell, ailing; aghriq-sizlaq (subs) an epi-

demie sir-la-'t-mag (v. caus) to cause local pain.

siz-la-'sh-mag (v. recip) to feel pain together عدراتشماق siz-la-may (v. intr.) to feel any local pain

siz-mag (v. tr) to make a mark by scratching.

sex-mak (v. tr) to detect, to become aware siz-19 (vl sube) a seratch, a line or mark scratched

سيريك (71, subs) a clue, a solution. . ez.al.mal (v. prss) to be detected.

atailor, CII. بيغونگ saifung (subs) a tailor, CII.

sıl (subs) a flood, a flooding, A.

sila-'t-man (v. caus) to cause to rub down, to cause to use

friction. sila.'t-maq (v. caus) to cause to entertain (a guest), Kaz. sila.'sh-mag (v. recip.) to rub down together.

sila-'sh-mag (v recip) to entertain one another, Kaz.

sila-mag (v. tr) to rub down, to use friction. sila maq (v tr) to entertain (a gnest) to show hospitality

am (subs) wire, P. aim-ab (subs) quicksilver [literally " silver-water"], A P.

simar maq (v tr) to tuck up one's sleeves or trousers. سيمارماق zıma,la maq (v tr) The same as sımarmaq سنمالماق gemir-'t-mak (v caus) to become fat, to fatten (tr). semir-'sh-mal (v recip) to become fat together.

semir mak (v intr) to become fat, to fatten.

jam semiz (ady) fat aın (subs) a trial, an experiment enna-'t-mag (v caus) to cause to try سيدانماق eina-'sh-maq (v recip) to try together. سيعاشماق sına 'q (vì adı) tried, proved سيداق

sina man (v tr) to try, to make trial, to test, to prove sin-dur mag (v caus) to cause to brisk (intr), to break

(tr) sin chi (subs) a trier, an assayer, an experimenter, spe cially, a judge of horse flesh

. sing dur mak (v caus) to cause to be absorbed, to absorb .

The philiam singger mak (v tr) to blow one s nose (tr) singil (snbs) a sister younger than one's self

eing mak (v intr) to be absorbed to dry up ung ur mak (v caus) to cause to dry up, to absorb

en mag (v mir) to break, to become broken

ahdp (subs) a straight sword

ان shapalag (subs) the palm of the hand together with the inner side of the fingers, also, a slap (with the open

hand) shatal (subs) a percentage of the winnings at any game,

taken by the landlord or by the Government shater (subs) a man who goes in advance to clear the way by calling out to the people

shalir la t mag (v caus) to cruse to make a no se so as to scare away birds, &c

shater la sh maq (v recip) to make a noise de in com pany

ahdin la ghuch (subs) a rattle for scaring away birds de shater la maq (v tr) to make n noise so as to scare away

birds, &c , to spring a rattle, P P hátu) (subs) a ladder هاتير (subs) هاتي

شامر Addar The same as شاتير

The shall (subs) a branch, a twig , also a horn antier, P

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shakhar (subs) potrsh, P.

hakh-la-mag (v intr.) to branch out

shad-liq (subs) happiness, pleasure, P T

sharaq-sharaq (subs) the rattle or noise of a child's plaything, of a waggon, &c.

shash tur-mag (v. caus) to cause to hurry.

shdsh-mag (v. intr.) to hurry, to make haste

shash-ur-may. The same as shashturmay.

shaghal (subs) a jackal.

shaf (subs) a straight sword

ahdf.la.'t.mag (v caus) to cause to strike with the sworil. فالاشماق shaf.la.'sh.mag (v. recip) to strike one another or together

with the sword.

shaf la-mag (v tr) to strike with the sword

shakal (subs) broken walnut or other fruit-shells شال الله shall (subs) a wooden plank Also P stuff made of goat's down, shawl.

مالياعليق shdl-yaghlig (subs) a woollen (shawl stuff) handkerchief or small scarf

halaq la-'I-mdq (r caus) to cause to jog, to cause to be

shakeu uncomfortably. shalág la-mág (v mtr) to 10g, to be shaken uncomfortably

shallagı (adj. and subs.) impudeut, shameless (of a woman).

shaltaq (adj) defiled شالنان

And while (wha) were in the brisk, ?

sham (sub*) a candle [made in Eastern Torkistin of tallow with a wick of cotton wound round a central piece of reed], A.

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shama (subs ) refuse ter leaves after infusion
shamal (subs ) wind, (? A ) شامال
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shamah (subs) a candle

shang (subs) a present, [? Cn]

shangghi (adj and subs) truculent turbulent (of men),

الك (shangahu) vicious (of animals) ahauqum (subs) tumult, noise شارقهم

shdu la 't mag (v caus) to cause to murmur (as water) ahdu la mag (v intr) to murmur (as distant waters), to

hum (as a Lettle)

ahdun: (subs) a thread of hemp, flax or hair alas (ada) dandy, well-dressed شاي

and (subs) a kind of silk stuff with large brilliant pottors, made in Central Asia [properly shaht, P]

ahdı la 't mak (v caus) to cause to prepare شایلاتماك

shas la mak (v tr) to prepare, to make ready شاداماك

hdı la 'n mal (v refl) to prepare one's self عاراتهاك ahub shub (subs) the shuffling noise of slippers

shebar la'sh mag (v recip) to whisper together شعراتماء

shibar la mag (v tr) to whisper شعروماتي

shu bû (pron) thus very, this same al if il a't maq (v caus) to cause to whistle (a whip)

shipil la may (v intr) to whistle through the air (as a whip or stick quickly moved), to whize

shakh (subs) a precupitous cluff Also (rd) , hard difficult, I'

, la akakhar (suba) potash P

and shadih (subs.) a string of bends, de

sharre lik (adj) al ameful, also shame faced, P T shished (al) and subs) in the second year [sheep or

coatel shish tur mak (v caus) to cause to swell. shish mak (v intr) to swell.

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shash: (suba ) a flimsy material used for limings

Shaghdical (subs ) a high official of Central Aman sovereigns,
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who is supreme over all the Kazis and Mullahs shifti top mag (comp v intr) to recover (from illness),

shifu top may (comp v intr) to recover (from illness)
[Internity "to find a cure"], A T

hifu. Aurmal. (comp v intr) to recover by the use of a remedy (from illness), to obtain benefit (from a remedy), [literall " to see or experience a cure"], A T

ahak kak (adj) suspicious, jealous, also (subs) a suspicious person. P. T.

shall (subs) appearance, form, A

shakal (snbs) a walnut shell

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shamal (subs) wind (from any quarter), [? A.]

همش shamah (subs) candle [for عشم A]

that (pron) that [said of things that are present, though not immediately under one's band]

ahu bu (pron) this or that very, the same

aholh (ad1) playful, P

shokkla (subs) a small yellow seed contained in a pod or fruit, (used in Turkistân as medicine, and in Tibel by the women to stick on to their faces). The seed of

Solanum nigrum according to Aitchison فرحاماق shokh la mág (v tr) to render playful, to make idle, to

to render one s self playful], to play trunnt ahokh la 'n with môg (v reft reesp) to play together or with

one another aholh lug (subs) playfulness, edieness, distraction شوحلوق ahudurung (subs) dew

shudugar (subs) land ploughed previous to sowing, which is only done by very careful cultivators, (? P)

shor (subs) white efflorescence on the ground, common in certain districts and making the land barren, P

shora (subs) saltpetre, P Also, a small plant

shor laq (subs and adj) covered with white efflorescence, مروزي shor laq salsingineous, nlso, land so affected, P T

shoshang (subs) shears, (° CH) شوشادگ

shoq For sholh, P

shoq (subs) an inclination or bobby, A

* shuk (interj) Silence ! Be quiet شوك

shul (pron) that [applied to less distant objects than ul,
but not implying such mearness as bul]

shulla (subs) n dish composed of rice, meat and fat, cooked till it is soft

shum (adj) unlucky, unfortunato, ne'er do weel, A شرم

hum chah [for shun chah] (adj pron, also adr) that much, to that amount or extent, [from shul 'that' and chah, for chia 'amount' or 'extent']

shum luq (subs) bad luck, coming to grief, [through fault or mismanacement), A T

shun da (adv) there, in that (place), at that (place), [from shul ' that' and da 'in' or ' st']

(adj) pron , also adv) that like such also, like that, so [From shul that sud dig or dagh hko']

shun gha chah (comp adv) that fir, as far as to that, from shul 'that', gha 'to' and chah for chin extent']

shungar (subs) a Lind of hawk (?) ' Lilco Hendersons' شونقار

shun ga chah The same as shunghachah

shu nung gha chai The same, I شونونكماچة shunggar The same as chungar

about the charge of a mosque

Shaikh all tham, a sort of religious police officer, looking after religious observances as well as bazlir morals.

1322 think (sule) grape pure (butrlet), also rice water, P

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ahirish (subs.) a powder made from a certain root, and a used mixed with water for glue.

we shill. For shall.

shilan (subs) cooked rations issued to soldiers, P.

يرياني عاداته على المعالمة شيالية على المعالمة المعالمة

rations, P. T.

Gilla shillaq (subs) a frivolous complaint of assault, made for

the purpose of extracting money. [plainty. ahiltag-chi (subs) a person given to making such com-

shilim (subs) paste made of flour or rice.

ekim (eubs) wide outer trousers, often large enough to take in the skirts of several robes

him.dl.a.mdq (v. tr.) to tuck up gaickly (sleeres or trousers) [? from him and dimdq 'to take'] (governs the accusative both of the lumb and also of the garment).

shim.dl-a'nomdq (v. refl) to tuck up one's sleeves or

عيف za'ıfah (subs) a woman. [A.] ملل zalal (subs) injury, [for zarar, A.].

ū

5 (3bdq (ruhs) a dieb, (of earthenware, wood or metal), A

famdq (subs.) the throat, also Ku., any estable.

a square whose sale is forty gaz in length, each gaz being about 3 feet 6 inches Also, the tax levied on gardens and pleasure-grounds, which is assessed per gandly A.

and pleasure-grounds, which is assessed per

إلى إلى إلى المارة الم

th fillah (subs.) gold, also, a gold com worth 10 shilling, P for (subs) a feast given on the occasion of a wedding or

circumeision

طویاغ $t \hat{u} y dg h$ (subs) an animal's hoof. $t \hat{u} y dg h$

description for dur-may (v. caus.) to cause to be satiated, to satiate.

toi-may (v. intr.) to become satisted, to feast.

tou-in-man (v. refl.) to satiste one's appetite, to gorge Jub tayyar (adi) ready, fit; also, fat, A. fone's self.

ghaja.maq (v. tr) to gnaw.

غار ghár (subs) a cave, a cavero, A. وغارقواتماق shár-gura.'t-mag (v. caus) to cause to give a hollow sound. ghar-qura.mag (v. intr.) to give a hollow sound.

cingle ghaniurghah (subs.) a strap for fastening loads, &c., to the back of the saddle

azic ghđoghah (suhs) a row, a disturbance, P.

غر gharr (subs) a woman of bad repute.

is ghurr (interj) a term of mockery, used to a person who fails to accomplish what he has tried to do.

ghurung-la-'sh-mag (v. recip.) to speak together in such a way that the by-standers do not understand.

ghurung-la-mang (v. intr) to tinkle (as a camel's bell), also, to talk gibberish, to give an uncertain answer

qhalbir (subs) a coarse sieve

Cile qhaltal (subs) a wooden disk (used as a wheel for play carts in Turkistan, and for working ones in many parts of Indea), also, a roller, a pulley, a reel, fo P. from ghalfidan1

sale Ghalchah (subs) the name applied to the Aryan (Iranian) inhabitants of the mountain-districts chiefly Shirar (Ko. lab, Macha, Karategin, Badakhshan, Wakhan, &c) . also. in Eastern Turkistän applied generally to a slave bought with money

jangghul la maq (v intr) to hum (as a swarm of lees),

to talk indistinctly (as a child) to babble

ghu An affix corresponding with our nt in "isn't there?"

"does at at " Eg lar ghu' (there is) isn't there"

glojah For Lhojah عوحة

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p ghoza (sub) a cotton pod For عوزة P

gholjah (ad)) mad (of a dog)

At ghab (post pos) to, on to, into, ac (Also written ga 2a and Ao), fixed to imply action as distinguished from rest, e.g., Istab ga put ties. "I wroke in(to) the book," that I to the first with the book of the first will found in the book."

ghı See Lı and gı و ghı aq (subs) a violin

. ,

عند fut (sdv) quickly The same as phi بالله full (subs) a dwarf with a full sized trunk and I ead The

eame as pops

fut (while) a leg (including the foot) The same as put

fuchal (adj) empty rotten at the core, of fair appearance
but valueless. Also puch ol

filhur ruaq (c mtr) to snort (of a horse)

. -

gdb (subs) a course woollen sack قات

تا احت gabat (subs) fold, covering Lip, stratum F g عالت الت المنافقة المنافقة المنافقة المنافقة والمنافقة والمنافقة والمنافقة والمنافقة والمنافقة والمنافقة والمنافقة والمنافقة المنافقة والمنافقة والمنافق

gabat la maq (v tr) to lay in layers or one on the top of the other

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(subs ) a gourd used for carrying water
   gapag عاياق
  qabirghah (subs ) a mb
gapar chug (subs ) a rish on the akin
 gapar mag (v intr ) to rise in a blister (as from a burn on
           the skin, or a rub on the foot from an ill fitting boot)
 gala 'I mag (v pass.) to be shut in
 gaba-mug (v tr ) to shut in, to confine (used of men only).
  gaba may (v intr ) to back (of dogs) قامان
   ille agian (subs ) a male pig, a boar
   النال gaptal (subs ) the two side pieces of a Turki saidle, from
           which the arch of the seat springs on both sides, also,
            that part of the horse s back covered by them, hiz
gap tur mag (v caus) to cruse (a dog) to bite, to set on
            (1 dog) [From gap mag ]
   and gap chal (subs ) a small sack (gab)
  cirell gap chuq (subs ) a small gab, Kaz
gapsa 'sh mag (v recip) to wrangle together, Kaz
gapsa maq (v intr ) to jangle, to wrangle, Kiz.
   gapqaq (subs) s lid, a cover
   ويقال gapgan (subs ) a gin for catching foxes
     gap gara (ady) very black [an intensitive form of kara]
   gapqua The same as gapqan
  gap la 't mag (r erus ) to cruse to plate
  gap la mag (v tr ) to plate (one metal with another)
   gap maq (v fr ) to bite [used of dogs]
      coli gat (subs ) a fold, a stratum [ The same as gabat ]
     gatar (subs ) a line, a row, P
   Jelis Qataghan (prop name) a tribe of Uzbek Turks inhabiting
             the districts of Kunduz &c [A Tapk proverb says
          هر ما كه رسند شم اسب فاداعان - نه مُروع كفي باند و نه وندع وطن
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[&]quot;Where the hoof of the Katagl an a horse arrives,

[&]quot;There the dead find no grave cloth, and the living no home '?

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of Eastern Turkistan
1878 ]
     gach ur-mdo (v caus) to cause to flee, to put to flight
     gach ush mag (v recip ) to flee away together
        gáchı (subs ) seis ors, shears [For gainchi]
         gacher (subs ) a mule [For Lhachar, P]
            odr (subs) snow
            15 gard (ad) black Qurn tagh often used to designate moun
                  tains which are not covered with perpetual snow (See
                  Remarks, under Aq tagh ) Qara su is similarly used to
                  designate springs of water not derived from snow moun
                 tains (The same remarks apply here )
         gara 't mag (v caus ) to cause to look, to cause to regard
         gara ghas (subs) a fir tree [generically] فاراعاي
         garagehe (subs ) a highway robber a bandit
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gard la mag (v tr) to look frequently or carefully

gard la mag (v tr) to blacken (the face of any one, metaphorically), to look black upon, to regard with dis-

favour

gara l maq (v pass and intr) to be blackened, to become black

gara liq (adj) in mourning (which in Yarkand consists in not shaving putting on white and not coloured clothes &c)

gara-mdq (r sntr) to look, to east one a eyes [governs gha] gara miul (ad)) blackish

gara n uq (subs) a small black seed of a weed found among

gara nghu (adj and subs) dark obscure, also, the dark gara 'nghu luq (subs) darkness obscurity

gard wal (subs) a post of observation, a watch, [from

garamagi qard wal el s (subs.) a watchman a vidette

5,5 qarta (subs) the fat m a herse's stomach Also, playing cards Rus

gar tang (adi) oldish, past the middle age garchighah (subs) a species of a hawk, ? a gos hawk

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garchi (subs ) large seissors [for gainchi]
    garsag (subs ) a small kind of for
   gar sh-maq (v intr ) to be disobedient, to be recusant [? for
             odra'sh mag "to exchange looks with any one"]
   garsh ring (v tr ) to mingle, to mix up
    gar'eh: (adv ) contrary, opposite [ ? From gara mag,
            gará 'sh mag ]
gar'she-la 't maq (v crus ) to cause to make an angry re'
            joinder, to cause to place opposite
gar'she la 'sh maq (v recip) to makes rejoinders to one
            another
gar'aht-la may (v tr ) to place opposite
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gargha 't mag (v caus) to cause to curse قارعاتماق gargha.'ah maq (v recip) to enre together قارعاشماق gargha riaq (v tr) to curse قارعاماتي garaha 'n mag (v refl) to cure one's self, erz, to impre-

cate curses on one's self in as-everating anything

garghu (subs) a blind man. ase la garghish (vl subs) a curse

Ac, o garghah (subs.) a crow

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gargara (subs) a tuft er erest stuck in a woman's cap

garlughach (sub.) a swallow

que liq (adj) snowy Also the name of a Pass in the Kuen lun leading from Yolank to Toghra-su on the

Upper Karakash

garmaq (subs) a fish hook وارماق garma la 't maq (v caus) to cause to grope

garma la maq (r tr) to grope (for anything in the dark)

garma-maq (v tr) to seize, Kiege.

qárun (sube) belly, womb

garun-dash (subs) a brother, a relation, [literally 'womb fellow 1 The particular relation is specified by the words bir tuqqua qurundish = one generation relation

or first (degree) of relationship, 112, brother or sister, 1.1 tuggan qdrundash = related in second degree, &c, viz, children of brothers or sister, &c, ughul qdrundash "1 mide relative," qiz qdrundash "1 fimale relative," qiz qdrundash "1 fimale relative."

"a mile relative," giz gårundash "a female relative" و قاري gårı (subs) a porson who ean repeat the Koran by heart, A gası (dış anal subs) old, aged (used only of living creatures), also, an old map, an old woman

qdrish (subs) a span قاريش

adresh la 'l mag (v caus) to cause to spin

gdrish la maq (v tr) to span out, to measure by spans

gar el maq Por garrelmag

gan lig (subs) old age

gan mag (v intr) to become old

gaz (subs) a goose [for gház, P]

ble gaza (subs) fate, predestination [for las A]

الوقع (prop name) the name of several vast hordes of nomuls known to the Russians is the Great, Middle and Lattle Hordes of Kirghiz (see that name) The Q cange are divided (according to Turki reckoning) into three bordes 1st, Ulugh yuz (great horde) sub divided into the tribes Abdan and Dolat, 2nd, Uta yuz (middle horde) sub divided into the tribes, Arghun, Naman Qipchag, Kinggrat, 3nd, Kichik yuz (kittle horde) Alchin Jab

each of these tribes

Gazan (subs) a cruidron, a cooking pot

gdz maq (v tr) to dig

gazanaq (subs) an inner room or store room, [? from khazanah (subs)

gazuq (sels.) a peg

وعدد (subs) a sausage of horse flesh اری

gaziq The same as qazuq

ganting for gans, haz

gázi mág The same as gázmág

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gasqan (sabs) a thin broad wooden hoop forming the edge of a sieve, or of certain trays with perforated bottoms which are placed one above another over a cauldron of boiling water for the purpose of cooking pastry by steam

gas la 't maq (v caus) to cause to resolve

gas la 'sh mag (v recip) to resolve together, to conspire والملاماة و gas la mag (v tr) to resolve, to determine, to intend

[From قمد A]

gamma (subs.) scrapings of a cooking pot, id- gamma the
scurf of a scald head

gáth (subs) the hair of the eye brows, also, metaphor a man's neighbourhood or presence, e g, aning gáth i-da = near him, with him

qashang (adj) bzy, alow, eluggish كاشاك

gashao (subs) a curry comb

There are three varieties 1st., chara-tanh obtained from the quarries, often full of flaws which destroy its value, 2nd, pur tanh (rotten stone) or Lucash a noft variety of the same, 3rd, 1st-tash (water stone) the most esteemed, it is obtained in the form of pebhles, water worn in the beds of the streams whereby probably the flaws are eliminated, the resulting pebhle being sound to the cove, and therefore not hately to render useless the long labour of carving it, by the discovery of a hidden flaw in the centre. Chepan lik tash (coated stone) a pure nucleus

with a reddish outside is highly valued.]

lamis qdshaq (subs.) an animal's forchead.

qashuq (snbs) a spoon for eating soup والشوق والمبارع gashi la-ghuch (subs) a carry-comb

qdsh: la maq (r tr) to scratch all over (with the hands)

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gashi maq (v tr ) to scratch (on account of itching) واشيعاق
وعلمان gashi 'n maq (v refl.) to scratch one's self
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gaq (adj) dried, desiccated

gag (subs) a temporary pool of water

gag tur mag (v caus) to cause to drive in (s nail, &c)

qaqır-maq (v tr) to cough up pblegm

gagriq (subs) phlegm from the mouth.

qâgsha mâq (v intr) to lament in a plaintive or querulous

gag lig (subs) dryness, desiccation.

quay (v tr) to drive in (a nail), also, to beat (a gar ment. &c. to remove the dust)

وقاتيلماتي gag-el mag (v pass) to be driven in.

gaq in maq (v reft) (ht to beat one's self (by quick strokes of the hand)

915 gald (subs) a fortress, a fort [for sale A]

qala 't maq (v caus) to cause to pile up

يري qalaq (subs) a small wooden spoon for feeding small children

qdla mdq (v tr) to pile up, to make up a fire

[A قلعی qaldys (subs) tan [for قالایی

يَّ وَعَالِينَ مِعْمِولَةُ مِنْ وَعَلَيْهُ وَالْفِقَ adipag (subs) a felt wide awake (hat), worn in hot weather by travellers, &c

galtag (ad1) unworthy of credit, untrustworthy

ماثورات qallura'q (vl. adj and subs) palsied, trembling, a person afflicted with the palsy

qaltura 't maq (v caus) to cause to tremble

galtura mdq (v intr) to tremble, to quake, to shiver قالدرزاماي galdiraq (adj.) rustling (as paper or badly prepared leather,

when crushed together) when crushed together والدرانياق qáldıra 't mág (v caus) to cause to rustle

galdira mag (v mit) to rustle, to give a rusting sound. والديراماق والديراماق والديراماق والديرماق والديرماق والديرماق

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gan.maq (v intr.) to quench one's thirst; to satisfy one's desire for sleep [governs ou or uiqu with gha].

gangtar-'t-may (v. caus) to cause to fasten a horse's head up short.

up short.

gangtar-may (v. tr) to fasten a horse's head up short by

a bearing-rein, or by hitching the reins over the peak of

the saddle.

the saddle gangshdr (subs) the bone of the nose, the part midway between the bridge and the tip.

perween the bridge and the gangahar-lig (ad1) hook-nosed.

gangshar-lig (ad1) hook-nosed.
دانگ (adr) where? Also used as an exclamation equi-

'yani) valent to our 'well.'

gáo (subs) tinder (mado of fungs or of the down of a kind of flowering reed), Kin.

gdurchag (suhs.) a doll, an image for children to play with.

Also, the figures in a kind of Panch and Judy show,
which are dressed up on a man's fingers, who hides behind a cloth and manipulates these marionettes, making
speeches for them a a feigmed or falsetto voice produced
by holding a small tube in his month, Kil., (in Yarkand
pronounce garchag).

pronounce gorcadg. Light gaurgha (subs) a rib.

مورعة وعلام وعلام

qdur-maq (v tr.) to roast (grain), to fry.

Ac J gaughah (subs) a leather pail for drawing water.

gaughun (subs) a melon

يات gaī (pron) which, what [only used in composition as gaīda, gaī-sī].

gayash (subs) [in composition with tug-gan or urug] relation, relative

يون - بون (هنام) which ends? Their also writh the affices of . &c As qd'-ydn-da " on which side ," qa'-yan gha " to which direction ," qd'-yán-da " on which side of st." مايتا ومتزه (subs and ad) a fresh beginning , beginning afresh [qaitabash din yessadim "I made it over again (lit 'from a fresh head') or queta den yessadem (ht "I made it from a fresh beginning)]

gast ar 't mag (v caus redup) to cause to turn back (tr) to order any one to be turned back

gail-ar mag (v crus) to cause to return, to turn back (tr) و وايتاتي qaılaqı (subs) the turned back edge of any garment (as a European coat collar)

gastam (adv) on the contrary قاينام

gait may (v mtr) to return, to come or go back, Kii gasch: (subs) scissors, shears

oaï da (adv) where ؟ gaï-ddgh (adjl pron and adv) what like ? also, bow ?

gandagh raq (adv) bow again? or how further? [lit the comparative of 'how? to which the reply would be 'better or 'worse,' not simply 'well' or 'ill]

qas daq The same as qaïdagh gaira 't mag (v cans) to cause to whet or sharpen

qaira'q (11 subs) a whet stone, a rough hone والمارة gaïra man (v tr) to whet, to sharpen on a stone, "repasser **

qayır '! maq (v eaus) to cause to retrovert forcibly ga' yer dan (adv) from what place ? whence ?

qa' yer hq (adj) belonging to what place ? of what place ? qoyer mag (v tr) to retrovert forcibly, to force back (the

arm or any long shaped object) into an unnatural posi-

gayer if mag (v pass) to be retroverted. gayer in mag (v rell) to retrovert itself

gai as (pron) which of them? who amongst them? [the ss is the possessive affix of the 3rd person?

adish (subs) strap leather قايشر

150 qual for riag (v caus) to cross to be retroverted formly, to retrovert forcibly (same as gayir 1779) , also, to cause

to use continuous efforts gduh may (r intr) to be re reverted fore bly , also, to use continuous efforts

qaiglu (sule) sorraw, grief [? rl sule from an obeolete

verb g il magl

gnighur 't mag (r caus) to cause to be sorrowful. quigher may (r intr) to be sorrowful, to gri ve

gaigha liq (ail) sorrowful, gnel lad a ترموللون gaimog (aubs) cream (often prepared by warming the milk,

as in the preparation of Devonshire cream? gdin (subs) the birch free (nhose bark is to sheets like paper)

رية والمر (adj, used only to comp) Answers to our phrase " ____ 10 law' E g gain ata ' father in law,' gain-

ana ' mother in law" ا معتام ومتام (cubs) I or gain "a birch tree المنك

gaina't mag (v caus) to cause to boil, to boil (tr) quana mag (v antr) to boil (as water) وابعاماق

gayur mag Fot gayer mag (which see)

qayuq (adı) nasty, having a bad taste فانوق qayu maq (r intr) to swim (said of one's bead)

qayu maq (r tr) to stitch, to hem stitch وانوماق quys mag

قانات qabat | The same as عنت

فالرمان و gabar mag Lu The same عنارماق gapar rag ديارَماق

eblato gaba may The same as estate,

qip a particle used before qi il to signify ' intensely," " very

qaplan (subs) an onnce (or white leopard) وه The same as ما

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of Eastern Turkistán
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قاتيق وatigh The same as قاتيق وatig (The same as قاتيق و atig (قاتيم atim. The same as قاتيم و gickir.mag (v. tr.) to cull, to summon.

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gichqır-maq (v intr.) to shout. وتجقرمان qich: (subs) mustard. qich:sh-qaq (subs) the itch qıchı'sh-maq (v. recip) to itch all over تجيشماق quehe-mag (v. intr.) to steh (said of others) gichi-'n-mag (v. refl) to itch (said of the person who speaks) (iect) (see) (topi) gur (prond. girr) (subs) a ridge, an edge formed by two planes meeting at an angle gara (adj) black. قارالامان garál.'mag. The same as قرالامان قارانغو qara.'si-maq The same as قرانغو ورورامات، qur dur.mag (r caus) to cause to scrape, &c. gir-ghu-che (subs) a turner, a person who works with a lathe ITrom . 3003 1 qırghol (subs) a pheasant (of a species resembling the European, but named Phasianus Shawis in Elhott's Book of Pheasants) qırq (num) forty. qirq-aïlan (num subs) a group of forty quq-meks (num ady) fortieth. qur-maq (prond qurr-maq) (v tr) to scrape, to scratch off, to scratch out, to turn (any article by means of a lathe, quasi "to scrape off the outer layers"), also, to destroy utterly, to " wipe out ," also, to spend (time). qarrı (sube) an old woman قرى qur-il-maq (prond qur-il-mag) (v pass) to be scraped off, to be turned (in a lathe), to be utterly destroyed (" wiped out')

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j⁵ qiz (suba) a maid, a virgin, a damrel, also, a daughter [? From a root signifying "redness" for "modesty" bec qizormaq]

grant may (caus) to cause to redden, to mike red وارتماق grant may (r nit) to redden, to become rid, to blush.

[? From the same root as above, see also que maq] موالي accan. The same as المالية

قارنق qaaq The same as قراق

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gı: mag (v intr) to become hot or warm, also metaph, to become or to be erger [in Uighur it spems to mean "to redden" see l'ambert]. Kaz

quant man (v caus) to cause to be hot or cager.

gızıq (rl subs) warmth, eagerness, vivacity [from gisl-mag]

gizil (adj.) red [? A passive form (in il) from a root signifying heat's as well as 'redness,' which would thus be the common origin of giz mag, giz ar mag, giz il and giz] (See also yearh!)

קيناق קızı maq (r ıntr) The same as gız maq gızın dur maq (r refl caus) to cause to warm ono's self أرتندورماق و ترينداز a maq (r refl) to warm one s self ترينداز

qui (subs) a slave.

تالرق qul luq (subs) stavery, service Also used as a compli mentary reply to congratulations, in the name of "your servant" or my service to you."

qamtu (adv) in company قمقو

qımız (subs) an intoxicating liquor made from mare's milk, Kaz

فانات gandt The same as قنات

guala't man (د caus) to cause to guerne, to cause to derive away, Kaz

quala-maq (v tr) to pursue, to drive away, Kaz قرائعاتي guanji (subs) happiness

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quan maq (v intr) to be happy, to be pleased. وأوانماتي gábuz (subs) a Jew's harp Also, a rough guitar with qupuz horse hair strings Also, the inside of the cheek
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qubuzáq وتوبوراًق qubuzáq (subs) the bark of trees

qup ar-t maq (v caus redup) to cause to arouse

gopal (adj) rude, unpolished (used either of men or توبال مالية) rude, unpolished (used either of men or

gup mag (v intr) to rise up, to arise

קינים gupuq (subs) a term used in gambling with sheep's knuckle bones, implying success. As mening gupuq am kelde
"I have won the toss," gupuq maning-ki." the toss is mino (I have won it)"

qut (subs) blessing, happiness

qotaz } (subs) a zak (Bos grunniens') ووثار ووثاس qotas

gutan (subs) a sheep fold, a place where a flock of sheep is collected to pass the night, Kaz

qut qar maq) (v caus) to cause to be free, to release وَتَقَامِانِ qut qar maq] [From an obs qut maq]

gut lag (ad1) blessed قوللوق

qatur (subs) the itch

gutur mag (v intr) to go mad (of a dog), to be ribid ووتورماق gut ut dur-mag (v cras) to cause to become free, to re-

gut ut may (v pass) to be made free, to be released.

[From an obs gut may]

quehaq (subs) an armful, as much (of any thing) as can be embraced in the arms [From queh may]

guchag la-'ch mag (v recip) to embraco one another guchag la-'ch mag (v tr) to embraco, to take in the arms وتوهقات guchag la mag (v tr) to embraco, to take in the arms guchacch (subs) a small bard (of any sort)

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quehqdr (subs) a ram

queh mdq (r tr) to embrace, to take in the arms.

queh ur m iq The same as qichurnaq

queh ush may (r neip) to he in one nnether's arms qula (subs) a person stanling in the relationship of

father in law to one's son or dan hier, one of two fathers whose children have intermarried

gu lug (subs) a well

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35 quer (subs) a garter, a tape for fastening up leggings gur (subs) a balance, a remainder (of goods or money) 22" quea (subs) a space enclosed by hurdles or ruhngs, a

fold, a pen goram (suls) ground covered with large blocks of stone (fallen from the mountains) [? The origin of ears 005011]

gura man (v tr) to make patch work, to make a garment قوراماني &c , by sewing together small patches of stuff

ouwura may (v intr) to dry up hard (as a skin exposed to the sun, &c), haz

' quebashs (subs) a chief police official, a ' Kotwal qurt (subs) a worm a grub قرت

quet la t riag (r caus) to cause or allow to breed worms (of meat &c)

gurt la mag (v intr) to breed worms (of meat &c) قوطاها qurchaq The same as quurchaq

qur-chs (subs) a superintendent of a magazine [See ourklana and qur]

gur Ahina (subs) a magazine (for powder and balls)

qur dash (subs) a contemporary gurdum (subs) a place where any stream disappears (in the sand &c) [The Yarkand River is said to dis-

appear in a district called Lurdum Lal] qursaq (subs) stomach, belly

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qursaq dásh (subs) a brother or sister by the same mother ورساقداش
            flat "womb fellow"]
 qursag lash The same
 qursha-'t mag (s erus ) to eause to surround قورشاته ق
  gursha mag (v tr) to surround, to encircle
  gurghashun (sabs ) lead.
    gurglan (subs) a fort, a fortress قورعان
   quighan chah (subs) a small fort, a redoubt
    gurq maq (r intr) to fear, to be afraid
  qurq ut mag (v caus) to cause to fear, to frighten
 qurqu ny liq (adj ) fearful, eausing fear, frightful
  qurq u-'nchak (rd] ) fearful afraid, cowardly
  qurque'nohi (vl subs) fear, fearing
    offen mag (e tr) to fledge
      qurut (subs ) dried cords
    gurn 't ming (v erus) to eruse to dry
      quruch (subs ) steel
      gurugh } (دا على dried, dry وروع qurug
       quruq (vl subs) a field of growing griss, fenced round to
              prevent its being grazed on [From quru maq]
    quru maq The same as gurq maq
       qurum (subs) soot the black deposit of smoke
    qurus and (subs and ads ) a muser miserly stingy [?
               From quen : mq " to dry up in the same way as bolum.
               and ' likely to become (useful) modern phrase "a
               likely boy from bol mag to become, &c ]
     quru maq (v intr ) to become dry, to dry up
      qfru moq (r tr) to scare away birds and beasts from a
        qurun The same as Aurun, 1
                                                         ffield
     gurn n ring (s reft ) to dry one s self
     quen n n aq (s refl ) to guard one s self, to protect one s self
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(from the mud on a read, from thes or mosquitoes &c)

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qóz (subs ) hot embers or einders قوار
guzgha 1 mag (v caus ) to causo to move, (tr) to causo
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to shift
to shift
guagha 'I mag (v press) to be moved, to be shifted
guagha mag (v tr) to move, to shift
[self
guagha 'n mag (v refl) to move one s self, to shift one s

يرين quzghun (subs) a raven (supposed by the Turkis to hie a thousand years)

quanq (subs) a peg قوروی gozu (subs) a lamb

quel (eubs) a bard أوش

15G

gun (2005) a form goeh (2006) a pair, also, a household, a set of people using one fire, [chiefly used however in the sense of people on a journey e.g., bu karicon nichah goeh " how many tents or fire (does) this caravan (consist of)] Also, quarters, lodgings

quæush (ad]) hollow قُوش

goth bash. (subs) the headman or responsible head of each set of merchants, &c, composing a caravan.

goth begs (subs) the title of a high official 'Lord of the Household,' who acts for the king in his absence

gosh tur maq (v caus) to cause to join, (tr) to cause to unite

qoshqun (subs) a crupper قوشقوں

gosh maq (v tr) to join, to unite, to put together وَشَعَالَى goshmaq (adj.) united, joining (used only of the humps

of a two humped camel when they almost coalesce) gosh na (subs.) a neighbour, also a person allowed to live in some part of one s house

وشناج qushnach (subs) a soothsayer, or foreteller of future erents qushnanys (subs) an educated woman, also, a female teacher

qosh n) The same as qoshna

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. gosh-ur-maq. The same as goshturmaq
  goshuq (subs ) a ladle.
```

qosh-uq (vi suhs) poetry, verse, a poem, a song. [From qosh-maq " to pat together".]

qosh-ul-maq (v. pass) to be joined, to be put together, to he united

qoshun (subs) an army. قوشون

les quoda (subs) a rush (a Lind of grass), KAZ.

qughla-'t-mag (v. caus) to cause to pursue.

qeqhla-maq (v tr) to pursue, to follow

gughurchaq (subs) The same as quurchaq.

qughun (subs) a melon ورغول

pol (anbs) a hand.

ool (numl subs) a hundred thousand, KAZ.

Je ogl (subs.) a broad open valley between mountains; Sarig gol or Sarigol . "yellow صريقول or مريق قول valley," the name of a valley and small province in the angle between Panur and the Muzbaq Range (a name often mis-spelt Sinkul, and wrongly applied by Europeans " , King gol " wide valley كيدك قول (King gol " wide valley " the name of a place on the road between Sarigol and Kashghar, KIRODIZ, KAZ.

quia (adj) reddish dun (the colour of a horse)

quiaq (subs) an ear [Before affixes the q usually becomes gh, as gulaghing "thine ear"]

qulaq-chah (subs.) a cap with flaps covering the ears

qulaq chun (subs) a cap with long side (ear) lappets which can be crossed under the chin

qulan (subs) a wild ass [Equus hems onus], (from qula),

qulai (adj) easy, propitious قراكى

quiturmach (subs) a crutch

quituq (subs) the arm-pit [arms

quiluq-la-'I-maq (v. caus) to cause to take under the

quiting la mag (v tr) to take under the arm, والتوثلاماتي to support a person in walking by placing one's hand under his arm, or to earry any object under one's arm rate of qui che lig (subs) slavery, servitude

aul lug (sules) Por salla

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quluf (sub+) a lock, a pallock, P. oulun (suba) a colt. a fool

qulun la maq (v intr) to foal.

bors (sdue) une Ten

gueralag (subs) sheep's dung.

qum tokhi (suls) Podoces Hendersons (ht 'sand fowl)

gumahan (subs) a basin

qumuchaq (subs) a frog [The people of Dirwaz call it "hulbul : Hazrat Ah ' (the mightingale of Holy Ah)]

gumush For gamish qunaq (subs) a guest, also, a night's lodging [From

qun mag] מבובם gonna (subs) Indian corn, maize

gunan (adı and subs) rising three years old , also, any four legged animal of that age

qun dur i maq (v. caus redup) to cause to give a night s lodeine

qun-dur maq (v caus) to cause or allow to set or he, to give a lodging place, to house, also, to cause to lodge

(as a falconer taking up a hawk on his wrist) gun duz (subs) a small animal whose fur is much in request, (? sable), also, fur of that animal

aunoraohu (subs) a bell ومكراعه

gungrag (subs) a little bell attached to an animal quagur (ad) dun [Quagur at 'dun borse', corrupted to Qungrat, is the name of one of the divisions of the

Middle Horde of Quzzaqs also of a town in Khira.] qunguz (subs) a black beetle قونگور

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gungi-yoghan (subs ) a boil قومكى بوغان
    qun-maq (v intr) to lodge, to put up; also, to dismount.
      وي (subs ) a sbeep.
   quyash (subs ) the sun [rare].
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quyaq (adj) thick, viscous [of fluids]. quyan (subs) a hare, Kit. Kaz

quyang (sub:) a moverble subcutaneous tumour. qoi-chi (subs) a shepherd قريسي

goi-dur-mag (v. caux) to cause to place, to cause to put, to cause to set aside, to cause to leve, to cause to guyiruq (subs) a tail.

ويما ويتدma (adj) east (of metal).

qountag (v. tr) to place, to put, to set aside, to leave, to qui-mag (v. tr) to pour, to cast (meial).

gus-mag (subs) a cake cooked in butter, a butter.cake. quyushqun (subs) a crupper.

gorush-maq (v recip) to leve one another.

qui-ush maq (v. recip) to pour from both sides, to pour

quyuq (adj). The same as quyaq

goyun (subs) the breast of the robe (used as a receptacle or pocket) [? From goi-mag]

gūyūn (subs.) a whirlwind, a 'devil'

quyi (subs and adj) "lowness," low , e g , aning quyi-sida "below it," Hindustán Farkand-din quyi "India 18 lower than Tarquad."

& qah (post-pos) to

يِّعَ gía (See Gram p. 262, Fronouns , يَعْمَ gía (adj and subs) slanting, sloping, also, a road slinting sthe face of a cliff [Sariga.gía "yellow slant," the name of a part of the Upper Qurakash Valley, corrupted to Sanqia] From qu-maq.

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aiga (subs ) a sharn-edged rush قياق
                 is a avan (adv ) which way, on which sile [For gai yan]
          ainchde (prop name) one of the divisions of the Middle
                                    Horde of Quezage Dukt : gipch 17 the disert north
                                    of the Jazartes and of Libokan I
            gitig (subs) tickhing تيتيق
othe la 's mto (r caus) to cause to tickle قيتيقلاتماق
 gitig la mfig (v tr) to tiekle قدتيقلامائي
     qichir mdq (r tr) to call, to cry out
   quehque māq فيحقرماق
           gich (subs.) mustard
يوما (عليم) المستخدم gran (auth) a tickling, an stehing dynamid (stehing) and the stehing grant grant
    and (v intr) to experience a tickling or itebing
                                  sensation, to itch
                ger (subs ) a ridge, the meeting line of two plane surfaces
                our (subs.) water proof plaster (applied to a bathing place.
                                  tank, &c )
                 qıra (subs ) a ridge, an edge قيرأ
       gairaghach [? for gara yaghach 'blick wood ], an elm
            gerag (subs ) an edging (of any stuff)
            gairaq (subs.) a whet stone, a hone قدراوي
             aral (subs ) a white frost
             girdo (subs ) a white frost a camp of nomads (Kir
                                  ghiz, &c)
         arahda (subs ) The sama as girag
        [ قرعادل qurghaol (subs ) a pheasant [The same as أوعادل
      aranai (subs ) a small species of tlaws
        gır qhuch (subs ) a seraper قدرعوج
         garghun (subs ) slaughter (in battle) قدرعون
         asrahs The same as garghas قيرعي
```

وَرَعْدِر (prop name) a race of nomad Turks living in the mountains, from the south of Yarkand round by Pamir and Alai to the north of Kashghar and Alai (the Issk kul district). They are called by the Russians Teherny Kirghiz (black Kirghiz), also Mountain Kirghiz, to distinguish them from the Quzzaqs of the plains, to whom all of though incorrectly) the name of Orighiz is amplied by the Russians.

قرق qerq (num) forty More often قيرق

gır mag (v tr) to scrape, to shave, to erase, also, to Lill,

[see قرمان], also, to spend (time).

grig (vl adj) scraped, threadbare, worn down (as the fur of a skin, &c)

grag tur mag (v eaus) to eruse to shert, &c وتولفلورماقي mag (v tr) to shear, to cut with a pair of seissors قدرتقان grag mag (v pass) to be seraped, to be turned (in a lathe), to be shared, to be destroyed utterly

garindi (subs) scraping (of leather, a cooking pot, &c). قرية (subs) maiden, also, daughter The same as قبر

قرارمان gız-ar maq See قرارمان gız-ar maq See قرارمان gızghan chaq (adj) grudging, sellish, churlish

gizghan-maq (v tr) to grudge, to be churksh, to stint ويرعانماتي ويترع maq (v intr) to be eager or hot (over anything),

ورس gızı q (adı) hot, also ezger Same as قيرس

قر مل gizil (adj) red Same as قدرتل

gistu't mag (v caus) to cause to become tight or pressed وتستأماتي gista mag (v tr) to highten, to press, also, to importune gistir mag (v caus) to mūx, to stick into (as a flower mto the cap)

ويسعا ويهوم (adj) short

qısqa'r t-maq (v cius) to cause to be short, to shorten

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                                                             R B Shaw-A Veralulary of the Lenguage | Extra No for
              quan'r-man (s. intr ) to become short
                               Glamas our mag (v. tr ) to press (sidemavs)
                              giening (eul s ) a gin (for catching animals) ويسماق
                    gis il may (v. 1 and ) to be presed
                                         winter. ( edus ) dang قيش
                    quehai 't may (v caus ) to cause to be crooked.
                         galass quahas mag (r mitr) to be or become erooked
                                     ويشية والمارة والمارة
                                                                                        hably to called from having originally only been occu-
```

1 red in winter by the Central Asiatic tribes], (opposed to you lay "summer quarters or pasturage," answering to the Swas word 'alp)

gieh liq (adj) belonging to or destined for the winter. erooked (be) perior Example

ator man (v intr) to try to shout without being able to produce a loud sound (as people afflicted with goited)

(for the fail) norse hair ويل

gel dur mag (v caus) to cause to do

gel ghu-chi (tl subs) a doet ويلعوني gel mag (v tr) to do [very common in composition] قيلماق

gel in man (v pass.) to be done

gilich (subs) a sabre

gel ishi may (v recip) to do in company, to do one قيليشيماق another [in composition with another verb]

geligh lig (vl adj) dono قبليعليق

gel 19 (vl subs.) the doing oelio liq (vl adı) doing (well), behaving properly, aleo sometimes used for qelighliq

qıma قيما (subs) mince meat

gimach قيماي gimat (ad).) dear, highly priced. [From A]

qı maq (v tr) to trım, to cut slanting (generally for the purpose of making a side of auything square with the

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other sides, the slant being considered with reference
to the existing edge)
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gaimāg (subs) cream

quimag (subs) a butter cake

gimat chi lig (subs) dearness, scarcity, A T

gimer la 't may (v caus) to causo to crawl

gimir la mag (v intr) to crawl, to creep, to move والمارة والماري gim (subs) a scabbard, a sheath

و تين ه تين

ين giyün (rd] and subs) difficult, troublesome, rlso, a prin-

ful panishment, torture

gina 't mag (v caus) to causo to torture ويدادماتي

gina 'I mag (v pass) to be tertured, also, to experience difficulty or pain (in doing anything)

gîna maq (v tr) to torture, also, to give trouble or pun

قيدوائي ginghrik (subs) a large kmie, a benger ويدوائي ginghrik (subs) to cruse to be crooked, to make

crooked وينعرانماتي ganghr as mag (v intr) to become crooked

ginghur (ad)) crooked

gıydq (subs) a sharp bulrush قيباق

gay: mag (v intr) to swim (said of the head)

qıyın (subs) The same as qıjun

qiyin di (subs) a cutting of cloth (remaining from the

cutting out of a garment)

ک گ

ga { (post-pos) to, onto, into at (with a sense of 'motion) { (written also gla and ka] ket ib ga pitti = 'ho wrote in (to) the book,' but kitab da oqudi = 'he read in the book]

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Lap (subs) a case or cover

Ci

الماناك الماناك الماناك الماناك الماناك الماناك

['rimpalent (bor) [like a 'gamin'] ما كايساز

ا كايشانها كا المانه ا

كاپشامات كاپشامان لا بيشامان المان (more commonly), to chatter, to labble

لا كايشوك لا suls) a chatter box, a prattler

ير لا المالة (adj) gosni ing, talkative

J. K Liricin (subs) a caravan, also applied to any individual merchan', a member of a caravan, I'

ging a line of wells at certain interests on a hill slope, connecting the bottoms of these wells by small tunnels, as the foot of the slope is reached the wells get less and less deep till at last the water course emerges into the open air, in this manner springs at the foot of the hills are tapped and brought to the surface of the land at a lower level. In Eastern Turkistan these Lariz are found near Turkin only?, P.

لاكميل Lasks (adj and subs) idle, gosapping, also, an idler

Kúchghor (prop name) the capital of Eastern Turkistan [This is the spelling usual among the Western Turkistanis, and which has now been adopted in the corange of the reigning Amir]

p2.25 Kashgar (prop name) The same [This is the spelling used by the natives of the country both in their every day transactions, and also in their books. It is spill Quik gar in the 'Kudatku Bduk, an ancient Uighur poem written in A 'N 462 or A 'D 1669, and lately pdulished with a translation by Frof Vambery!

لالا كالمالك (unterj) Would to God! P (?) لالا كالمالك (subs) an egg

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, & gal (subs ) throat, I
ال gal (adj ) blunt, I
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ga le [a compound affix applied to the root of verbs conveying the sense 'in order to').

لايسا لا لايسا لا لايسا

امشرك إamslul (adj and subs) having a retreating chin

Jan (subs) a mine, P

Laural (subs) a hole

لوش الانتام (subs) slippers From P

لوش المرس ا

الماتمال كارشاتمال لا mak (r caus) to cause to chew the cut.

لا المالك لا المالك لا المالك للمالك المالك المات المات (r caus) to cause to dig

لإنماك لاظمام Kaola mak (v tr) to dig, to excavate

ايتماك المتال ا

Link Lie mal (v rate) to be angry, to be vezed, to be treed gap (subs) word, speech, a social meeting, a 'conversazione.' P

كايتات Kaptal The same as كيتاك

Applar (suls) a pigeon From P

لابرك لايمال كيريك لايمال كيريك

kapslar (subs) solder, a joint made by soldering Prom P

كايشرت The same as كايشرت كالمعالم كالمعالم المعالم ا

لماير (subs) a ladle, a skummer I rom P.

gap la 'sh mal (r recip) to converse

ليدش كودش Lopish (subs) slippers From Lafth, P

لمكية لا Latil (subs.) a fowl house Litman (subs) a hoe

Artman la mak (v tr) to boc

all Latta (adj) great [The eldest son of the Amir of Bokl ara always lears the title كمرتورة hatta-Turah' = ' Great or first Prince]

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kaj (adj) crooked, specially perverse, P. gaj (subs) plaster, mortar.

Lajaba) (subs) camel's panniers (generally for women

لا كالمال (adj) very small, tiny, little [from lichik-linah].

ليدك ليدك ليدك ليدك ليدك

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لمينة لا لله المال كيالة Lichikklina [contr from Lichik-Lina] (adj) very small, ting, little; also (subs), a very little, a small quantity.

Lech-mal (v. intr) to pass through (water, &c), to wade, to ford : to pass by (a fault), to let pass (one's rights), [governs den].

lech-ur-mal (v. caus) to cause to pass through or by, to cause to let pass.

gadāi (subs) a beggar, a pruper. From P. gaddi-lil (subs) poverty, beggary, P. T.

ير (adı) deaf, P. Air (adj) dirty, soiled. كو

kurr (subs) a cave, a cavern From A.

lire, P. کرا

Aira-chi (subs.) a letter out on hire, P. T.

* Aira-lash (subs) a carrier for hire, the owner of a troop of horses, &c. who carries merchandise for hire, P.

lirpi (subs) a hedgehog کرہی

ليك ليك ليك ليك Lirpil (subs) The same as Lipril.

Aar qulag (adj and subs) deaf, let deaf eared, also, a deaf man.

Air-guz mak (v caus) to cause to enter کرگورماک

کرکی کarkı (subs) an adze

كرمالَّك كرمالَّك Air-mak (v intr) to enter, to come in [governs gha].

لم المركز (euba) autumn.

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لاتجى لايات كراتجي للسيعة المعادية الم
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kuzat-mak (v. tr.) to guard, to take care of.

كزاماك kuza-mak (v. tr) to cut hair (of a horse's mane, de,) with

رك gazek (subs) smarting (of a wound, caused by cold air or water getting into it).

gazlik (subs) a small knife (for paring the nails, &c).

كساك kisal (subs) a piece, a portion; (in Eastern Turkistân confined to) a piece of brick.

Lasal (adj) ill, unwell. From A.

لسلماك kes-il-mak (v. pass) to be cut.

المساك المعاكل (v, tr.) to cut.

kesmal (subs) a shot fired backwards from the buck of a horse at full gallop, a Parthian shot.

ين المارية كشري Aishan (subs) a chain hobble (for a horse).

لافي كني kishi (subs) a person, a 'body'; [kishi with the negative yerb = 'no-body'].

يُفَارِ kaftar (subs) a pigeon. [For kaptar.] From P.

مُثَمَّ كَفْسُ الْمُعَلِّمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ كَفْسُ

لفشر (subs) solder, a soldered joint, P.

كفريك Aifrik (subs) an eye lash. Same as Liprik.

Lofgir. For Lappir.

Is Lal (subs) scald-head , also (adj), bornicss (of a cow, &c).

لَ لَمْنَا (subs) ashes, conders

gul (subs.) a flower, P.

all halah (subs.) a cow; (used also in a general way for horned cattle).

all Lalta (ad)) short.

Will kallal (subs.) a stick, an Alpenstock.

Like kollik (subs.) a red-legged partridge, a 'chikor', Caccabis
pallidus, Hume.

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المن المالية المالية
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one, some one کیده Jamper (subs) an old man, an old woman, P

المسلمة المسل

لمينَّماكي لرية للمه (v. cans) to causo to become less, to duminuch (tr)

mas (v intr) to become less, to diminish (intr) P T

(subs) a village, a place of settled habitations [the

من لامال للمال ل

لانة لا Lanah (subs) a tick [Kil. لا Lub or Lup (adj and adv) much, many, also, much, very, المناء لا لاناه (subs) a mallet

لوپ (subs) a water butt

لوبايماك kop-ai mak (v intr) to become much or many, to increase,

لويقورماك Kup.tur-mak (v. caus.) to cause to ferment.

oupehal (subs) the nave of a wheel.

Lunchul (sabs) a saddle cushion.

لويروك Kuprul (subs) a bridge.

ليكشماك Kun la.'sh.mal (v. recip.) to throng together to any work [from an unusual Lup-la-mak].

Lup-luk (subs.) many-ness, much-ness, a deal of.

ل لمال كريمال لي ليمال كريمال كريمال ليمال ليمال كريمال

Lupur-mak } لوسك كوبوك لي كريك ليك ليك كوبوك

لريةلاك kupah-lak (subs) a moth, a botterfly.

Lutar-'t-mal (v. caus.) to cause to lift.

لرماك للزماك (v tr) to lift, to raise

Targe لرنماك ليدر لماك ليدم ليدم Lutar-'n.mal (v roll) to take one's self off bag and bag.

Lutal (subs) a log of wood, a cross cut portion of a trunk. wis Latan (subs) the gut

gujjak (sube) a shovel.

لويج لقول المقال كريج لقول كالقول كريج

25 Lach (subs.) a march, a migration, P

Litch (subs) a wife.

لرجا لا لاجاء كرجا لا لاجاء كرجا لا لاجاء كرجا لا لاجاء كرجا

لوجا كوجا (subs) ع vegetable broth, Ku , Kaz.

Luch a'n-dur-mak (v reft caus) to cause to exert one's self. لوچاساك ليد " Luch a'n-mak (v refi) to exert one's self, " a'efforcer," to make an effort

Lück-a r-mak (v. intr) to become strong

küch-luk (adj) strong, powerful, [the title given to the Naman prince from whom Changez Khan conquered the country of Kashghar]

küch luk-lik (subs) powerful-ness, mightiness Lúch-mak (v. mtr) to march, to migrate, P. T.

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kuchuk (suls) a tupy r

لوجوساك كوجوساك Luch un-rial (v rell) to march one s self about, to wander about without turpose or unnecessarily

12.5 Itida (subs) a grass of a very nourishing nature growing

in the mountains, Kaz. کر Lurr (rubs) a cavem Sec کر

Jura sh (subs.) a wrestling match.

' Lura 'sh mal (v recip ?) to wrestle together (in a frie id ' Ir war)

Lura L (subs.) a shorel, KHOK.

Lura mal (v tr) to allovel away, to throw (snow, curth, &c) up with a shorel

ل الموريا (subs) a counterpane, hu , also, lamb-skin كوريا Liroch Liroch

Lur sat mal (، caus) to cause to see, to show lur-el apalal (cub=) a bot P T

gurkura k (vl subs) thunder

gurkura mak (v intr) to thunder

Lar guz mal (r cans) to cause to see, to show Lar mak (v tr) to see, to look "Obd in kurmag' to be

pleased. kur ush mal (r recip) to see one another, to have an

interview

لوروكسنر لا Lur uk siz (vl ady) un seemly, un sightly المائة كروكليك المائة (rL adj) seemly, sightly, well favoured, well-

made Lur uI mak (v pass) to be seen

Lur um lul (rl. ad)) wortly of being seen

لورساك لا لا له الماك لله الماك لله الماك المورساك لله الماك المورساك المورساك المورساك appear

lo (subs) an eye

.autumn (sub) مالا كور Aoza (subs) a patcher, P kūz at ehi (subs) a wrtchman, a sentry , lit a looker after كرواتيجي kūz at-mal (v caus P) to look after, to take care of

الم المرافعة المسلم الم المسلم الم المسلم الم المسلم المس

ارتیکماک منت tig mak (comp v intr) to strike (sud of the evil eye)
[governs gha] Conjugated in the 3rd pers sing

lgoverns Jaa] Conjugated in the old pers sing köz chi (subs) a good judge (of horsellesh, &c.) Lit an eye er

lik (subs) dark spectacles to protect the eye, made of hair, also, the stone of a ring, &c

Lor lul. (ady) far sighted, long sighted, also, gifted with the erd eye [supposed to be a great advantage as the possessor can compel the sale to him of any horse, &c, that he tales a facey to, under penalty of causing it to due if it be refused to him?

المائية بن المائية بن المائية المائية

the face P دساتماکی Losa ! mal (v caus) to cause to stir (the fire)

لا كان كوساماك لا كان كوساماك كوساماك

ا معرف المعامل (الا 11) to stir (the fire) موساء معرف المعامل المعامل

ارساي kosar) درساي kosar) درساي Kaush (subs) shppera The same as کوش &c, P also,

chewing the cud رُجُعُ gősk (subs) ment [for gűskt P]

watched before purchase, to see whether they perform this operation projectly. If they do not move their jives laterally at least 25 times before swallowing again, they are not considered to be in good health. In that case it is sail. Lauch & buxulds 'its chewing is spoil."

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لوندالك لاين kufah.lak (subs) a moth, a butterfly. The same as Lupah-Int.

المرون ا Luful (subs) foam. The same as Lupuk.

الرك لامل (subs) a leather thong forming the pivot of the trellis-

work of a Kirzhiz tent. لوك لاقل (subs) the sky. Also (adj.), blue; also, green

* كركارتماك كركارتماك كركارتماك كركارتماك كركارتماك (or green).

الماك كرماك لكرماك لكرماك لكرماك لكرماك لكرماك كرماك لكرماك لكرماك لكرماك لكرماك لكرماك لكرماك كرماك المرام الكرماك المرام الكرماك المرام الكرماك المرام الكرماك المرام الكرماك المرام الكرم الكرماك المرام الكرماك المرام الكرماك ال

لوكراماك كوكراماك لكراماك كوكراماك

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لاز ماند) (subs) breast, chest.

لوكشوني Lolshun (adi) aged, decrepit, in extreme old age; also, an intriguer, a mischief-maker.

ا كالماك كا دولاماك المادة ال wands together by a leather thong passed through them forming a pivot. [the sides of a Kirghiz tent are formed of wands thus fastened together into a trellis-work which can be folded up for travelling, or else extended

and set upright round the circumference of a circle, and then covered with felts to form the sides of the tent]. لوكالماك كوكالماك كوكالماك Lol-la-mak (v intr.) to become blue or green, to send forth

leaves (of a tree). لركماك Lokmak (subs) a wild sheep [Ocis nahura]

lolnar (subs) the poppy, P. لوكيش كوكيش لاقال المارة لاقال المارة كوكيش

phy of Central Asia as Issig kül (warm lake), kara-kül (black lake), but not "Sirikul" (as sometimes spelt by

Europeans), see Saria-gol or Sarigol]. لواتماك Lau-la-'l-mak (v. caus) to cause to dig.

لولاكة Lulagah (subs.) shade, shadow.

يراف لا كراف لا Lau la mal (v tr) to dig, to excavate kulang (subs) duly bread کولانگ

ACI'S kulankah For kulaquh, KAZ

لارماك كولدرماك كولدرماك كولدرماك كولدرماك

لير كولكي كولكي كولكي كولكي

Lul mok (v mtr) to laugh

Lulmus (adj) miserly

ليماك ليسمد (subs) help, assistance

كوماك Aumak (adj) toothless whose mouth retreats from want of teeth

لوماكييي Lumak ch: (subs) a helper, an assistant

Lumal la 'sh mal (v recip) to assist one another, to do any thing compintly

Aumush (subs) silver كرموش

لون Lon (subs) the sun , also, a day

Aun (subs) women connected by being the wives of the same husband

kun (subs) common leather (cow's or camel s hide)

kon ulturush : (subs) sun set , lit sun s sitting down كوناوللوشي

Aon batish : (subs) sun set, lit sun s sinking كوندانشي لوبدوعوشي Kon tughush ، (subs) sun rise , ht sun s birth

Lunist (subs) the grain secame P

لوليقشي مon chilish : (subs) sun rice, lit sun s coming

Lun chi (subs) a leather worker کونچوی

Lun-chs (subs) a jealous person (? from ke a the name applied to the connection between two women who are wives of the same husband)

Lun che la sh-mal (v recip) to be jealous of one another

Lun chi la mak (v mtr) to be jealous (man Lu idash (ady) connected by being the wives of the same Lun dur mak (v caus) to cause to become trained, to train

to educate kon dow (subs) day tame

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لكر لكر المام (eul + ) heart (chieffy used metal h for 'mind,' &c )
                     Ling! at (subs ) a coat or shert not opening at the breast
          Junal elak (ad) merciful hearted كرمالياك
              كرالليك لا يا الماليك للماليك الماليك الماليك
                                                                 with pleasure
        Jun la-'ah mak (r recip ) to be jerlous of one another
              Lin la-rol (r mir) to be, or become pealous
                    لربلكي لاقام المحمد (subs) a parasol, a sun shade
                  (ad) طعال المتابعة المواجدة ا
                  Lun-riak (r intr ) to become trained, to receive an educa
                                                                tion
                                  لونا كرنا ليزيم (subs ) smut, the blackness formed on the outside of
                                                              a kettle, black (of any kind applied or formed on any
                                                              object)
                                 U,S Luya (sube) a grab which destroys garments
                        لوناگو لئيمون عنداله عنداله المنابع كرناگو لئيمون المنابع كرناگو لئيمون المنابع كرناگو كرناگو
                  is cured by inserting a hot needle?
     Lus dur mal (s. caus) to eause to burn (intr.), to burn
                                                             (tr ), to set fire to
                    الله كيلاك Auslak (subs ) The same as lunglak
                لرساك ليد mal (s intr ) to burn, to be burnt
                    لوبوك لقير على (ad1) burnt
                                    as gah (post pos ) to, at, rate, onto [See $1d, 9a]
                                ر م كي (relve sflixes) See Gram. p 312, Syntax.
                 Lipak (subs ) bran کیباک
ليبتررماك Lep tur mak (v caus) to cause to become dry, to dry (tr)
            ليماك Lep mal (v intr) to become dry, to dry [said of clothes,
                                                         &c 7. *
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Let ar mak ) (v cros) to cause to go away, to remote
الماك الماك
 Let Luz mak ) &c 1 کیتکورماک
           Let mak (v intr) to go away کیدماک
    ke' tur mak (v caus from hel muh corr ) to cause to come,
                                                            to bring
                   لم لكري (adj and adv) towards evening, late in the day المجيّة وراد للمراد للمراد المراد الم
                    Asch & anah (adj ) tiny, little, very small
            Lich mak (v intr) to ford, to pass through (a river), to
                                                            pass by (or abandon one's rights) [Governs din ]
       ليسيورماك kich ur mak (v caus) to cause to ford, to cause to pass
                                                            by. &c
                              لحية Lechah (subs.) night
                    کیےک Lichil The same as کنےیک
                   Lich 1k (vi subs ) a ford
                 كيتيككده لل Aichil Linah (ndj ) ting, litile
         لي كليك لدول ال mak (v mtr) to delay, to be late
           ليدرساك Ai dur mak (v caus) to cause to put on (clothes)
                                    (adj ) dirty, sorled
                                    كرا Lira The same as كيرا
                        ليراك لنتقل (adj ) necessary, needful [often used as an unper-
                                                                 sonal verb in the sense of "it is necessary' with the
                                                                 infinitive of another verbl
                   ليك لياك لي لياك لياك لياك لياك ليك لياكليك ليواكليك
                           u hedgehog (subs ) u hedgehog کیرہے
              Lir guz mal (v caus) to cause to enter to bring in
                       Lir-mil (e mir) to enter, to come or go in
                                         Jis Ligiz (suba ) felt See kighiz
                              الراك لوحمل (subs ) turn order, succession.
               Lez dur mal (v caus) to cause to walk about
                         Acz riak (v intr ) to walk about
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                             ليروك ليروك ليروك ليروك ليروك ليروك
                           ليساك Lesal (subs) n piece (of any thing), specially, a piece of
                                                                   brick, [prob from Les-mal]
           Les tur-mal (v caus ) to cruso to cut كيستروماك
                     Les mal (v tr) to cut
                        ليسيك Les ul (vl subs ) a cut, a noteb
                                  Lisah (subs ) a big attached to the girdle. P
                             المشار ليشار كيشار للم Lishan (subs ) a hobble, a short chain fastening together a
                                                                 horse's foreless
                             ليشي ليه له المعالم لله المعالم لله المعالم لله المعالم لله المعالم ا
                                                                 obdán kishi "a good person," kishi kel ma di "no one
                                                               came "
                              ليك لاندل (subs) a wild goat, or sheep, or antelope, [applied
                                                              generally to all wild animals of those sorts, which are
                                                              afterwards distinguished by their specific names, as all
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Lisk s, lit "desert Lisk" (Sanga Tartarica?), tagh-Lisk s

"mountain list" (includes ibex, Ovis Polis, &c)7 ليكا لم للم المرابع ا diment in one's speech كنكاره

ال المالك المال المتالية Lehai-'t mak (v caus) to cause to be baughty.

Lekai mak (v untr) to be haughty, to give one's self airs

Allar-'t mal (v eaus) to cause to eructate كيكرتماك

لارماك لازرماك لازرماك كيكرماك ليكروك لا likar uk (vl subs) an eructation.

ki gur mak } (v caus) to cause to put on (clothes) ا ماك ماك كنكرماك

Liaiz (subs) Same as Lightz.

gilam (subs) a carpet. P Let tur mak (r caus) to cause to come, to bring.

ليلتورولسك Lel tur ul mak (v caus. pass) to be brought

لا يالمتر ماك لدا sal tur mal (v recip eaus) to cause to come to a good result, to bring to a satisfactory conclusion

الشماك Ael 1th mol (r reesp) to come together, specially, to come to a good result

IKAZ to come (v intr) to come کیا، ك لولي لدا، (auba) a large mortar (in which nee, do is pounded),

المالية لواد chal (subs) a small band mortar (see لواء), Kaz ياس لياس (subs) a daughter in lan

لاليدياك Lelin chak (subs) a daughter in law (thus called while still a bride), Kaz

كم Lim (conj) that, also, (pron) who See كم ال كيماك Ai mak (+ tr) to put on (clothes), to wear

Lim eras ([ron) lit who ever, whoso ever ('it may be), but usually some one feame as Lishil (no longer common)

Amer mal (r tr) to gnaw, Kaz

kimeln (subs) a gold tinted leather کیمسال دمونا racellated bons tissue كنبوك

Lirs ch (subs) a vees 1, a ship, a bost

Liss (subs) the rear, the back part , also, (adr) afterwards, behind, also, (post pos) after, behind feoreras dial.

Lin na "backwards," Lien e ga "towards or "to the lack of it ' (definite)

Linduk (subs) the navel Last Ling (al) wale, broad extended also roomy, espacious.

لينتاش ليساش (sub+) counsel, advice deliberation

Lingari mal (v intr) to delib rate to take counsel [? recip

of lingas risk, quasi "to open (one a min l) to one

anotter } Stalkas langual med (v pass) to be made wile or open

Classiful ling-at 'f mal (r caus) to cause to become open or wide Chiful Ling at mal (r intr) to become wile or open, to expant

Schully Ling-cho lek (sule) wideness, es susion الما ودرة كسكيات

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لا كنام كليد كليد المسال كليد المسال كليد المسال كليد المسال كليد المسال كليد المسال المسال

المائة Linah la 'h mal (v resp) to be jealous of one another, P T المرامان Linah la nak (v mtr) to be jealous

Linn i chah (adr.) backwards Linn i chah Let nal to re tire, 'to lack (of a horse),' Linn i chah tur nal "to

I la (part) a particle expressive of multitude e g là s

lashkar' the whole army ,' the army and all.

Ul labl (subs) the marks of the (Qèlmèq) Buddhist religion

[Lama]

أدر labar (subs.) title of an officer commanding a corps of in fantry (500 men)

lapul la mal (v sntr) to flap to and fro (with the wind)

all latta (subs.) a rag. Also a kind of flowered silk s'uff

and lachah (subs.) scaling war

lachah (subs.) a handkerebief thrown by women over the

backs of their Leads to cover their hair when praying or going into any public rlace. Also, a kind of turban or tiara worn by Kirghiz women.

ن المواقعة المواقعة

الجلس (subs.) a kind of hawk

J lar The plural affix

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lash (*abs.) green slume (formed on stagmant water, &c.)

laf (subs.) false boasting a drawing of the long bow P

"summer quarters" (pastures in the mountains, Alps

in the Swiss sense) giah lag "winter quarters' (this

name formerly applied by the nomad inhabitants of Central Asia to the places where they spent the winter, has now become applied to all settled habitations or villages), Su lag "a watering place (of cattle)," Otlaq "a grassy place," &c

الك الآك ' lak (subs) sealing wax, P

1875]

Ian An affix forming numeral substantives E g "ochaolan "a group of three" See Grammar, p 308

langer (subs) an anchor (or rather a heavy object used instead of an anchor), P Also, a halting place, a resthouse, Y

الكة lankah (subs.) linea (? Nankeen)

13 lawar See labar.

ld: (subs) mud, clay, P

النجي الله che (subs) a worker in clay, one who makes walls. &c. of mud. P T

laï la.'t mag (v caus) to erues to become muddy, to muddy (tr), P T

lde la maq (v intr) to become muddy Also, to flort, P T

from Yarkand on the Aksu road, P T Lab (subs) a hp, an edge, P

الحك lachal See ليك

Ink (num) a hundred thousand P

laklak (subs) a stork, A

lakh (subs) a rush (grass)

luq See lik lul The samo as lak

lum lum (subs) a composition resembling india rubber

luny (subs) the maide of the check, I'

lungga (subs) a flower pot

jungs (sals) a scarf used as turban or wast scarf chiefly used by the Afghans P

ام affix used in forming adjectives from substantives, and also abstract nouns from other nouns or from adjectives. It takes various forms according to the letters of the word to which it is affixed. See Gram Emph Changes.

(matal (subs) a proverb, a saying, Kaz

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Lille matang (subs) a kind of sweetment, (? Cu)

mdlao (subs) a number of animals picketted together to a single rope, a chain gang of criminals similarly fastencil. KAZ

maján for marján (subs) coral, A.

mach (subs) paste made of the fine dust collected from a flour mill

marag (vi subs) a place of ambuscade or of secret observation (of an enemy)

mdrdq chi (subs) an ambush, men placed so as to observe the enemy without being themselves seen

márál (subs) the female of the 12 tined stag of Eastern Turkistan Alárál bash: (prop. name.) a town founded by the Chinese

near Laï Mayıd, at the junction of the roads from Yarkand and Kashghar to Aksa مراائی márals (sabs) leather prepared from the skins of the

'maral' مارامات mara mail (v tr) to watch from a concealed post of ob

servation to be in ambush والعام mardach (adv) tailor wise (ured of a mode of sitting),

Kaz

marazak (subs) a small carnet

ma-ur (subs.) a tomb of a bolv man (which is revered as a shrine and ornamented with flags and yak tails fas tened to long poles, also often with horns of wild an

mals) The carms, which one meets with throughout the mountains separating India from Turkistan, on all noticeable spots such as Passes, &c are, in the parts of these mountains inhabited by the Musalmans, honoured with the title of "Mazar" and considered to be the

tombs of ancient worthies, A mazaq (subs) a joke, (corr A)

mich (subs) a kind of pulse, P

the make (subs) candle spuffers, also, the fork in wich the match of a match lock gun is fixed.

gialo makag (subs) gleanings mashut (subs) raw silk

. Nile māoāl See matāl

mdqta 't maq (v eaus) to eause to praise ماقتاتماق

maqta mag (v tr) to praise

magta 'n mag (v refl) to praise one's self, to borst

make (subs) a shuttle (generally made of born)

Re mala (subs) a bush barrow, a rate, an instrument for covering seed with earth after sowing

mal aur mdq (e caus) to cause to dip

mál máq (v tr) to dip, specially into a dyeing vat

tole mana (subs) a grandmother, an old woman

ijolo māmug (subs) cotton, Kaz

mantu (subs) a small meat dumpling baked in steam

manin par (sabs) a baker of 'Mantus'

, apila monte chi (subs) a pimp, Kasuonan.

mang dur mag (v cans) to cruse to walk manger at mdq (v recip) to bleat to one another (of

sheep or goats)

mangra-mag, (v intr) to bkat, to ban (used of sheep and goats)

table manage (suba.) a running from the nose , also, a dangerous illuess in borses

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    manglas (subs ) the forehead
    mang mag (v intr) to walk, to go, to progress in any
             manner (physically)
   mang 114 (vl subs ) movement, pace
     mas (subs ) fat, grease, butter, Kaz
       the mana (subs ) capital, original sum invested, P
     mayang (subs ) sheep's droppings
      maida (subs ) fine powder, P
maida la maq (tr) to redoce to powder مايدالاماك
    ، mairug (adj ) twisted, crippled, haz مايورق
    maimun (subs ) a monker, A.
 midra mal (v. intr) to move
    maryan (subs ) coral, A.
     maskah (subs ) fresh butter, P
    mashrab (subs ) a social re union with music. &c
     anasha (subs ) practice drill, military exercise., A
    ma qul (adj ) lit reasonable, commonly used for well,
             all right. A
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ma'qul la 'sh maq (v. recip) to come to an agreement

together. ma'qul la maq (v mtr) to come to an agreement, to agree to.

milter (subs) a gau, a mushet milteg che (subs) a gunner, a musletcer

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man (pron) I

men em (pron) my, Kaz [for maning]

man man lik (subs) egotism, self concert manah (inter;) here! 'toscs'

mu interrogative affir See Grammar

mu for bu in oblique cases muchah (subs) the hind quarters of a sheep, KAZ

muchal (subs) the cycle of 12 years (each of which is named after an animal) See Grammar

muju 't mag (s caus) to cause to pulverize in the hands

אינים may u may (v tr) to rub between the fingers, to rub to powder in the bands, to bring down the pride (of any one), also, to scrape the meet off a bone [in this last sense used only by the Kazzaks?

muchin (subs) tweezers (with which the Tarks of Iarland and Kashghar used to pull out the hair of their frees out of compliment to their beardless masters the Clineso)

mor: (subs) a gutter, also, a chimney, ? P

oce (subs) אומי מפנ

muzût properly muz art (from muz "ice and art old Turki for a ' Pass) prop name of a Pass on the load from Aksu to Ila

muzas (subs) a calf

muz tagh (subs) a glacier, also, a snowy mountain (Seo Remarks regarding the application of such words as proper names under Ag tagh)

muz luq (adj) icy, covered with ice

mushak (subs) a fire work, a rocket, a squib

mushuk (sabs) a cat

mush la mak [for musht la-mak] (v tr) to strike with the fist P T

Mughal (prop name) Mongol

mol (adj) plentiful, abundant, Kir مول

mola (subs) a rack saddle

mulla (subs) an educated person, one who has learnt to read and write, P

Multin (prop name) A name applied in harkind to all Shins since a party of Multin Shins mide themselves notorious by their macconduct some years ago in that town

molun (subs) a wild cat مولوب

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ey" mum (subs ) wax , al mum "bee's wax", kara-mum "cob-
             bler's wax." P
   munjag (subs ) a coloured bead
     mun chak (adv ) thus much, (from bu which see, and chah)
    mun dagh (rdr ) thus
     שעני mun dah (adv ) here
    mung (subs ) sorrow, eare
   mung-ai mag (v intr) to become sorrowful.
mung da 'sh-maq ) (v recip ) to impirt one s griefs to one
 mung la-ah mag ] another مودكلاشماق
    munguz (subs ) a born مودلور
mihrban.chi lig (subs ) kiodness, graciousness, P T
mihman che liq (subs ) hospitality, P T
     == mijaz for mizaj (subs ) health , aleo, disposition, temper, P.
      mekh (subs ) a nail, a peg, P
 melh la-'! mag (v caus) to cause to nail, P T
  mekh la maq (v tr) to nail, P T
midira 't mak (v. caus) to cause to move, to more (tr)
midira mak (v intr ) to move, to creep
midir la mak (v intr ) to move about, to ereep about
     mairdah (adv ) here [for bu or ma-yer dah 'in this place']
    mis (subs.) copper, P
  mie qachah (subs ) a copper vessel, P T.
   mishiq (eubs) a cat
     m'skan) interrogative or dubitative form of the Indef
    m'ikin } Part of the defective verb irmak or imak) is ?
                   whether? [See Grammar ]
   milleg (subs) a gun ميلتيق
      mail (subs ) inclination, choice, A.
      min (pr ) I, Kaz, Kiegu
   minjaq See munjaq
 min dur mak (v caus) to cause to ride, to mount (any-
             one)
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min ish mak (v recip) to ride together. مينشاكي min (num) ع thousand

(suhs) a beauty spot, a mole on the face [horse. min ga 'ah mak (v. recip) to ride two together on one מינולא mingah (suhs) the brain.

ann mal (v tr) to mount a horse, to ride, "monter à المام mina (inter] here! " roice " [cheial"

miyah (subs) the brina

ω

שלט nábát (subs) sugar, P אבלי náchár (adj) helpless, P

nuchar leg (subs) belplessness, P T.

No nar (subs) a single humped camel, like those of India

nar råq For nars såq داراق

(alv and post-pos) beyond, on the further side
[This is perhaps merely a contraction of an yers ('nyers
that place) At any rate, it may be used precisely as
if it were a compound of pronoun and substantive, a g
sound narr'ny gha "to thy further side" (where it
takes both the possessive termination and dative postposition), si din nari or nari da "on the further side
from (of) the house "See Grammar But it has also
the properties of a simple adverb, in that it can take
the comparative form see next word]

nars raq (adv comparative) further, beyond, more on the other side

י אל (tubs) blandi-hments endearments, P לנשנט) haz la-t mag (v cans) to cruve to endear himself, P T tube nd: la 'n mag (v refl) to endear one s self P T tube nd: la 'n mag (r refl) to endear one self P T nd: liq (ad) endeance using blandihments.

(בי) המנוע (ud) deleake, tender, P

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and sale) snuff (generally put into the mouth under the tongue and retained there for some time), P. ndsicar The same, P nasical The same , chall nasicar The same, Kaz. nashbat:] (subs) a peur, P أ nashwai باشواتي aint nashtah (subs) an early breakfast, a morsel eaten on first " cetting up, 'chots hazers.' P. naghūra (subs) a large kettle drum, P naghūra chi (sulis) a Lettle drummer, P T nak (subs) a pear namus (subs) an indignity, a disgrace, A. nao) (subs) the wooden spout or channel which curries bl nama I the water to the wheel of a water mill, P nawat See nabat nas (subs) a reed, n fife, P naī-chs (subs) a fifer, P T ni-chand (pron) several, P T ni chul (adv) how? in what manner? thus, so ni chak (pron) how many? how much? nuskhah (subs) model , also, pattern, design, driwing, A. han naghara See heb ass naghmah (subs) music, melody, P naghmah chi (subs) a musician, P T

nemarah [ni-'m erso] (pron) some thing [ht " what-ever (it) may be" It preserves the memory of its origin

sufficiently to avoid taking affixes or post positions as

a rule, excepting sometimes that of the accusative? Las ni-mah (pren) what? al-o, something ['ee Grammar,

Pronouns 7

ning or nang or ning The affix of the Genitive case, in early Turks "property, " possession "

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nı (pron.) what? Also (post-pos) the affix of the Accusa-
       tive case
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ىلى naī See بى

nı tak (adv) The same as nı chul [Almost obsolete] m chul See Lee

lusar ni chigh da] (adv) at what time? when ?

Dezu ni-chao-da

nı-châqh liq (pron) what, at a guess? about how much? [See chaqh]

ni-chun [for ne nehun] (adv) why? for what reason? azu ni chah See azu

naï chah (subs) a little reed, specially one placed in a shuttle and on which the thread is wound

nım'ıch qa (adv) to what purpose? wherefore?

نية nemah See ديده

ming The affix of the Genitive case See Grammar niersah [ni erea] The same as nimareah [constructed with no instead of nimal

y u an affix corresponding with our "isn't there," ' doen'nt 1£ "

har dur maq (caus) to cause to be tired, to tire, (tr) hârduq (subs) fatigue, tiredness هاردرق ارمان الم المارمة الم har if mig (v caus) to causo to be tired hang (subs) a cliff, a precipice 1

hangghut (subs) the ruddy shelldrake, Grearea rutila عاملعوت hangu (subs) name of a tree from whoe hard wood cups are made, (9) a kind of poplar

Like hang: (subs) a pack ass

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haida mal (v tr ) to drive, to drive away
           اهركاحال ar kachan (adv ) whenever, whensoever (ht 'every when').
        Line hur mal (v tr ) to blow away (with the mouth)
          hur kal (adı) shying (of a horse), casily frightened.
          hur mak (v intr ) to bark (of a dog)
      huruh mah (v intr) to shy [for huruh hah (2)]
huruk üt mak (v caus ) to cause to shy هم , ك, تماك
                   hulus (subs ) a bullock, an ox
                        , la hol (adı ) wet, damp
    ا Abl cl ، lik موليميليك موليميليك hol cl ، lik موليميليك موالد الما المالية 
        hol la mal (v tr) to wet
          " has has (unters ) alas! what a pity!
                 الاق yabalaq (eubs) an owl
                   yapalig (ad) ) flat
                    yapraq (subs ) a leaf (of a tree), KAZ
              waparmag The same, E T
    yap ish tur mag (v recip caus ) to cause to become affixed,
                                                to affir
          yap 18h maq (v recip) to stick together, to become affixed
                                                 to one another to climb, to "swarm up," [recip from
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yap un maq (v refl) to cover one's self, to throw one s clothes on without putting one's arms into the sleeves

اللان yapah laq See يايداق

udt (nul) strange, unknown بأت water (subs) a man belonging to a nomial tribe who from poverty comes into the towns to earn a hackhood, Kaz, Kn

yat gag (ad)) sleepy, who sleeps much or often

yat que maq } (v caus) to cause to he down (vet que mag پانقورماق

yat la 'n maq (v refl.) to feel one s self strange to be shy yat la mag (v tr) to treat as a strunger, to shun

udt mag (v intr) to he down to he

vat unh luq (vl adı) lyıng down, lenning

ydt ug (vl ad) lenning inclined

yad (subs) memory, recollection, P

ياك الم يا yad dash for nad dasht (subs) a memorandum a reminder yad la 't malq (v caus) to cause to remember, to remind,

yad la 'sh rida (v recip) to remember one another to speak of one another, P T

yad la n mag (v pass or refl) to be reminded, to bethink one's self, to recollect P T

yad la mag (v tr) to commit to memory to learn by heart yar (subs) a friend P

Ju yar (subs) a bow (for shooting)

yir (subs) a fissure a split (in the earth) a bank a cliff (of earth) [The derivation of the name larland ' is said to be from yir a bank and kend or lant a village or inhabited place as in Besh kant "the five villages Tashkand the stone abode &c Yarkand is situated on the edge of a bank which forms the northwestern boundary of a depressed fluviable plain nearly four rules wide, low and marshy, which was probably formed by the divariential branches of the larkand

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That river, however, now flows in a bed, 7 or 8 miles further east, which resembles in its character the plun on the south-east side of Yarkand The Zilchak Ustang which runs through the latter some 31 miles from the city, being derived from the main river some miles higher up, has the appearance of a natural stream and not of a canal, and is perhaps a robe left by the main stream in its former bed. The edge of the higher level plan in the neighbourhood of the city is also cut by numerous fissures or depressions with high banks which add to the appropriateness of the name larkand "the city of banks" The name Yaman var "cvil banks,' is also common in the country, being applied to a river passing south of Kashgbar Port and also to a dry river bed some 2 miles north of larkand] yara (subs) a wound uar a 't mag (v caus) to cause (or allow) to be pleasant (to one's self), to appreciate, to be pleased with ffrom

(to one's self), to appreciate, to be pleased with [from year nag]

year nag ('. tr') to create, to make out of nothing

پارتبللان gárát 1 maq (v pass) to be created پاراش yár dsh (subs) peace, concord, P T پاراشتورماتی yár d sh tur maq (v recip caus) to cause to make peace,

to reconcile

to reconcile

yar a st may (v recm) to make peace together, to be

come reconciled, also to suit, to become, [bit 'to be

pleasant to one another from war a may]

وراق yáraq (subs) a weapon, an arm براوتدماق yárāq la siaq (t tr) to arm yara-ligh ('di') wounded ارائة المنات yara-ligh الله yara ligh

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yâr a mâg (v mtr) to be pleasant, to be agreeable, to
           rlease, P T
yar dur mag (v caus) to cause to split, (tr)
   yarghaq (subs ) lerther (of sheep or gort's skin)
   and war one (suhs ) a fine, an exaction [quasi something split
            off by force from a man's property] (from yar mag)
وارعوجاتي بارعوجاتي yar ghu chaq (subs) a hand mill (only used for making
            tobacco into snuff, or splitting or breaking up grain for
            cattle, not for flour)
  yar ganat (eubs ) a bat
   ygarligh پارلیج (subs ) a (written) decree, an ediet, a "farmân "
yarlig
    gar liq (adj ) friendly يارليق
    yar liq (ad1) fissured, with many binks
 yarlıqa maq (v tr) to absolve (from sin), to proclaim an
             amnesty
     yûr.ma (subs) split peas (or any other grum)
 yarmash maq Same as yapısh müq
    yar maq (v te) to spht to sht [Sec yir "a fissure "]
    varman (subs ) a bronze com of small value current in the
             time of the Chinese
   y fru 't mag (v caus) to cause to be calightened, to throw
              light (or any thing), to lighten to illuminate
   yar aik mag (v reeip ) to split together باروشماق
   yaru 'sh maq (v recip ) to lighten together
      yar ugh (subs) a split, a crack
       end yaru gh (subs.) a ray of light, light generally
    går sl mag (v pass) to be aplit
        yar ım (subs ) lalf [from ydr mag to split ]
          yú. (sulu ) spring also summer [Sie y ishil]
    yá. dur ring (v caus) to cause to write
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the tical common rust of with and which if is prelisted corrected with that of all "spring" (the season of grantle) Compare also yes ml; " to open out " Frof. Vainberr (from the Lufstla Bilik) gives the following countarison of the ages of man with the seasons of the year.

viz = Spring answers to chil thood (which we lare even is call d with)

was = Summer, answers to youth Lie (Luz) = Autumn (the reaping scason), an-

swers to full grown man! oed . qui = Winter, answers to old ace.

Thus it appears (as riight indeed be imagined) that the idea of comparing man's childhood with the season of the first growth of plants has long been familiar to the Turks, and they may have expressed this in the

formation of their words for the same ?

yishin (rul a) lightning باشيم pl gagh (subs.) grease, fat [Distinguished into su gaghs "oil.' tatlig gigh " sweet oil," guyurug gughi lit "tail fat '(the fat of the tail of the Dumba sheep), sarrak wash "rellow grease," raz, "ghee or clarified butter," maslah y 19h ' butter "]

melely yaghach (subs) wood, a stick

yagh-dur rang (v caus.) to cause to rain, to water (from above), "arraser'

yaghrūn (subs) a shonlder blade, Kaz Kinon ياعرون yaghrun chs (subs) one who divines by means of the shoulder blades of sheep, Kaz Kingii

alel yagh la ghu (sub-) a frying pan [from yagh 'grease] yagh to 'n-maq (v pass and reft) to be made or become greasy, to make it elf greasy, to become greasy of itself

glaste yagh la mag (v tr) to make greasy, to grease wagh liq (subs) a maphin (for wiping the grease from one s

hands) , also, (adj) greasy yaghs (adj) rebellious, also, warring at war, P

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ياغير ydghır (adı) galled (by the saddle, &c , sud of a horse). ياغيلي ydghı lıq (subs) rebellion , also, hostility, P T.
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yaghın (suhs) raın باغيى

yak (suba) the jaw bone باق

Giv yaqa (subs) a border, an edge, a collar (of a garment),
[the other edges of a garment have a different name]

ياتالان yddd la mag (v tr) to border, to edge, to move along the edge (of anything), to make a collar (to a garment),

to seese by the collar, to collar

ي وتقررماتي yâg tur mag (v caus) to cause to light (fire) yâg tur mag (v caus) to cause (or allow) to be pleasant (to one's self), to approve, to be pleased with

yagtı (subs) light, Kaz

yaq maq (v tr) to light, to set on fire

yaq maq (v mtr) to be agreeable, to pleaso [governs gha]

ياكيس yaq sn (adv) near, close to [? at the edge (yaqa)]

yag-il mag (v pass) to be lighted

المالية المستان yaq-il maq (v intr) to become near, to approach [governs gha]

yal (subs) a mane (of a horse)

Ju yal (subs) wages, pay, recompense for service

ydida (subs) a plate for feeding dogs out of, [from their licking up the remainders]

yala mak (v tr) to lick بالماق

yalánghách (adj) nahed bare [P from yala maq]

yalanghach la-maq (v tr) to make nahed, to strip

yalang (adj.) half clothed (said of a man insufficiently clothed in cold weather), bare, naked (said of a plain or mountain)

ydiang la máz (v tr) to make bare, also, to brundish پائلگائي ي vilang lız (subs.) a bare place an open plain. [(a sword) پائلو پائلو پائلوه (sabs.) Seo yilag, Kaz

yall tr.may (v infr) to be eech to entrest, to act as a 'hek spittle [? from yala mag]

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yaz-qhur maq (v cause) to cause to err, to cause to le (legally) guilty, to I ring in guilty, to convict

udz lug (ads) adapted to summer, summer (clothes, &c) yuz mig (v tr) to write, [? connected with yarligh]

يارماق بارماق وي man (v intr) to err, to deviate (from the road or from one a duty)

uda man (s tr) to unfold, to spread out

váz ug (vl subs) an error, a deviation from rectifude, as sin [from yáz műg]

yázı (subs) the country (as opposed to the town) [f from váz summer, quasi "summer quarters" or else from ydz maq to spread out, quasi "open country," "rase

campague ' as opposed to the town] ياريلماق و ياريلماق بي ياريلماق بي ياريلماق

ياريلماق waz il mag (v pass) to be spread out

uda: Ito (cubs) a dweller in the country, a country man yasa 't may (v caus) to cause to make

yasa'a (subs) line of battle formation of troops ydså máq (v tr) to make, to construct, to form, to form

up (troops), also, to ornament, to adorn yasā 'n maq (v reft) to form up in line (of an army) ,

to adorn one's self

باساو بالغاله (subs) a line of battle, Kaz

yásáwal (subs) a chamberlam, an usber, lit a former up or arranger of men

yasta n chaq (subs) an elbow cushion a support for the elbows

yastd 'n maq (v refl) to support one s self on one's elbows, to sit in a half reclining position

yastuq (subs) a pillow (for the head), Kaz

yūsqūq (subs.) a slate [not used for roofing because there fairs on er

yasmuq (subs.) a kind of pulse

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ydsse (ad) ) wide (in superficial measurement), Kar
   yash (subs ) age (counted in years), years of age (e g , man
           girg yush da dur man "I am forty years old ," ' besh
           yash-gha yells "he reached five years of age"]
   yash (ada) of tender age, young [e g , yash bala "an in-
            fant, yash yigit " a young min"]
    , ale wash (sabs ) a tear
    yash ar (ndj) aged (so and so) [e g, ellih yashar adam
            "a man fifty years of age "]
yteh ar 't mag (v caus) to cause to weep
wash ar t mak (v caus ) to cause to become green
 while yash or may (v mtr) to weep, to shed tears
yaek-ar mak (v mtr) to sprout, to become green.
  yaih amaq (v intr) to age, to grow older [applies equally
             at all ages]
  yash an mag (v rell ) to age one's self, to grow older
   yash lug (subs ) youth, early age
  yash ur maq (v caus) to cause to be hidden, to hide to
              conceal
    yash ur un (adj ) hilden, concealed
 yash ur un mag (v rell ) to hide one s self, to conceal itself
   yash un maq (v refl ) to hide one s self
     yasl 19 (ad] ) lean, without fat (sud only of meat)
     yashıl (adı ) green [Possibly this is a passive form derived
              from a root laving the meaning of 'becoming green' as
               connected with the growth of plants and which would
               be the common origin of ydsh 'early age', 'budding
               youth and of gash ar mal ' to become green,' (whose
               form shows that the syllable if in yishil is not of the
               essence of the root), or being the verbal co efficient of
               colour, as LoL or mak ' to become blue,' sarigh ar mag
                "to become yellow, ozga e mal "to become of different
                colour" See also giz-ar mak and gizil This bypo
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يالياق ydlpdq (adj) wido (in superficial measurement), flat ydl tur-a't mdq (v cius) to ciuse to glaten (whether by rubbing up to make bright, or by displaying the bright

object in the light) يالترراماتي yal tur a maq (v intr) to glisten, to shine يالترراماتي yal chi-'t maq (v caus) to cause to be pleased with one's

scruce, to render acceptible service yal chi may (v intr) to be pleased with (iny one's) services to approve [Governs 'din']

ydl dir a may See yalluramay يالدوراماق ydl dir a may see yalluramay يالدوراماق يالعاماق ydlgha may (v tr) to yoin, to unite

yalghan (subs) a he, an untruth يالعال yalghan che (subs) a har.

yalqhoz (adı) alone بالعور

yalghoz (adj) mone بالعرابة yalghoz (iq (subs) loneliness, the being alone

yalghoz la maq (v tr) to ssolate, to cause to be alone بالعورلامان yalghoz la maq (v tr) to ssolate, to cause to be alone

ياليس (subs) a flame

ydlin dur-mag (r caus) to emise to entreat (hy withhold ing what is asked for), 's of faire prier'

yalin mag (v mtr) to beseech, to abuse one's self in entreates (governs gha of the person entreated, and wehun of the petialtion) [? the refl form of yala mag, see also withermads]

ydwarmon الم ydward (vl subs) a patch (sewn into a gurment) ياماق ydma mdq (v tr) to patch, to sew a patch over a rent in

a garment yamān (adj) bad, eril , also, bad to bert, brave, adroit yamān la māg (v natr) to become brd, to take in bad part, to take it all to be (Alended , Also, to the of a certain

discase (of horses in which the breast swells) و يامانليق yaman-liq (subs) evil, badness,

yamghur (subs) rain.

ياس yan (subs) a flank, a side [Porms several adverbs, see Grammar 1

bh yana (rdi) Seo yanak.

yan bash (subs) the hip bone [lit 'side head'] y in bash la may (r ratr) to lie on one's side, to recline

on one's hip

yanday (subs) a thorny plant growing in desort places and caten by camels

yangi'i mag (v caus) to cause to pound up

ying mag (v tr) to pound up, to reduce to powder, also, (metaph) to bring to nothing, to ruin

ydn chiq (subs) a side pocket يالجيتي

wan dash (subs) a companion, ht "a side fellow" [conf

(by side oursdo dáshl yan dash maq (v intr) to accompany, to be or go side

gân dur mag (v caus.) to cause to burn to burn (tr) yandur mag (v caus) to cause to return, to return (tr),

also, to cause to do again yangag (subs) 2 walout

الكات yangag (subs) the jaw bone

yangra mdq (v inti) to echo back to give an echo

yangghaq (subs) a walnut

yangıl maq (v tr) to make a mıstake

sply gangzah (subs) sort, kind, pattern, Cirri

yang ligh (adj) equal, same [generally used with bir before بالكليع

it, = one and the same] (obsolete) yangl tah (vl subs) a mistake [from yangilmaq]

yân maq (v intr) to burn to consume (itself) by fire

ydn mdq (v mtr) to return to turn back also, to change one s mind, to give up [governs dan], also, its past participle in composition with another verb indicates repetition of the action of the latter, e. g., yan ip gel dim " I did it over again "

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يانيماني y fin ridy (r tr) to whet, to sharpen, ' reposser' المرابع y fo (a ibe and a ly) an enemy, also, hostik, har ياط y grieu (aly) wilk, not tamed

yricash (rdj) tame, docile, tractable

yiu chi (subs) a go-between or arranger of a marrage (the custom is for this person to wear one hig of his trouvers loose over his riding boot while the other leg is tucked into the boot as usual, this is the mark of the *

business that he has come upon] (? from ydu riag) وارشعاق ydu-ish mng (v recip) to approach one another, to approach

together [from 3 in mag]

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yu 'q la maq (r intr) to aj prosch

ydu man (+ intr) to approach

yús (subs) summer, [rare at the present day except in

camp] אינט yiyiq (subs) a footman , also, (adv) on foot, Kn שונ שואני The same, Kaz

you gaydo The same, Kaz you lay (subs.) a summer pastore, an 'alp (in the Swiss

sense)
yús la raq (r intr) to pass the summer (used of flocks
and herds taken to their summer pastures)

yas-maq (v tr) to spread out, to extend Same as ya. mag

ydy ul-ridq (v pass) to be sprend out, to flood بايولماتي yett dilan (num, subs) a group of seven

yet mish (num) seventy يقمش

yet mush anchs (n adj) seventieth

yet anchs (num adj) seventh

yetts (num) seven [yetts gulduz or yetts ughrs ('the even stars or 'the even theres), the name of the Great Bear among the Kazzake who say that this contellation is a gang of robbers ever circling round to watch their opportunity of earrying off the two horses (two

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                         of Eastern Turkistan
1878 7
                  bright stars of Ursa Minor) called Agbox at and Kok
                  boz at (' white grey horse' and ' blue grey horse') which
                  are picketted to a peg (the Pol. Star) round which they
                  grizel
          yakh (subs) 100, P المناس yakh tan (subs) a prinner, a lerther box forming one side
                  of a baggage animal's load, [for P yak dan]
        yakhshs (adj and adv) good, well
          Smi yakhak (subs ) glazed chuntz [? from yakh, 100, P]
       yakh la mak (v mtr) to freeze , also, to set (of grease or
                  any liquid or viscous fluid which hardens with decrease
                   of temperature), P T
          yakhnı (subs ) cold meat
             & yed (subs ) a perfume, a pleasant smell
                                                                 smell
       yed la 't mak (v caus) to cause to perceivo a pleasant
        yed la mak (r tr) to smell, to perceive a pleasant odour
       yed la 'n mal (v pass and refl ) to be smelt, to smell
                   (intr ) to give rise to a pleasant odour
          يدليك yed lik (ad) pleasant smelling, odoriferous
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yardah (subs) a weapon, an arm, [see المراق yardah (subs) a weapon, an arm, [see ياراقالمان yaragh la mag (v tr) to arm Samo as ياراقالمان yara' ya liq (v1 ad)) pleasing (from yara' ma)

gurda la sh mag (v recup) to remove to a distance from one another, to separate (tr or intr), yurda la mag (v tr) to remove to a distance is yurda la mag (v tr) to remove to a distance is yurda la gentle (globs) distance, far nesa. (ניסול) yurda la gentle yurda la gentle yurda ka gent

yighla maq (v intr) to weep, to lament with tears

yard (subs) a wound.

yardah liq (adı) armed. پراعلیق yurda (adı) dıstant, also, (adv) far

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yight (subs ) weeping, lamentation
   ناقا vega See الله
yek at maq (v caus ) to causo to fall to throw down
yek il maq (v pasa) to be caused to fall, to be thrown
         down to fall
yeh may (v tr) to throw down, Kiz
  wak kah (ad] and adv ) alone , only, P
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[الكرماك yıgar mak (v tr) to spin [Also الكرماك vigarm ailan (num subs) a group of twenty

yıgarm anchı (num adı) twentieth بكرمنجي

yıqarmah (num) twenty بكرسة

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Je wil (subs) a year [The solar year from não roz to não roz (carly spring) is called after the animals of the Tartar year cycle The lunar year is of course called by its number after the era of the Hijra 7

vulán (subs) a serpent, a snake

مالانگ galang See بلانگ

بالإنعاج yaldng glach See بالأنعاب

يالي بالأوي (subs) horse kind (used of horses generally without distinction of sex or age, like the English word mankind for the children of men generally) bir top gulqu"a (mixed) herd of borses 1

yulqı chı (subs) a keeper of a herd of horses

بالدق بالدو (adj) lukowarm tepid.

اللعن Marrow Also الماري بلنك

بيليمالان vem la mak (v tr) to paste to glue Also بيليمالاناك

wanga (subs) an elder brother s wife

ellle yang Ligh. See selles

yangı (adı) new سكي

w wanah (adj and adv) other, also again

yud (subs) a leek

yud t mag (v caus) to cause (a child) to stop crying (1 y giving it something to amuse it), to hush

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, שולה vuâ'sh or yawa-'sh (adj ) mild, tractable, gentle.
  . wudsh-lig (adi ) mildness, geatleness,
   gualduz (subs ) a packing-needle.
yud.'n.dur.maq (v. caus.) to cause (a child) to stop crying,
            to pacify, to soothe (a child).
   und 'n-man (v. reft ) to pacify itself, to stop crying (of a
            child), to become hushed.
     بيقا بيسوه (adj ) thin (not used of men or animals).
ب بيقالماق (v. tr) to make thin. .
   باليوغ Sec باليوغ بويوغ.
     yut (subs ) a scarcity of grass on the pastures.
     wutal (adi ) coughing, having a cough,
برتالماك yütal-mak ورتالماك (v. iatr.) to cough.
yüt-ür-mak (v. caus) to cause to be last, to lose [for
            ايدرمك
    .yut.mag (v. tr ) to swallow إوتماق
      gurd (adv.) upright, standing, KAZ.
   yurak (subs ) heart (used without metaphor)
     yürt (subs ) a country, one's home.
   yurt aul (subs.) a mounted troop of planderers [from
            wart-mnol.
   yurtak (v) subs and adj ) a trot , trotting
   رَوْمَاءٍ, yurt-gan (subs) a counterpane, a bed-covering stuffed
             with cotton
   yurt-maq (v mtr.) to trot
yür dür-mak (v caus ) to cause to proceed [from yür-mak]
     te jet gurgha (subs ) an amble (pace of a horse)
 gurgha-la-maq (v intr) to amble
  gurga-mak (v tr ) to roll up, to wind, to fold.
 yurga-'n mak (v refl ) to roll one's self up
 .yar-guz-mak See yur-dur-mak يوركورماك
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yurma (sub*) an ornunental stitch worked with a crochet
by means of which loops of thread are brought through
the stuff from behind, each loop being brought through
the bight of the preceding one

yūru māg (v tr) to interpret (a dream)

yur maq (v intr) to walk, to progress, to proceed, [dt ga min ip yur mak "to proceed on horseback'].

yūru'l mai (v caus) to cause to walk, to cause to proceed

yürü-mak See yür mak also mang mag

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yūrūq See yārnyh, yāruq (in both senses)

yurü 'k (vl subs) pace, gart, manner of walking بررك yūz (subs) the cheek, the face, also, face or surface (of

any object), also metaph, an din ul yüz i ghd that side of it (rix, beyond it), flut a kilgan ning bu yüz i da since so and so came' (lit "on this side of so-and so s coming) Bu (or il) yuz i da (or gha) is thus a compound post position taling ning or din after the

noun [See grammar]

taine '

ي يوراد يوراد yū. 60 (num subs) a group of a hundred Kaz بورادي يورادي يورادي uu. aılan (num subs) a group of a hundred, 'une cen

yuz báthi (subs) a chief of a hundred, a centurion و yuz láthi (v caus) to cause to put face to face, or confront, also to cause to face round (tr)

yuz la sh tur mah (r recip caus) to cause to face or confront one another

yuz la- sh mag (v recip) to face or confront one another yuz la mak (v tr) to put in face of, to confront (tr) also, to face round (a man or any object &c)

yuz la-mal (v tr) to bring up to the number of hundred

yūz la'n mak (r refl and pass) to face, to put one's self in face of, also, to face (one's self) round, to turn one's face towards, also, to be confronted, to be faced round yusun (subs) institution, regulation, custom [? from with mag for young.

yusun luq (adı) regular, customar).

אַרֶּשׁרְנְיּטְׁהַ yushur maq See yahsur mag אַרְנָנָן yushur un. See yahsurun

yoshah (subs) a kind of red earth used as a colouring

yogh (subs) a yoke, P

يوع gogi (cubs) the axle of a water whoel whose prolongation forms also the axle of the upper mill stone (revolving through a hole in the centre of the lower mill stone), Ku

يوعلي goghan (adj) thick, stout, fit, also, large big يوعلي goghan-la mag (r tr) to mike thick, to thicken بوعائلات goghan la 'n-mag (r rell and press) to become thick or stout. to le made thick. &c

yoghan lig (subs) thickness, stoutness

yughu chi (subs) a washer, specially a with the of the dead y yughur mag (v tr) to mix, to compound (any substance with a liquid)

Gy: yog (v impers) is not, there is not, not being non existent, non-existence, &c, also (inter) no! [never used with a verb, like our word 'not, to give it a negative sense, the securing exceptions being resolvable into compound tenses in which yog is used as the Participle of the virb of negative prefixed to in auxiliary verb e g, yog dur man, yog iden (compart gelghan dur man, gel ghan ulim) but nover yog our dim or yog bira man (not auxiliaries). Instead of these we always have the forms bir ma-dian, bir-man man (I gave not, 'I give

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not") Again yoq-qelmdq means "to make non-existent,"
"to destroy", "to annihiste"! (it is not the negative
of "to make," which would be gel mas, but a compound
verb) Here yoq is used as a verbal adjective (compute
chung qelmdq "to make big") Yoq bolmdq == "to
become non-existent", "to be destroyed or annihilated,
("not to become ..." would be bol rnas)] Mise Exsist in yoq qa ketti "my work came (went) to nothing, "
man yoq unqi da "at a time when I was not prevent",
(itt "I not-being time in"), man da yoq "I have not
"(itt 'there is not to me') Finally wherever ldr
is used, yoq can be substituted for it, if it be desired to
make the statement negative

يوتا yuqa See yuqqa, Kaz yoqars (adv and post pos) up, nhore, al-o, above, orer [See Grammar]

يوقارطشي yogarı.lası (adj and adv) eloping upwards, upwards by a elope a slope بودتنائي a gog-at mag (v tr) to make non-existent, to annihilate, to

destroy, also, to lose, [for you etmak] ويوقالماق you al may (v untr and passive) to become non existent,

to be destroyed or annululated, to disappear, also, to be lost [for 30q bolmáq]

ter mag (s caus) to cause to be inflected, to inflect, (tr.), [with the particular illness as a nominative or subject, and din (from) and god (to) of the persons]

يوقسو yoq-so (interj) a respectful form of yoq yuq-suz (adj) of no account mean miserly yú uq suz (adj) unwashed, dirty [from yú máq]

yoq la maq (r tr) to remember

yuq maq (v mtr) to stam, to leave a mark, to touch, to affect, to produce an effect, to profit, to infect, to attack (as does an illness) [governs gha]

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yuk (subs ) brggage, a lord, goods بوک yugan (subs ) a bridle
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yuk la mak (v tr) to load, to lade (with accusative of the object and gha of the carrier).

yuk luk (vl adj) laden

yugur maq (v intr) to run

yulun dur mal (caus) to cause to sit in a kneeling position

yukun mal (v mtr) to set in a kneeling position [the universal ceremonious mode of sitting in Central Asia, first kneeling down and then sitting bick on one's heels, the mode of sitting with the legs crossed in finite of one (tailor fashion) which is called char stans ('four knees'), is considered either familiar or dispressential?

yal (subs) a road, a route, a way, also the E Turkistani name for the Chinese unit of road measurement, a "li" [defined to be the distance at which the horns on a cow's bend or the distinction between a man and a woman's face become indistinguishable []

yola maq (v netr) to approach, to go near, [see y in maq and your is maa]

yula mak (v tr) to prop, to support to shore up

yula 'n mak (v reft) to support one s self, to lean

yullars (subs) a tiger جولدارس

yol dash (subs) r companion on the road, a travelling companion

yul dur maq (v caus) to cruso to pull up by the roots guyuruq yulduz (robus), יי למנעל yulduz (robus), יי למנעל "a comet (lut 'a trul star)

yulghun (subs) tamarıslı ولعول

yol la maq (v tr) to set (a man) on lis way, to start

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yul-mag (r. tr) to uproot, to pull out by the roots. . yalun (subs) the spinal chord يولون yol-uy-raiq (r. intr.) to meet by the way, to encounter,

fgorerns ghal. va.miq (v. tr.) to wash يوساق

. vumdq-eibit (subs.) the fruit of the Corian frum Siticum, بوماني سبت

' Dianis' Hind . yurnala.'t-maq (r. caus) to cause to roll about, to roll .

about (tr.).

gumala.mag (v. intr.) to roll about.

yumala-'q (vl. ad)) round, spherical. .gumalag.la.mig (v. tr.) to make round

Ali, yumurilah (subs) an egg, Kaz

g'analda (rdi) soft.

yumghaq (subs) a bill of thread, de.

שישים עשתיים עשתים עשתים עשתים עשתיים עשתיים עשתים עשתיים עשתיים עשתיים עשתיים עשתיים עשתיים עשתיים עשתיים

yum.ug (vl. adj) closed (of the eyes, mouth or hand) يوصوق yunur.maq (v. caus) to throw down, to overthrow (a wali

or building) " guriur-uq (rl. adj) ruinous, in a ruinous condition.

yun (subs) wool, Kaz. KH. lood (edbe) wool יינצי

yungichqa (subs) lucerne (the grass), Kaz , KH.

yungul (ad)) light (not heavy).

gun maq (v. tr) to cut (in a shaving manner, as a pen), to whittle.

yū-un māq (v refl) to wa-h one's self. yunuchqah (subs) See yungsehqa.

yunuchkah (adı) tine, slender.

yunu-maq See yans-maq بودومان yauq See yauq

yauq la-maq See yauq-la-maq. gip (subs) thread See jib.

yp lik (subs) a fine thread attached by leather workers to the thicker thread with which their stitches are made, which fine thread is pushed through by means of a needle drawing the stouter thread with it

yıpak (subs) sılk

بيتدک بيددک (ad) sharp, acute

net mak (v intr) to arrive, to reach, to attain

ىتىش yet mish (num) seventy See يىتىيش

يىتى yotta (num) seven See يىتى

ينو (suba.) ground, land, the earth , also, place, locality.

yeraq (idj and adv) distant, fir

yer la mak (v tr) to put into the carth, to bury

yeah mak (v tr) to untie, to undo a knot.

yesh in mal (v reft) to untic one's self, to undressone's self yigh mag (v tr) to collect, to bring together, to accumulate

yıglı in (subs) an assemblage بيعين

yigh in maq (v refl) to collect themselves, to assemble, also, to collect one's self, to tuck in one's skirts (in sitting down)

ينكار yekan (subs) a water rush

yigit (sabs) a young man, also, a soldier (caralry)

مكرماك yigar mak See ينكرماك

مگرمه ysgarmah See دیگرمه

ىلى يېزى See بىر

يول (subs) wind, Kaz

yel pu gu ch (subs) a fan

yel pr mal (v tr) to fan

plate yel dam (adv) quickly, fast

yildiz (subs) n root filament بندر yelin (subs) glue

yelim la mak (v tr) to glue

יין yem (subs) corn, cattle feed

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يباك يبداك إ

APPENDIX

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VOCABULARY.

TURKI NAMES OF BIRDS.

By J. Scully, Esq.

Late Medical Officer, Kashghar Agency.

Achehah qoyruq es The Common Kite of Castorn Turkistan, Milrus melanotis.

ا في أوقار مرقار Aq huqár. The White Heron, Herolias alba أو المرقار المعلق من المعلق من المعلق الم

specially to the Mallard, Anae boschas ارقار Augar The Grey Heron, Ardea cinerea See باهة. المان ماهات The want given to two species of Show cocks or

Snow-pheasants, e.z., Tetraogallus himologensis and Tetraogallus thetanus

Un qirloghich The Common Swallow, Hirundo ruttica.

Ayich siz The name given to a Night jar or Goatsucker,

Corringles grenicalor

The female of the Shungar, Falco Healerson ايقالكو Antalgu The female of the shungar, Falco Healerson الساك Antalk Name of a bird about the size of a Thrush العام الموادية ا

Sterna Juriatilis and Sternula rinuts

Boz aurilak The Smen, Mergellas albeilus ورط أورداك Boz aurilak The Whentear, Sazicola isabellina لوط جدائيت Boz chikit The Whentear, Sazicola isabellina لوط جدائيت Boz a The Pale Harner, Oireus Scannonii Boz sandak The Water Pipt, Anthus aquaticus The Desert Simile Lennas arenarinii Dea Jachin. The name of a Falcon, Fulco Techerniatesi.

The Large Sand Grouve, Plerceles arenarius للمنائي Bulbul The Barred Warbler, Nisoria undata [1949] كانتان كانتان Palkhtaq of عام الاحتال Pakhtaq of عام الحتال Pakh

الروشك Popelink torgin. The Crested Lark, Galerila mag is أرعاى Par loats The Mountain Pinch Montifringilla lama toppyia

ا بور تومشوق Pur tum-huk qargha The Rook, Corcus frugslegus

Turtur Stolie La

Tagh tumuchuq Swinhoe's Fineb Carpodacus mongolicus تاع ترموجون Tagh qáighási. The Alpine Chough Pyrrhocorax alpinus تَاغُ قَارِلوعا Tagh qitloghich. The Ctag Mutin, Ptionoprogns rupestris

Tagh quehqteh: The name given to several species of passerine birds found only in the mountains

Thok hupupi The Bohemin Waxwing, Ampelis garrula تاع طربوبي Traichi. The Willow Sparrow, Passer solicicolus درجي The Jackdaw, Coleus monedula ترحوماك فارعة

توم الرحي Tokha A Fowl See ترحي تور Toz The Per fowl, Paro crustatus

Torgha A Lark توعاي

Torulgha The Turtle Dove, Turtur auritus

Turumtaı The Merim, Lethefisico æsalon In India this name is applied to a different species, 112, Hypotiorchis chiequera, the Red headed Merim

Tokhmak sa The Long legged Buzzard, Buteo feror الرحمات المسابق Toghraq quehqáchi A Rose Finch, Propasser — قرجقاجي

Tumochuq The name given to a species of Finch,

Lrythrospizo obsoleta

رحاست Jaghalbar The Hobby, Hypotriorchis subbuteo حملت المعاملة ا

Jingsa The Indian Bush chat, Pratincola indica حنگسا چرک Jigda chuk The Black throated Thrush, Planesticus atroqularis

Cha sughsu aurdik The Pintail Duck Dafila acuta والمدالي Chaghelu The Indian Blue Throat, Cyanecula success واعجي د Chaghelu The name of a Bunting, Emberica sche-

Chaghundik The Biotrian Owlet, Athene bactriana Chaman The Lapwing Fanellus crietatus من Chaman The Lapwing Kanellus Chilán torghai A small Lark, Alandula pispoletta

Ayagh az The rame given to a Night jar or Goatsucker,

Copromptons arenicolor

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Attalga Tin femalo of the 'Shunq'r, Felco Henderson المثالي المالية ا

Bai quil. The Snows Oul, Ayetes mees שלים פֿתּים. The Pergrip I sleon, Toleo peregrinus בלים בלים. The Pergrip I sleon, Toleo peregrinus בלים והוא The tooks a small Wrin, Troglod Ace palls lus בעלים Birgut or בעלים. Birgut Tho Colden Eagle, Apula

جوبوشک و Pop bak torgha: The Crested Lark, Galerita magna المراقب المالية Pur basi. The Mountain Finch, Montyringilla Lama topygia

إبور تومشوق Pur tumshuk qargba The Rook, Corius frugilegus قارعه كا تعلق التعلق التعل

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Su torghai The Horned Lark, Otocoris penicillata Seo
           هراقال ر در عامي
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Sái yámghurchi The Kentish Ring Plover, Ægialophilus cantianus عثار جي الإمارة اوفاره Seo الإمارة الإمارة الإمارة الإمارة الإمارة الإمارة الإمارة الإمارة الإمارة ال

معرعان Akka The Andyani name for the Magnic See معرعان

, Ghaz The Grey Lag Goose, Anser cinereus.

Ghip The Lammergeyer, Gypactus barbatus

Ghorki The Brown headed Gull, Xema brunnescephala Qarchigha The Goshawk, Astur palumbarius

Ourgha A Crow

Ourloghach A Swallow

Qasl qaldaq The Common Coot Fulsca atra Qaqshal mchak The Stilt Himantopus interme lius Qapaq torghat The Crested Lark, Galerida magna Seo

يويشك بورعاي

و العاش Qara bish quehqach A Dunting, Emberiza pjrrhuloides

Qara chikit A Wheatear, Saxicola Hendersoni قرا جنكيت

Qara sa A Buzzard Buteo gaponicus قرا سا

Qara soqan The Black Stork Ciconia nigra

Qara gház The Common Cormorant Graculus carbo Qara Lash torghar The Horned Luck, Otocoris peni قرا قاشدرعاي cillata

ورا قارعة Qara gargha The Black Crow, Corvus culminatus Qari kuchkach The Common Starling, Sturnus vulgaris Qarı qush The local name in Eastern Turkistan for the دورگوت Golden Eagle, Aquila el rysactus See

Qirghaul. The Yarkand Pheasant Phasianus Shawi Qurghas The Sparrow Hawk, Accepter nesus

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Chulloq A name applied to several species of Plover برالرق Chumi, haq The Lallie Gribe, Policeps minor

Climbelia A species of Reed Warliber, Aerocephalus ma-

Chilit A Whealerr, Bazicola

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چپکيت Chikit qanit aurdak The White eyed Duck, Aythya عنان ارداك الله مهرورون مارداك

درون Kharuna The Waler Hen, Gallinula chloropus See

Zagleha Tho Andijani name for the Jackdaw So راعية ترحوناك قارعة

Zarghaldıq The Andıjanı name for the Golden Oriole See الديا

Zagháráq The Green Sandpiper, Actitis ochrophus رفاراق كي Zungag Podoces humilis

Si. The name given le Buzzards, Harriers and Kites

Salwar The Cuerrous Vulture, Fullur monachus سالوار Sarigh sunduk The Yellow beaded Wagtail, Budytes صريع سودادوك

Sangh quehqueh The Red headed Bunting, Euspiza

Saghizghan The White rumped Magpie, Pica bactriana.

Sokocháq A Wood pecker, Pieus leucopterus مقورتان Sun aurdik The Mallard Anas boschas

Sopia The Indian Oriole Oriolus kundoo

Suram A Wren Warbler, Rhopophilus pekinensis

Sooan. A Stork Cronia

Soqan, A Stork Ciconia

سرودياك Sunduk The Common Wagtall, Matacella alba
The Marsh Pipit Corydalla Richards عيرام
Sháyaraq chulloq The Indian Ringed Plover, Ægialites

fluviatilis
Shunqar The Shunkur Falcon, Falco Hendersons

amurt The Pear, Pyrus communs

Jul andr The Pomegranto, Punica granatum

anar gulı Pomegranate blossom

ánjır The Fig, Ficus carica المتعلق في في في في في المتعلق الدنتمال إرومي

andyin gul ندیجان کل شمار کل

aujma The Mulberry, Morus alba

aujun أوحين

aurak ? The Plum ارزوك

הומשוט farahdan A Boragewort, Asperugo procuitbens

auzuk أوروك

auzun turup. Knol Kohl, Brassica oleracea caulo rapa ادرون توروپ ه اسما

aula The Apricot See Aula

Ladia The Apricot, Prunus armeniaca

awul munaq A species of Spurge Eighorbia lithjris

מעטון auidin A species of Madder, Rubia sp

aut auzum العاريزم aut khmak paliki See ait qoghun

ist noglum A variety of Sweet Melon Oscumis melo التقوعري شاملك المحلة airhak anima

ش مارست شامعه مرش فرس فرش فرست المعاموش فرست المعامدة ال

áishak qomush Orache, Atripler sp

aight Sweet Flag doo us cale ius

ير المكفيات ainik fishte Cistor oil seed. Beceius co i unis ayigh qoimachi

ب

bajın chámghur ماحدور

الحندقوعون byn qoghun Chinese Victor

byn qoghun Chinese Victor

bajin guli A Larkspur Delpi iniu ، ، ، ، cimu n

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arimad in Name of a tree, undetermined ارامدان Arpa Harley, Hordeurs distichum

trpn Lidyan Anssum satiram اُرَبِه ناديان مربه خال مربه خال

artish The Pencil Codar, Juniperus excelua ارتيش فا deman Wormwood, Artemina rulgaru

arman Wormanood, Artempton (رعن) arghan A species of Rose, Rosa

أغاجة بوغوج A Cucarbitaceous Plant Sunflower, Helianthus anaus

utun gult Opum Poppy, Papacer somhiferum افيون كلي Opum Poppy, Papacer somhiferum A species of Wormwood, Arlemisia

المة أم alma. White Apple, Pyrus malus أن المدم إلى أم alma. White Grape, Filis cinifera

aq badyan Corrander, Corrandrum saticum وأي ماديان aq badyan Coclery, Aprum graceoleus

in q bish aut Ciery, Apiem graceoicus أَنْ حَسَ الرَّتُعُ aq piez A variety of Omou, Allium cepa أَنْ يَعَارُ الْمَا يُمَا أَمْ اللهُ الَّهِ تَعَالَى اللهُ اللهُ

sq tikan A Shrub, Lycium rutlenicus الى تيكان

aq chichik aut A species of Cress, Lepidium latifolium أَقَ جَلْبِكُ أُوتُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ الْوَتُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلْكُولُولُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلْكُولُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَ

aq lalı اق لاله aq lalı White Pulse, Dolichor lablab

u no nome rimice ause, Doucenos labiab o بوييا ala laih qazaq White Gpium Poppy Paparer soriniferum وأق ليلي قراق A variety of Sweet Melon, Cucumis inclo

الاكوكي fila loka الاكوكي fila loka الاكوكي التيارية

altun gul "Golden Flower التومكل algat

almurt The Pear See Amurt العوزت almurt The Apile Pyrus malus or Pyrus indica

alo balu ألومالو .alucha الوجة يية Girya) The Sea Figle, Haliaetus leucory

Lachin The Barbury Falcon Falco barbarus

Lighty The White Stork, Ciconia alba See Ukiya

وغران ما المعلم Mizan si The Kite, Mileus melanotis

אבילט שו Muzan sa The Kate, Milieus melanotis
Maina The Black bird, Morula sulgaris

الله Watnalaq The local Lankandi name for the common Qual See عيدنه

TURKI NAMES OF PLANTS
BY J SCULLY, ESQ

غدماك أجي جماك أدبي جماك uchigh anar uchigh anar أحبي كركي كركي

المجيمي كوكي hbbeli koki. Pape or Cole seed Brassica napus المراسعان hdurasman Pejans i harmals See gul saman

Qızıl bash aurdak The Red crested Pochard, Branta Qual tumshing queghs. The Red billed Chough, Fregulus

و قاعد] graculus ودل كوركاك Qual katkanak. The Redstart, Russeilla erythrogastra الله والله Oilate sa. The female Hen Harrier, Circus cyaneus Qul yurgha. The Swiftfoot, Podoces Hendersons تل ير عد Qum tokhisi. The Lattle Bustard, Otis tetrax

Qum sighizghani. A name sometimes given to Podoces Hendersom See &c.

Qanak aurdák The Shoveller, Spatula elypeata Qanaichi The Reed Warbler, Aerocephalus arundunceus Queligách Any small passerine bird, equivalent to Chiria in Hindustani

Queh Any large sized bird Oodat. The Swan, Cygnus olor. Oodan The Water Hen, Gallinula chloropus قردي Ouzghun. The Tibetan Raven, Coreus tibetanus Kırıch qarloghách. A Swift, Cypselus pelinensie كوي قارلوعاي

Karal aurdak The Blue-winged Teal, Querquedula circia كرك أورداك Kaklik The Chukor Partridge, Caccabis chukor كالميك Kallok. The Common Cuckoo, Cuculus canorus Kalkhat The Andijani name for the Kite. Kurginil The Kestrel, Tinnunculus alaudarius

Koktalghu. A Tree Warbler, Phyllopneuste rama Kok sa The male Hen Harner, Circus cyaneus Kok sunduk. A Wagtail, Motacilla personata لوك عاري Kok qargha. The European Roller, Coracias garrula

Kogan. The Indian Stock pigeon. Palumbana Ecers Kul buqahar. The Bettern, Bolaurus elellarie

Koshkal. The Stock preeon, Columba anas

Giya (? گرنه Girya) The Sea Eagle, Haliaetus leucory-

Lachin The Barbary Falcon Falco Larbarus المسائل Laglug The White Stork, Osconsa alba See الاسرائل Mahramch The Common Snipe, Gallungo ecolopaanus محمد المالق Mashak yapalaq The Long cared Owl, Olius rulgaris

المسكنام Mashak yapaliq The Long cared Dws, Diese visigaries مسكنام المسكنام المسكنام المسكنام المسكنام المسكناء المسكن

Quail See Assa

TURKI NAMES OF PLANTS BY J. SCELLY, ESQ

nchi el ijghik چې چندالۍ nchi aliah شاعه اجدع ادار

ا بالمجي كركي المجارة Albehl hold | 1 spe or Cele see 1, Brassica napus المجارة المجا

budushqiq Burweed, Xanthum strumarum

burtsi. A Chenopod, Esrotis ceratoides ניקניים שני bori huzum Bladder Senna, Colutes arborescens ניקנילותנק

hori porchiqu دو دورجائي

bori samsapı A Broomrape Orolanche sp فرنساني bori yapurmaqı

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bughaz Corn موعر

المان المورد المان المورد المان المورد المو

beshak shirin Avariet vol Sweet Meloi بيشک شور bibi The Quince, Pyrus sydoma

paga puti qomush A species of Reed ترصوش ترصوش بالامران paga saparmaq The Greater Plantain, Flantago major palak ? Thinaconthus communis والك

pupuk suporgi A Reed, Irundo پوپوک سپورگي porchaq Common Pea Perum saterum

piaz Omon, Allium cepa بنار mazak بنارک

pızak A Grass, Calamagrostıs laza

ت

اللبع اللبع

taj khoraz Sea Taji gul.

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tajı gul The Cockscomb, Celosia cristata
   tarbuz The Water Melon, Ostrullus vulgaris
 نار دورك tarbuzak A Cueurbitaceous plant, Momordica Charantia
  targhach ثار عاس
```

, 15 tal

turup The Radish, Raphanus eatieus

taligh Millet, Panicum miliaceum tamáku. Tobacco, Nicotiana tabacum tutushqaq Burdoek, Lappa major توتوشقاق

tukbumák A Leguminous plant, Sophora japonica

tozghaq تورغاق togbich fealing

toghraghu توعراعو toghriq A Poplar, Populus balsarssfera توعراق

toghraq tili توعراق تيلمي toklik dut توكلنك ارت

tuga tápánı ئوگەتاپاسى

tairah The White Poplar, Populus alba turti sugat The Weeping Willow, Salix balylonica تورثي سوكت white Melilot, Melilotus alla

Linka jámága. A Pondweed, Potamogeton natana

Jungdu A small Bean janasta Tle Plum Prunus domestica

Juwani A species of Dill, Anethum Sowa jokhár gul حوحاركل

jori gand. A variety of Sweet Melon حوزي قدن I ghda A variety of Sweet Melon

which I gda. A species of Oleaster Lleagues angustifolia

châlang See Chilang Marie changhur The Turny, Brassica rapa badam The Almond, Amundalus communis

218

Mil bagla A Bean, Tuba sp badingan The Egg Plant, Solanum melongena

bughdif Common Wheat, Triticum vulgare

bulhwar A Cruciferous clant

budushqiq Durweed, Xanthium strumarium burts: A Chenopod, Eurotia ceratoides دورتسي

bors Auzum Bladder Senns, Coluter arborescens bort porchagi موريپورچاقي

bort same for A Broomrape, Orohanche en bors yapurmaqı مورنیایورماتی

bughaz Corn

buya A Legummous plant, Sophora alopecuroides haida Purple Medick or Lucerne Medicago sitiea

baisai The Turmp, Brasnea rapa ديسي المناه bihi The Quince, Pyrus cydonia

پ پاقه پرتي pága put: qomush A species of Reed

piqa yapurmaq The Greater Plantain, Plantago major

palak ? Rhinacanthus communis patingan The Egg Apple plant, Solenum melon reng

pupuk suporgi A Reed, Arundo porchia Common Pea Pisum satioum

piaz Onion, Allium ceps

ptazak بیارک

pızak A Grass, Calamagrostıs laxa

د"،

ناتلنع انار tatligh anar انتلنع انار tatligh shaftul ? The Nectarine, Amyg lalus persica

táj khoraz See Paji gul

tajı gul The Cockscomb, Celosia cristata tarbuz The Water Melon, Citrullus vulgaris tárbuzak A Cucurlutaceous plant, Momordica Charantia tirghách تار عاج

, No tal

turup The Radish Raphanus saturus

tarigh Millet, Panicum miliaceum tamáhu Tobacco, Nicotiana tabacum tutushqaq Bardock, Lappa major.

tukhumák A Leguminous plant, Sophora japonica توجو ماك ودطعوه تورعاق

toghách توعليه

toghraghu توعراهو toghruq A Poplar, Populus balsanıfira توعراتي

toghraq tila توعراق تيلي

toblik dut توكلنك ارت

tuga tápánı توگدتایایی

tairak The White Poplar, Populus alba نيواك The Weeping Willow, Silis bal ylonica تنرقي سوگت عنان talba baula White Mehlot, Mehlota alba

Links 14maq. A Pondweed, Potamogeton naturs

lingda A small Bean Janusta The Plum Prunus domestica

Junani A species of Dill, Inethum Sound

joki ir gul حوحاركل

jors quad A variety of Sweet Melon tital Jighda A variety of Sweet Velon

ulia jig la. A species of Oleaster, Eleagnus angustifolia

دلامالي chilang See Cl dang Jacks chamabur The Turny, Brateica rapa پامعور chamghur chuchukı چوچوري click kola جای کوکی chaqur anıma حقير أوحمه chilang Cabluge, Brassien oleracen chujun aut A species of Millet Panicu i crus gilli چرهی ارت

chujun tarigh A Fodler grass, Panicum glaucum chuchuk bura. A species of liquorice, Glycyrrhiza glandulifera

دادورده درچوک دراه دادورده داده در موتدی

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chigh A Gras, Arundinella nepalensis clighirtmaq A species of Iris Iris soongarica chilán The Jujube, Ze yphus eulgares

ال مناكه , داك عبداله عبداله chilki. A variety of Sweet Melon chinir The Oriental Plane Tree, Plitinus orientilis chini gal China Aster چيني گل

المار كلي الم Lhan guli French Mangold Tigetes patula A species of garden Balsam.

(حطای سپورkhatai supurgisi. An Amaranth, Amaranthus blitu n

khatai supurgisi. ما منسي المسيد الم A Composite plant

يكل حوجه سكل khokha tikan. A kind of Thiatle Crieus arrensis المجمد كل عبد كال المجمد كل المجمد كل المجمد كل المجمد كل المجمد المجمد

دركان hongán. Cucumber, Cucumis satirus

lilo dawa Tamarisk Tomorix sp daudar French Bean, Phascolus vulgaris dodo A species of lam, Dioscorea deltoida

Vild Nevew, Brassica competitis

So, zardak

The Carrot, Daucus corota

Listy zarungza

The Sufflower Plant, Carthamus tuactorius

Lac, za'far gul

Saftron plant, Crocus anticus

Listy zighir

Flax, Linum usitatiesimum

Listy zikh

. .

sarigh zardak سو نع واردك

officinalis

sarigh hafaráng Tropeolum سريع عمرانگ هسريع دراکانج sarigh yargámach A species of Dodder, Cuscuta sp

Samus q P Garle, Allium saticum معرفيسيان يوار samus q puix A variety of Onion, Allium cepa عندان يوار authic hit A species of Sow thistle, Mulgedium tataricum معرفين المناس sosun gul. A species of Irst

موسيع عشق sosum ashq piebak.

sol A Grass, Polypogon sionspelsensis سوك sugat A Willow, Salix d mhinoides سوگت

autung aut سولوق إوب Bong piáz سونگ بنار

suhdina Fennel Flower, Nigella sativa

sımaz nut سيمز ارت

shatut A species of Mulberry, Morus lærigata شاتوت

shil The Rice | lint, Ory-a satua shaldir bura شالدير برية

shildle laghuch A Leguminous plant, Spharophysa sp shaftul The Perch, Prunus persica شعتول

-, ela shrighut shumsha The Perngreek, Trigonella fanum græcum

shokhla A species of Night shale, Solanum nigruis shum buya A species of Broomrape, Phelipera indica شوم بونة

asuq pichák A Bindweed Pharbitis nil عشق بلياك amala' عدناله

غ

ame ghasha

fakhta aurughi Cotton seeds, Goes pum l'erbaceum اروعي

falak Tribulus terrestris عالاك finz Onion, Alleurs cepa

farang guli مرنگ گلی

٠,

gápag The Gourd Cucurbita pepo "Gourd Poplar " Gourd Poplar "

gargha tamghaqı. A Composite plant, Phonopus orientalis.

م dargha tungháqi A Figwort, Dodartia oi ientalis مارعه تأمماني و dargha tamghaqi aut A Leguminous plant Oxytropis داوعة المعاني وophora

airgla pigdahs A species of Eleagnus و تاجمديلاندسي of ghaz ut Milk Thistle, Sonchus oleraceus تاسجي گل The Love lies bleeding Amaranth, Amaran

thus candatus gameli gal Garden Persicary, Poljgonium oi ient ile

qimghaq A Saltwort, Salsola collina

garram elect

qura firman مرا ارس

qard aujma A species of Mulberry, Morus atro purpuica

qara auruk Apricot, Prunus armeniaca

ard sona A species of Sow thistle, Sonchus وأسوط ard shokinia A Night shade, Solanum nigrum

ا موحد المحدد به المعالم المع

qazıl azglıan Red Rose قريل ابطان

pa loky lisip مرسل پاچاق

ورىل پيار qızıl pıáz Red onion qızıl turup Red Radish, Raphanus satıcus قرمل أورب

ورال حاستة panal panasta عالية panal pgds An Olerster Eleagnus parveflora عالية مورال حالية مورال حالية مورال حول حول

qızıl zard.ık قريل ررداك

qızli gul The Rose Rosa macroph jila

qızıl lálı قربل لاله gıztı ladı قربل لدام قدار

קרוט אלאב הלוט p qızlı ladı qazáq Red Opum Poppy Popares to internos קיל איפל pril moren Spur Repper Copsicu a frutescens איפל prili yulgbun Tamarısk, Tumarız gallıca

qaliqia P Ariaranthus والدامي ووعول qoghun Sweet Melon

qo kokı A speins of Sornl Rumex klotsel ianus

w sok A Grass, Polypagon monspelsensis sugat A Willow, Salix daphinoides سرگت suluq aut سولوق اوت

song piaz سرنگ بدار الله عالم sinhd ina. Tennel Flower, Nigella saliva

sımaz áut سيمز أوت

shatut A species of Mulberry, Morus largita All The Rice plant, Oryra satica

sháldir baya شائدتر برنة

shaldir lighuch A Leguminous plant, Spharophysa sp

shaftul The Peach, Prunus persica شعارل

shalghut شاعوت

shumshi The Perngreek Tregonella fanum-gracum shoklif A species of Night shale Solonum nigrum

shum buya A species of Broomrape, Phelipaa indica شوم نونة

asuq pichal A Bindweed, Pharbitis ail عشق بليماك amalu, عيدالو

غ

ane ghasha

fakhta áurughi Cotton seeds, Gozsypium herbaceum falik Tribulus terrestris فالك

fiaz Onion Allium cepa

farang guli فرنگ گلمی

ق

gapaq The Gourd, Cucurbita pepo ' Gourd Poplar فاياق تيراك وápaq tarrak

gárgha tamgháqi A Composite plant, Phænopus orientalis.

qargha tamghaqı A Figwort, Dodartia orientalis qirgha tunghaqi aut A Leguminous phut, Oxytropis عنات المتاهاء عنائلة المتاهاء عنائلة المتاهاء المتاه

qirgha jigdahsı 🛦 species of Eleagaus مرعة حيالناسي qaobaz dut Milk Thistle, Sonchus oleraceus qámchı gul The Love hes bleeding Amiranth, Amaran

thus candalus qımchı gul Garden Persicury, Polygonum orientale

quaghiq A Saltwort, Sileola collina garum قادوم

gara arman فرا ارس

gar i hujma A species of Mulberry, Morus atro purpurea

gara aurul Apricot, Prunus arriensaca

uara sona A species of Sow thistle, Sonchus قرا سونه

qara shokhala A Night shade, Solanum nigrum gara gul A species of Marsh Mallow, Altha i rosen

qurd yughich A speeks of Ash, Frazinus Moorerofti in e quell deghan Red Rose قريل ارعان

qual pichaq قربل باجاق

ment piáz Red omon قريل ييار

qızıl turup Red Radıslı, Rophanus satıcus

rizit innasta قربل حدسته

qual jigls An Olmeter, Eleagnus parcuflara قربل حالمادة qızıl khına A varıcty of garden Balsam كرول حديد

qızıl zardak قربل ر داك

qızıl gul The Rose Rosa macrophyll ،

aizil lalá قرمل لاله

qızıl latı qaziq Rel Oj mın Popi v Pipacer so iniferum

quell morch Spur Paper Capsion in frutescens qızil rul bun Tarırısk Tomarız gallıca

sulling and a ceptlep dila

ghon Swe t Welon

go koke. A spect a of Sorrel, Rumer Alotschianus

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Il Il Shaw-A Vocalulary of the Language [Fatra No for
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4 Gomush A Roed. Arun lo madagasearsensis quinini The Melon, Cucumis melo qonaq Maize or Indian corn, Zea maye Cucumber, Cucumis entirus quikoki The Dock, Rumez aquatious qıy hq dut A species of grass, Oil in ryrostin Nep ilensis qichi Indian Mustard, Sinapis juncen

grushlik turup A Cruciferous plant

I al Labloh The Parsmon, Diespyros Like kıbrava An Umbelliferous ı lant

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karam کرم kurmak کرمک

kakra گکرة

and Lahra A Spurge, Funhorbia ap Lampa A species of Wormwood, Artemism sp

koda. Onion, Allium cepa

koda amurt ? A variety of Pear

kozgi bughdái كوركى معداي kok shokhili A spect of Night shade, Solanum nigrum

کوک عشقهٔ لامل کو یعیباک کارک عشقهٔ کارک عشقهٔ کارک عشقهٔ

kok lobia A variety of Bean koknár The Field Poppy, Paparer rhæas

ا دوكيا I okia An Onagrad, Enothera molliesima kunjud A Cruciferous plant

Lawa كوة kaibaz The Cotton plant Gostypeum herbaceum * kaıbaz anısı A plant of the Mallow family, Abutilon كيدراناسي

Gricenna. kaik tili A Spurge Euphorbia sp 1878 7

ليكية kaikia Acroptilon pieris Laindir The Hemp Plant, Cannabis satira ليرن Laivia Fennel, Fæniculum tulgare

gul asman A Ruewort, Peganum harmala gul Lhinahsi Garden Balsam, Impatiens balsamina gul susan See Susun gul گل سوسر , gul 'anhar A species of Centaures gul nafadán A Lukspur, Delphinium sp gul nafsha. "A species of Mallow gurung Rice, Oryza satua gailás گيلاًسَ

lobia A Pul e, Dolichos lablab أوديا

, es al I lola koki lailı qaziq The Poppy, Papater

, at mash The Bean, Phaseolus mungo málghun مالعون

mujgán khina A species of Balsam mukhmal gul

managa مناعي.

mandar An Asclepad, Cynanchum ap mudán gul, مودان گل

munda صولاة

narmjı 'ashq pichaq) د باراتندی عشق

nashwat The Pear, Pyrus communis bakhud.

nargas A Narcissus. درگسر

hawá rang gul A species of Mallow, Malea parcifiera halt rang Great Indian Cress, See Halarang The Great Indian Cress or Nasturtium, Tropeo

ביות mangus ביות mangus ביות mangus ביות mangus ביות mangus ביות mangus ביות bamshibar Common Mallow, Malca eylecetris ביות shindostan gul. Gomphrena glotosa ביות bawal mondk בעל העור hawal monda בעל העור monda

کل پارمه تعبي کل پرتمه معمد (پارمه تعبي کل پرامه تعبي کل پرامه تعبي کل پرائي مدایی برائي مدایی پرائي ددایی پرائيل عشق پرائيل مش پرائيل مش پرائيل مش پرائيل مش پرائيل مش پرائيل مش پرائيل مانيل پرائيل مانيل پرائيل مانيل پرائيل پرائيل مانيل پرائيل پرائيل مانيل پرائيل پر

يالبور يالبوري المسابق ال

yangghiq The Walnut, الراميدي yang baida Wild Lucerne

ياوا كل عدر yan's gul 'anbor Wild Cestaures. yaghach A Tree, Aslanthus excelsa وعاجي yal qomushı Goosefoot, Chenopodium album yalanı Reed mace, Typha angusifolia

yal-u Reed mace, Typha angustyblia و کئی yurgamach Dindweed Convolculus arcensis yughan Tamari-k, Tumari yalkea براهری yunghaq sabut Cortandur